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VOL. XXIV NO. 95 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1936 TWELVE PAGES

Italy Marches On While Geneva Talks!

QUESTION DISALLOWED

Information Denied About New Move For Indo-Japanese Treaty

NEW DELHI, April 19.

The short-notice of the following questions of Mr. S. Satyamurthi has not been accepted:—

Will Government be pleased to state:—

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Japanese Consul-General had an interview with the officials of the Commerce Department of the Government of India;

(b) Whether he expressed the Japanese Government's desire to go ahead with the negotiations so that there may be a new treaty in place of the existing one in operation, when the Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement of 1935 expires in March next.

(c) Whether they are considering the matter;

(d) When the negotiations are expected to begin;

(e) Whether they propose to consult this House before finally completing the negotiations;

(f) Whether they propose to consult commercial opinion, especially Indian Commercial opinion, in the country at all stages of the negotiations, and

(g) If not, why not?—United Press.

IMPLEMENT LUCKNOW RESOLUTION

Allahabad Circular To Provincial Committees

ALLAHABAD, April 20.

To implement the Lucknow Congress Resolution, the General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee has sent circulars to all Provincial Congress Committees to reconstitute themselves according to the provision made by the amended Constitution at Lucknow, thereby increasing A. I. C. C. membership.

Other relevant changes are also to be effected.—United Press.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN TALKS POSTPONED

Will Be Resumed After Election Campaign On May 5

CAIRO, April 20.

The Anglo-Egyptian conversations have been postponed until 5th May, states a communique from the palace, in order to allow Egyptian delegates to participate in the election campaign. Good progress has been made in some directions.

The conversations will be resumed in the same friendly spirit.—Reuter.

NAZI HONOURS FOR FUHRER'S BIRTHDAY

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BERLIN, April 20

Herr Hitler's birthday was celebrated with unprecedented military parade, 35,000 troops of the new army marching past the Fuhrer. The whole of the six miles to Unterlinden was crowded with Military units including 400 tanks, White Shirts and sailors adding to the spectacle. Herr Hitler received wireless congratulations from the Hitler Youth and appeared on the balcony of the Chancellery amid cheers of the huge crowd.

Recipients of birthday honours include pianists, composers and scientists who have been given the title of "Professor".

Gen. Goering has been raised to the rank of "Colonel General" and Gen. Blomberg to the rank of Field Marshal while the navy commander has been given the new rank of Admiral General."

Addis Ababa Wears Deserted Appearance

EXODUS OF POPULACE

Eden's Oration About Need For Collective Support To League's Authority

(SPECIAL CABLE)

ADDIS ABABA, April 20.

All night and morning a stream of lorries and cars laden with the populace and household goods kept pouring out of Addis Ababa.

The town is almost deserted and the exodus is more complete owing to streams of volunteers going southward with the object of trying to check the invaders.

Intolerable suspense prevails and rumours are rife.

BRITISH LEGATION AS REFUGEE CAMP

ADDIS ABABA, April 20

The British Legation is becoming the last centre of activity in the Capital. Enormous crowds are clamouring for admission into the "protected zone." The Legation compound which is fenced with barbed wire and is capable of providing refuge for the 3,000 "Foreign Nationals" at present here is guarded by a company of Sikh Infantry under British officers and is equipped with an adequate supply of gas masks, water and food.

Two thousand of the foreigners are British of whom the bulk are British Indians.—Reuter.

ITALIAN OPPOSITION TO INQUIRY

Abyssinia Pleads Before League

GENEVA, April 20

Opposing the suggestion that the Committee of Thirteen should enquire into the alleged use of poison gas, Baron Aloisi, in his speech in the League Council contented that it was outside terms of reference and anyhow it was too big a question to be discussed light-heartedly. He claimed that Italy had the right to take reprisals for atrocities on Italian troops.

Mr. Wolde Mariam again begged the League to enforce Art XVI of the Covenant. He accused the Italians of procrastinating in order to gain time to delay the application of sanctions.—Reuter.

EDEN'S PLAIN SPEAKING

If Aggression Pays League Cannot Exist

(SPECIAL CABLE)

GENEVA April 20

The League Council met privately at 10/30 a.m. It is understood that Mr. Eden in a very vigorous speech declared "If agression pays, the League of Nations cannot exist". He concluded by saying "Aggression cannot pay".

The Polish Minister said that the Polish Government was prepared to collaborate in seeking a solution which would protect the covenant and the future interest of the League.

LEAGUE COUNCIL IN PRIVATE SESSION

GENEVA, April 20.

The League Council went into private session at 6-35 p.m. to consider its resolution after every member of the Council had spoken. It is understood that several members, notably South Americans, opposed blaming either side for the breakdown of conciliation.—Reuter's Special.

EDEN DENOUNCES POISON GAS WAR-FARE

GENEVA, April 20.

The public meeting of the League Council listened with rapt attention to the outspoken declaration by Mr. Anthony Eden who recalled that seven months ago the League had decided that Italy had made war in defiance of the Covenant. He said that at this solemn hour every Government must show its responsibility clearly and state what policy it intended to pursue. Britain was ready to impose further economic and financial sanctions.

It was impossible to pass in silence the use of poison gas which seemed to have been used against a people who were utterly unprovided with the means of defence against this form of warfare which was outlawed by the two belligerents and by eleven other nations and concerned the inhabitants of every great city in the world. "How can we have confidence that our own peoples will not be burned, blinded and killed agonisingly hereafter?"

GENERAL OUTLOOK

As regards the general outlook Mr. Eden said that every nation represented there might at some time need the protection of the Covenant and much of the effect of the Covenant depended on the final outcome of the present crisis. Britain was prepared to act in accordance with League policy to the same extent as other nations and no further.

If the League was now so shaken that its future utility was placed in doubt, we should have to consider the policy which it would be our duty to pursue.

Meanwhile, Mr. Eden concluded with an appeal to each member to contribute the utmost in collective support to the authority of the League.

ALOISI'S TERMS.

Baron Aloisi declared that it was impossible to agree to the cessation of hostilities unless the armistice gave Italy the occupation of all centres of mobilisation including the Capital and also of frontier points from where arms were delivered to Ethiopians. In other words, occupation of practically the whole of enemy territory.

M. Paul Boncour asserted that notwithstanding the temporary failure of conciliation, it must continue until the conclusion of the war both to reaffirm respect for International Law and respect for the "laws of war;" also because "we need peace in Ethiopia in order to face the menace hanging over Europe." He was glad that Italy recognised that fact and was glad that Britain remained faithful to the principle of collective security when dark clouds were all around the horizon.—Reuter.

(See Page 7)

FAMINE WORKS HAVOC

Starvation And Disease Take Heavy Toll Of Life In Bengal

CROP FAILURE SEQUEL

KANDI, April 20.

On account of failures of crops for three successive years, there is an acute scarcity in the major portion of the sub-division.

IN SEARCH OF WORK.

Hundreds of labourers are without employment as all agricultural works are at a standstill on account of severe draught. Many poor labourers have gone to the southern districts of Bengal in search of work.

STARVED TO DEATH.

Deaths from starvation are reported from several Union Boards in Khargram P. S.. In Bharatpur P. S. some persons are said to have committed suicide for being unable to bear the pinch of hunger.

CHOLERA AND SMALL-POX.

Cholera and small-pox are having a heavy toll in rural areas and there is scarcity of drinking water in almost every village.—United Press.

BIKANER QUITS PRINCES CHAMBER

NEW DELHI, April 20.

The Private Secretary to H.H. the Maharaja of Bikaner informs the Associated Press that the Maharaja has tendered resignation of his membership of the Princes' Standing Committee of the Chambers of Princes.—A. P.

HIDEOUS AND DISASTROUS

GENEVA, April 20.

Mr. Stanley Bruce speaking before the private session of the Council said that 52 nations had agreed to exercise all pressure in their power to end aggression. That pressure must be continued. If it was abandoned it would be a fatal blow to the whole principle of collective action and the rule of law in human affairs. He agreed with Mr. Eden that this would mean destruction of the new-born hope in human affairs and would create an atmosphere of despair. they must do nothing to destroy effort at collective action represented by the League. It was, therefore, imperative to re-examine the whole system of collective security in the light of the events of the past seven months and see how best to improve the situation. Mr. Bruce characterised the use of poison gases as hideous and disastrous form of warfare.—Reuter.

Entry Into Harar To Celebrate Birth Of Rome

ROME, April 20.

It is generally believed that the Italian High Command are keeping a fresh victory up its sleeve to announce on the Festival of the Birth of Rome to-morrow. The nature of the victory is unknown, but the entry of Italians into Harar seems most likely.—Reuter's Special.

CONGRESS GENERAL SECRETARY WEDS

ALLAHABAD, April 20.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, married Miss Sushela Mazumdar this evening. The ceremony was performed at Anand Bhavan.—A.P.

In Council Of State

"Elders" Denounce Italian Barbarism

NO LOANS AND CREDITS

League Policy Condemned As Bolting Stable Door After Horse Is Stolen

NEW DELHI, April 20.

Italian high-handedness in Abyssinia in carrying on the most barbarous methods of warfare by the use of mustard gas, bombing of Red Cross equipment, merciless bombing of undefended women and children of a Christian nation, came for scathing criticism in the Council of State, while discussing the motion of Mr. Raisman that the Bill to prohibit the making of certain loans and credits to Italy be taken into consideration.

PASSIVE SPECTATOR

Mr. Ghose Mullick elaborately dealt with international politics and how the League of Nations was a passive spectator of unprovoked aggression on the part of a stronger nation against a weaker one. Sir Jagdish Prasad pointed out that the Government of India was not in a position to influence international politics and what was the use of such wide discussion in which the Government could not participate?

Raja Ghaznafarali stressed that the Bill was undertaken under the behests of the League and it was within their right to criticise that body.

Sir David Devadoss also protested against the Italian war against a Christian nation.

PACIFIST SPEAKS.

Mr. P. N. Sapru, as a confirmed pacifist deeply sympathised with Abyssinia, but at the same time he would not be a party to any action on the part of the League, namely, application of military sanctions which would ignite a world conflagration. He condemned the Italian adventure but felt, under the circumstances, there was no other alternative left for the League except the policy so far adopted.

Messrs. Kalikkar and Hossain Imam disagreed with Mr. Sapru and thought the League should have adopted a firmer attitude from the beginning and could have even applied oil sanctions. The League, as at present constituted, was a sham and quite different from that conceived by President Wilson for ensuring world peace.

A MOCKERY.

Mr. Hossain Imam added, if Abyssinia had known she would not receive justice from the League, she would have probably secured better terms by negotiating directly with Italy than she could expect at the present moment. Financial and economic sanction was a mockery and appeared to be bolting the stable door after the horse had been stolen.

Raja Ghazanfar Ali declared that the policy of the League was non-violent non-co-operation (laughter). Whatever might be its efficacy in India, it had not the ghost of a chance of success in Europe. If anybody believed in that, they would be living in a world of dreams.

IMPOTENT ORGANISATION.

Italy defied international laws and was determined to apply the most obnoxious methods of warfare. Italy was able to execute her designs as she was convinced that the League was impotent and would not move a step further than what it had done so far.

Raja Ghazanfar Ali argued that the League instead of being an organisation to enforce, peace, proved a convenient shelter for countries like Italy, Germany and Japan to carry out their aggressive intentions. The position would be perhaps better if there was no League and the countries were left to defend themselves.

Lala Ramsaran Das, while supporting, further emphasised the opposition viewpoint.

EFFECT OF SANCTIONS.

Mr. Raisman replying to the debate refrained from entering into the rigmarole of international politics, but stressed that the effectiveness of collective action must be judged in relation to the whole scheme of economic sanctions applied by all countries of the League. It was too early to estimate the extent of the economic damage which had been inflicted on Italy. The Bill was passed.

After a short discussion, the Council of State also passed the Bill extending by two years of the Salt Additional Import Duty Act as passed by the Assembly.

The House adjourned till 6-30 p.m. to-morrow in order to enable any Bills passed by the Assembly being presented to the Council.—A. P.

SEDITION CHARGE

Madras Labour Leader Arrested For Speech Made In January

MADRAS, April 20.

On a warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Ahmed of the Intelligence Department of the City Police arrested Mr. A. S. Krishnaswami Iyengar, Labour leader, this evening under Section 124- A - I.P.C. in connection with a speech alleged to have been delivered on 16th January on the High Court Beach.

Mr. Krishnaswami was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate who remanded him in custody.—A. P.

OPERATIVES THROWN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT

Appeal To Viceroy And Governor

MADRAS, April 20.

Mr. Chakkarai Chetty, Vice-President of the Madras Labour Union, has sent the following telegram to the Private Secretary to the Viceroy and also to the Private Secretary to the Governor of Madras at Oottacamaund:—

"Buckingham and Carnatic Mill operatives in the mechanical department have been thrown out of employment. Great dissatisfaction is felt. We appeal for Your Excellency's intervention".

Enquiry showed that the services of 105 operatives were dispensed with as a result of proposed amalgamation of the two mills last week.—A. P.

INTERNMENT OF SUBHAS

Short Notice Question Not Permitted To Be Put In Assembly

NEW DELHI, April 20.

Short notice of the following questions of Mr. S. Satyamurthi has not been accepted.

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) Where Mr. Subash Chandra Bose is confined;

(b) What his present state of health is;

(c) Whether their attention has been drawn to a statement in the Press about his health, by a European doctor who treated him;

(d) Whether they have provided for him proper treatment;

(e) Whether they are aware of the answer to a question put in the House of Commons over the internment of Mr. Bose;

(f) Whether they propose to refer his case to any judge or judges for inquiry;

(g) Whether they have any idea of putting him on trial for specific charges;

(h) what are the charges on which he is now interned;

(i) how long they propose to keep him in internment;

(j) Whether they have considered the effect of the Adjournment Motion passed by this House, protesting against the action of the Government in threatening internment of Mr. Bose;

(k) What their conclusion were; and

(l) The reasons for turning down the recommendations of the Assembly?—United Press.

CIVIC HONOUR FOR JAWAHAR

Nagpur Municipal Committee's Decision

NAGPUR, April 20.

The Nagpur Municipal Committee this evening unanimously resolved to present a civic address to Pandit Jawaharlal when he arrives here.

Another resolution proposing an address to Mr. Walchand Hirachand who presides over the Provincial Merchants' Conference on 27th April was adopted by majority.—A. P.

MARRIAGE LAWS IN TRAVANCORE

TRIVANDRUM, April 20.

The Travancore Legislative Assembly this afternoon affirmed the principle of the Child Marriage Restraint Bill, a non-official measure introduced by Srimati T. Narayani Amma and passed its first reading by 36 votes to 40; the bill was referred to a Select Committee to report within four months.

The age limit for marriage of girls prescribed in the bill is 15 instead of 14 in the Sarda Act. To meet exceptional cases where either of the parents of a girl may desire for special reasons to see her married during their lifetime a clause has been added to the Bill under which a girl below 15 but above 13 can be married under the orders of the District Magistrate. Another change from the Sarda Act is that period within which complaints should be preferred is six months instead of one year as in the latter Act.

The House passed the first reading of another non-official measure, the Special Marriage and Succession Bill, introduced by Mr. Kottur Kunjkrishna Pillai and referred it to Select Committee to report within four months.

This bill is a permissive measure seeking to validate marriages between persons belonging to different communities or castes. It deals with both marriage and its dissolution and intestate succession. It follows the British Indian Special Marriage Act but the scheme of succession outlined in the Bill is different from the Indian Succession Act.

The Assembly adjourned 'sine die.'—A.P.

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Wanted a Typist and Correspondence Clerk. Apply Box No. 5953, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Trained, Untrained Actors, Actresses for Film Company. Apply with Qualifications, Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (5965).

Wanted Clerks and Typists for Bank. Security essential. Those with experience need apply Box 5972, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Respectable Gentleman, Branch office management. If applicant able join with 2,000-3,000 rupees apply. Permanent attractive terms. The Secretary Post Box 334, Bombay. (5975)

Wanted—Competent Persons to organise sale of our Tea. Fixed allowance and commission. T. Hansraj Bros., 14|2, Old China Bazaar St., Calcutta. (5913).

Wanted an experienced Motor Engineer to take charge of a fleet of cars in the mofussil. Apply with copies of testimonials stating terms, age, nationality, religion and previous experience to Box No. 2988, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Clerks, Lawyers, Teachers, Overseers, Sub-Overseer, Doctors, Graduates, Typists and Engineers to consult with Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (5982).

Benares Hindu University.—Wanted Lady Superintendent for Women's Hostel. Honorarium Rs. 100|- p.m. with free lodging. Apply before the 1st of June, 1936, to the Pro-Vice-Chancellor. (3028)

Wanted an efficient tutor preferably a European or Indian (England returned) to coach a student in Economics, English and Mathematics who would like to stay as a paying guest. Please state qualifications and terms. Box 3033, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced gentleman with good connections and character to work as an organiser for a well established Life Assurance Company in the four Districts of Berar. Good prospects for deserving men. Apply immediately stating age, experience and salary expected to: Box No. 3027, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted (1) one Electrical Engineer with full knowledge of mechanical engineering and capable to take charges of boilers. (2) one weaving master with full knowledge of size, mixing and designing. (3) one Loo Jobber. (4) one sizing Jobber. (5) one mechanic. Apply with the copies of certificates stating minimum pay acceptable to the Managing Agents Bihar Cotton Mills, Ltd. Phulwari Sharif, Patna. (5981)

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Wanted for Immediate Admission number of apprentice in Commercial lines. For terms apply to: Advertisers and Publishers, Limited, Guido Building, Hornby Road Bombay. (5969).

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Wanted Immediately Partner for Power Laundry, for the extention of its business, or Wanted to Sell out the Branch Laundry of the same Proprietor. Apply personally Regular Laundry, Matunga, G. I. P. (5980)

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Loans to any extent with or without security quickly, confidentially arranged. Apply 5984, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Agencies for "Nip" Petrol. (Ready Delivery) Kerosene & Diesel Oils are granted for different parts of India. Apply International Oil Co., Ltd., Ravelin St., Fort, Bombay. (5883)

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

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Public Notices.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts for an Anti-Venereal Clinic to be opened by the Ahmedabad Municipality, so as to reach the undersigned on or before 15th May, 1936. The applicants should state their age, caste, qualifications, and experience along with the copies of testimonials, if any.

The doctors when appointed shall have to stay in the close proximity outside the dispensary, but they must stay in the premises when provided and called upon to do so.

1. Medical Graduate (Male) with special experience of Venereal work. Rs. 150—10—300.
1. Lady Doctor with L.C.P.S. qualification and special experience of Venereal work. Rs. 130—5—200.
1. Compounder Rs. 24—2—60.
2. Nurses, each Rs. 45—3—60.
1. Male Dresser Rs. 30—2—50.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office, Ahmedabad.
Dated, 14-4-1936.

3029.

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 46 OF 1935.

Re: HUSSEIN MAHOMEDBHAI KHOJA, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Habib Manzil, Peddar Road, Unemployed: An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 16th June, 1936, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 20th day of April, 1936.

Offg: Insolvency Registrar.

3032

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. HAJI USMAN POONAWALA, MAHOMED HASAN ISMAIL, DR. JAN MAHOMED I SAYANI and MAHOMED ABDUL REHMAN, the Trustees of the Haji Adam Sidick Charitable Trusts have contracted to sell to our client their immovable property described in the Schedule hereunder written.

Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, demise, bequests, trust, inheritance, possession, charge, incumbrance, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, after which date the sale will be completed without regard to any claim or interest not so made as aforesaid.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of land of quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuages tenements and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the South side of Bellasis Junction Road at Byculla in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 465 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 528, 2848, 2848, 2975 and 2976, new No. 7773, old Survey Nos. 2421 and 3 & 2/4367, New Survey No. 3879 and Cadastral Survey No. 1349 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 687, Old Street Nos. 58-64 and New Street Nos. 63-75 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North East by Bellasis Road, on or towards the South East by the sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Jusub Isaak and partly by the Dargah, on or towards the West by Huzaria Street formerly known as Nagpada Tank Street and on or towards the North West by the sweepers passage and beyond it by the property formerly of the Trustees of Haji Adam Sidick Trust and now of Borah Hussain Haveliwalla.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1936.

LITTLE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3017.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED, that I, NALINCHANDRA NAROTTAMDAS, carrying on business as a Cloth Merchant at Madhavrai Gully Mulji Jetha Market have dispensed with the services of my Salesman Vanmalidas Bhikhabhai from Chaitra Vad 14th 1992. The Public are hereby informed not to deal with him on my behalf and on my account and if any person shall do so he will do so on his own responsibility.

Bombay dated this 20th day of April, 1936.

NALINCHANDRA
NAROTTAMDAS.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (TUESDAY), at 5 p.m. (S. T.), at Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co., of Complete Household furniture, E. Cabinet, Gramophone, Singer foot machine, Remington portable typewriter, Zunda Cabinet, Chesterfield sets, A. C. Fans, Godrej and Chubb safes, Ice Frigidaire, Bronze Figures, Glassware, etc.

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From SATURDAY NEXT (25th April)

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FAVOURITE TANK

Another Couple Drowned In Nagpur

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, April 19.

There is a water tank in Nagpur which seems to be the favourite place of disappointed lovers to end their lives of misery.

Munshilal working in the Ambajheri water works and Anandamma wife of his assistant it is reported, loved each other, in spite of the fact that Anandamma had two children.

They are reported to have entered into a death pact, bound themselves with sari and dhoti, embracing each other, and entered the Ambajheri tank and were drowned. Their bodies were found stuck deep in the mud. A letter left by them unveiled the mystery of their death.

It would be remembered that Chaman and Perin, two young college students were found dead in their last embrace in the same tank, as they could not secure the consent of their parents to marry.

NAGPUR CONGRESS OFFICIAL RESIGNS

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, April 19.

As a sequal to the congratulatory letter which he addressed to the Hon'ble Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao on his appointment as the acting Governor of the C. P., which was taken exception to by some of his colleagues and for which he had to express regret.

Mr. P. M. Naidu tendered his resignation of the Secretary of the Nagpur Congress Committee.

COTTON FIRE CAUSES LOSS OF Rs. 5,000

HYDERABAD (Sind) April 18.

A disastrous fire broke out at Mukhi Brothers Ginning Factory, destroying the cotton stacked on the drying platform valued at Rs. 5,000. Despite telephonic communication with the fire brigade being interrupted, the fire was extinguished after an hour with water from the neighbouring Hume Pipe factory, thus saving the godown with stocks valued at Rupees 2 lakhs.

The cause of the fire is unknown. There has been no loss of life.—A. P.

RAIN TO INCREASE IN KASHMIR

POONA, April 20.

The western disturbance caused fairly widespread dust or thunder-storms along the North West Frontier and in the Punjab, with local rain in Kashmir and a few falls in Baluchistan, North West Frontier Province and North Punjab. Light thundershowers occurred locally in south Bombay Deccan and at a few stations in Malabar, Tenasserim and Assam. Temperatures were markedly above normal in the Punjab, United Provinces and Rajputana.

FORECAST.

Thunder-storm and rain will increase in Kashmir and the east and north Punjab, occur locally in North West Frontier Province and extend to Bengal. A few thunder showers also are likely in Lower Burma.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 20-4-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —060 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.8 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.9 degrees. 1.1 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 73.2 degrees 2.0 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 79 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 1 mile per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 125 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 6

Earthquake report:—There is a shock

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 20-4-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 85.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.06 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.85 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 5050 miles away with its epicentral region apparently near Solomon Islands was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 10h. 50mts. (I.S.T.) on Sunday the 19th April 1936.

Another shock also of moderate intensity at its origin about 1570 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 14hs. 33 mts. (I.S.T.) on the same day.

TAXATION IN MADRAS PRESIDENCY

Government To Undertake Comprehensive Survey

OOTACAMUND, April 17.

The Government will shortly undertake a comprehensive survey of both provincial and local taxation with a view to exploring the possibilities in the way of economy or re-adjustment of taxation, declares "The Hindu". Preliminary action is now being taken in the Finance Secretariat.

Within a week or two, it is understood, a decision may be reached by the Government on the lines the enquiry should proceed and the instructions that should be issued to the various departments for the gathering of necessary material.

The subject is a vast one, and it is considered that it will take some months before the enquiry is completed and the results are placed before the Finance Committee.

It will be recalled that such a reform was foreshadowed in the speech of the Finance Member in introducing the budget in the Council in February last.

PUNJAB L. S. G. CONFERENCE

Jamshed Mehta To Preside

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

It is learnt that Mr. Jamshed Nusservanjee Mehta, ex-Mayor of Karachi, has consented to preside over the second session of the Punjab Local Self-Government Conference, which comes off on 25th and 26th April. The Conference will be opened by the Governor of Punjab.—United Press.

Come and Enjoy Amavas Holiday To-day

"100 % GREAT"

They Call it 100% Great! Because Since Last

14th WEEKS it is the Talk of the Town

NEW THEATRES' HIT OF '36-37:

DHOOP-CHHAON
DHOOP-CHHAON

OR

"BHAGYA CHAKRA"

Starring:—
Umashashi, K. C. Dey, P. Sanyal, Nawab, Bhadoori.

TO-DAY MATINEE AT 2-45 P.M.
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA TALKIES
LAMINGTON ROAD.

"AMBEDKAR, SAVIOUR OF THE DEPRESSED"

Nagpur Harijans Favour Change Of Religion

NAGPUR, April 20.

The decision of the Nagpur depressed classes to change their faith was reiterated last night at a large meeting of the depressed classes, Baba Patitwawandas presiding, in celebration of the anniversary of Dr. Ambedkar who was described as the "saviour of the depressed classes." Mahatma Gandhi was dubbed as the "masquerading Harijan leader who fasted at Poona to deprive Harijans of separate electorates."

Invectives against the Hindu religion marked all the speeches. The president in concluding extolled Mahommedanism. The meeting lasted till after midnight.

Earlier a procession paraded through the street shouting "destroy the Hindu religion" and ultimately resolved itself into a meeting.—A. P.

The Japanese War Office announces that the members of the Japanese Equestrian delegation to the 11th Olympic Games to be held in Berlin in July will be:—Cavalry Captain Baron Takeichi Nishi, Cavalry Lieut. Koji Inaba Cavalry Lieutenant Manabu Iwahashi, Cavalry Major Seitaro Otaki, and Cavalry Captain Manosuke Matsui.

GLAMOROUS!
RAVISHING!
BEAUTIFUL!
She awaits you ... ...

A Warner Bros. Hit with GEORGE BRENT • GENEVIEVE TOBIN • RALPH FORBES

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

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Take a Lesson in Love from the Jungle!
Where men capture their mates in bride-raids! A thousand new romantic thrills—in M-G-M's $1,000,000 screen adventure!
Last of the PAGANS
MALA AND LOTUS
Beauties in cast of 5,000!

NEXT SATURDAY

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"AH! WILDERNESS"

with a super all-star cast

LIONEL BARRYMORE, WALLACE BEERY
ERIC LINDEN, ALINE MACMAHON.
CECILIA PARKER, FRANK ALBERTSON

Plans Open at Theatre. 'Phone 27787.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Fields, Factories And Workshops

Villagers Should Keep Bees To Produce Health-Giving Honey

Great Scope For This Occupation In India Demonstrated By A. I. V. I. A.

(FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Production of honey is measured by the ton and car loads in foreign lands such as America, Europe, Australia and New Zealand. There are people who keep hundreds and thousands of bee-colonies and they extract honey with the help of power engines, whereas in our country the peasants are ignorant of even the rudimentary knowledge of this delightful industry.

SCOPE IN INDIA

An eminent British author in his valuable book "Practical Bee-keeping" has written the following and it is worth nothing.

"The invention of the movable frame hive a and the centrifugal honey extractor enabled Apiculture to make rapid progress in civilized countries and now bee-keeping for pleasure of profit occupies part or the whole of the time of millions of persons of both sexes. It also provides employment directly or indirectly for hundreds of thousands. The vast fields of Asia, India, Africa, and Egypt remain practically virgin soil to Aicutture and it is certain that the enormous quantities of honey would be obtained were modern bee-keeping methods introduced in these lands."

Let people in India, especially agriculturists take to this advice and develop the industry to India's credit. It is not enough if we merely pride ourselves on the fact that our country is the home of the biggst honey gathers in the World, "The Rock Bee," but we people should learn to keep the bees and produce enormous quantities of honey for use as a nourishing and delicious food.

A DEMONSTRATION

With a view to popularise this useful industry the organisers of the Village Industries Exhibition arranged a demonstration at Lucknow to show how easy, interesting, instructive and profitable it is. This section was in charge of Sjt. Choteylalji, who is conducting an apiary at Wardha under A.I.V.I.A. This industry is a good illustration of how a domestic industry should be capable of being conducted in every home. Of the four varities of bees which are found in this country Rock Bee, the little bee, the mosquito bee and the Indian bee, the first three are not of any value for domestication, either because of their wild nature or of the insufficiency of honey. The Indian bee alone is capable of being domesticated. The visitor found it very fascinating to watch and to learn how the bees built beautiful combs full of architectural and engineering skill, and how cells are built for their workers and the drone.

HIVE'S SOCIAL SYSTEM

The bee is essentially a social creature. Its instincts are developed to subserve the collective purpose viz. of bringing of the Queen and of feeding her with a special extraction known as royal jelly, which the young ones prepare, protecting the drone so long as it serves the purpose and of killing or expelling if afterwards. It seems it has no individual existence apart from the collective life. It is a lesson in social organisation, simple but almost perfect. The organisation is divided into four kinds of functions the queen who carries on the propogation of this, the drone that is the male bee to fertilize the new Queen, the workers who form the majority ever busy with their work of construction, of defence and of collection of honey and the young ones who act as feeders of the queen and scavengers of the cells. In examining the modern beehive, he will find it consisting of three parts—the brood hive where the eggs are laid, above it the super or honey chamber and the roof to protect the colony from sun and rains. There is wooden frame specially constructed which is movable and which serves to protect the hives from damage. There are appliances both for the purpose of protecting the keeper and for extracting honey without damage to the structure and injury to the bees. If the keeper happens to get a sting there are very effective remedies. Bees generally do not sting unless they are provoked. A person who shows no nervousness in handling bees will find them very responsive.

WHEN WILL INDIAN PEASANTS HAVE SUCH HOMES?

A typical British farmer's cottage being re-thatched for Summer. It certainly provides a striking —and edifying—contrast with the poor homes of Indian peasants.

Indian Peasants Formulate Their Demands

Freedom From Exploitation, Abolition Of Landlordism, Cancellation Of Debts And Revenue Arrears—And Institution Of Graduated Land Tax

For the first time, an All-India Peasants' Conference was held in the Congress week at Lucknow. It was attended by a large number of Kisans from all over India and mostly from U. P. and Bihar.

Abolition of landlordism, cancellation of debts and revenue arrears and the institution of a graduated land tax are among the economic reforms urged.

Twenty-one fundamental economic and political demands were also formulated as embodying the rights of the Indian peasants for which they must agitate and strive.

Some of the important resolutions passed at the Conference are reproduced below:—

FREEDOM FROM EXPLOITATION.

"The object of the Kisan movement is to secure complete freedom from economic exploitation and the achievement of full economic and political power for the peasants and workers and all other exploited classes.

The main task of the Kisan movement shall be the organisation of peasants to fight for their immediate political and economic demands in order to prepare them for their emancipation from every form of exploitation.

The Kisan Movement stands for the achievement of ultimate economic and political power for the producing masses through its active participation in the national struggle for winning complete Independence.

ABOLISH LANDLORDISM

Whereas the present system of Zamindari (U. P., Orissa, Bengal, Behar, Madras and Assam), Taluqdari (U. P. and Gujarat), Malguzari (C. P.), Ishtimardars (Ajmer), Khotes (Deccan), Zamis (Malabar), Inamdars, etc., involving as they do the vesting of ownership of vast areas of land and of the right of collecting and enjoying enormous rent income, is iniquitous, unjust burdensome and oppressive, to the Kisans (peasants, etc.)

And whereas the Zamindars, etc. rack-rent their tenants while neglecting the irrigation sources.

All such systems of landlordism shall be abolished, and all the rights over such lands be vested in the cultivators.

GRADUATED LAND TAX.

Whereas the present system of land revenue and resettlement imposed by Government in Ryotwari areas have proved too vexatious and resulted in the progressive pauperization of peasants, all such systems of land revenue and resettlements shall be abolished and replaced by a graduated land-tax upon net incomes of Rs. 500 and more (as also recommended by the Taxation Enquiry Committee).

INDEBTEDNESS

Whereas the peasants have been persecuted and over-burdened by oppressive rural indebtedness and the usurious rates of interest.

Whereas the burden of such debts and interest thereon has been more than redoubled by the fall in prices of agricultural produce and assets,

Whereas the lands of most of the peasants have either passed or are passing into the hands of absentee landlords, sowcars and urban classes.

The peasants shall be completely relieved from all liability to pay their old debts or interest thereon and the State shall immediately put into operation the necessary machinery to provide agricultural credit for peasants' current needs.

LAND FOR LANDLESS

This Conference demands that landless peasants be provided with land to cultivate on the basis of co-operative farming and since one-third of the total cultivable land is still unoccupied and vested in Government and landlords, this Conference resolves that all such lands be granted to the landless Kisans.

MINIMUM DEMANDS

The peasants will immediately take all possible steps to achieve the following minimum demands:

1. Cancellation of all arrears of rent and revenue.
2. Abolition of all Land Revenue Assessment and rent from uneconomic holdings.
3. The reduction by 50 per cent of rent and revenue and also of water-rates.
4. Abolition and penalisation of all feudal and customary dues and forced labour, including Begar and illegal exactions.
5. The declaration of a 5 years' moratorium for all agrarian indebtedness.
6. An immediate enquiry to be made into the extent of repayment of the principal borrowed, interest thereon and the assessment of the assets and liabilities of the peasants.
7. Freedom from arrest and imprisonment for inability to pay debts, rents and revenue.
8. Immunity from attachment for all Minimum Holdings, Stables, living quarters, household necessaries, dairy and other cattle in execution of civil decrees and revenue and rent demands.
9. To lower the freights upon the transport of agricultural commodities and the third class railway rates.
10. Abolition of all indirect taxes particularly duties on salt, kerosene, sugar and tobacco.
11. Prohibition of dumping of food products.
12. Stabilisation of prices of agricultural products at 1929 level by the necessary adjustment of exchange and currency policy.
13. The customary rights of peasants and workers to secure forest produce (grazing, timber, fuel) must be safeguarded, the grazing fees halved and the regulation of the grazing and distribution of timber in forests to be vested in village Panchayats.
14. The administration of all communal lands, howsoever originated and grazing lands (Go-char) shall be vested in Village Panchayats.
15. A Peasants' Union Act must be enacted to safeguard their fundamental rights by collective action.
16. A Minimum (living) Wage shall be assured to all agricultural workers and the Workmen's Compensation Act be extended to all agricultural workers.
17. To so redistribute the burden of taxation both provincial and Central, jointly or variously as to impose at least 75 per cent of the tax-burden upon the richer classes.

POLITICAL DEMANDS

18. Adult franchise and functional representation in all legislatures.
19. Repeal of all anti-peasant, anti-labour and anti-national laws, ordinances and regulations in British and Indian India and the release of all Kisan labour and political prisoners whether sentenced or detained without trial
20. Re-instatement of all peasants deprived of their lands, etc., owing to their participation in the movements for their economic and political freedom and also owing to their failure to pay revenue or rent during this economic depression.
21. Immediate establishment of free and compulsory elementary education for girls and boys, medical and sanitary aid, provision for drinking water and a national housing policy.

FIGHTING UNEMPLOYMENT IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA

"Labour Community" Solves Problem Of Workless Youth

The League of Nations Information Centre on Child Welfare has prepared a short note on the operation of "labour communities" in Czechoslovakia. This may be of general interest in view of the problem of unemployment among young people in many countries.

The Czechoslovak Ministry of Social Welfare created in 1931 "Homes for unemployed adolescents" to which young unemployed between the ages of 14 and 20 are admitted. They are provided with heated premises, meals and recreation suitable for their age (sports, organised games and other amusements). Young men attending the Homes receive vocational and general instruction.

But the protective work thus carried on is not complete because the Homes are open only during the autumn and winter. For this reason efforts have been made to arrange for the maintenance of unemployed adolescents and young men during the spring and summer months by procuring them work in the open air. Such work is better suited to the needs of their physical and moral development than the sedentary work done during the winter in workshops and schools.

These efforts have led to the creation of the "labour communities" established by Decree A.3400 of May 1935 issued by the Ministry of Social Welfare.

LEGAL BASIS.

The "labour community" is constituted by a group of young unemployed belonging to one or more communes, who have been brought together in order to perform collectively under single direction, the proceeds of which will provide for their subsistence. The legal basis of the "labour communities" is constituted by the provisions regarding productive occupations for the unemployed, in virtue of which the State may grant subsidies for urgent work carried out in the public interest by a public entrepreneur (commune, district, province or any other public organisation) and carried out by unemployed. The State's financial contribution is devoted to the payment of wages.

The legal provisions to which reference has just been made may be applied in such a way that the group of young people assisted by "Homes for unemployed adolescents" may constitute a "labour community" if the body authorised to ask for a State subsidy, particularly the commune or district on whose territory the Home is situated, undertakes work of great utility suitable for providing the young unemployed with a fitting occupation.

The young unemployed thus occupied receive a wage to which the State contributes up to a total of 1-20 crowns per hour's work for a maximum period of 30 hours a week. The State, therefore, grants altogether 36 crowns per head per week. This subsidy is supplemented by the public entrepreneur up to the wage usually paid in the locality where the work is done. This wage is not paid in cash, however, but is used in the first instance to cover joint costs of maintenance, food, insurance, equipment, etc. After all these expenses have been paid the balance is divided among the young workers.

The time which is not devoted to work in the open air must be spent in a useful manner. Each "community has its own programme of education; lectures are given as well as short lessons on various subjects, visits are made to different undertakings and various amusements are organised. It should be added that the participants do not live together, but separate in the evening and go home. This constitutes an essential difference between the "labour communities" and the "labour camps."

Soviet's Agricultural Advance

1935 Turnover Double That Of Previous Year

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail).

That the people of the Soviet Union are making a considerable progress in the economic domain is evident from the trade statistics of the collective farm markets, that have just been released.

A total turn over of 14,500 million roubles' worth of produce is recorded for 1935 as against 7,500 million roubles' worth in 1932, an increase that reveals not only the growth in the agricultural goods surplus of the village, but also the income of the collective farmers and of the purchasing power of the villages and urban population.

INCREASED TRADE.

During the period 1932-35 retail trade throughout the country rose from 47,844 million roubles to 95,030 millions. In 1932 trade on the collective farm markets accounted for 6.4 per cent. of the total; in 1933 for 18.7 per cent; in 1934 for 13.5 per cent; and in 1935 for 15.3 per cent.

From these figures it will be seen that sales in collective farm markets kept pace with the tremendous increase in retail trade as a whole.

What these figures do not reveal is the fact that the volume of goods sold on these markets was greater throughout 1935 because prices were constantly being lowered during the year.

Statistics from 22 of the largest cities, whose aggregate population exceeds 13 millions, show that the actual increase in 1935 over 1934 was 40.5 per cent. It is interesting to follow the rate of increase for separate commodities.

COLLECTIVE FARM MARKETS.

Taking 1934 as 100, deliveries to collective farm markets in 1935 were as follows: flour and cereals —112.7; vegetables (including nearly four million tons of potatoes)—152.5; beef—125.1; Pork—245.3; animal fats—109. milk—110.3.

The grain and flour was disposed of in the main at the small town and village markets in the big cities, which have larger bakeries, the demand dropped sharply with the abolition of the food card system.

MORE MEAT AVAILABLE.

Despite the tremendous increase in the meat trade in State and co-operative stores, 750 million kilogrammes was available for disposal in the collective farm markets, an increase of nearly 350 per cent. over 1932.

It is estimated that the saving to the consumer on 1935 prices in the collective farm market amounted to some 4,000 million roubles.

NO BREATHING SPACE

Unhygienic Conditions In South Indian Match Factories

The Secretary, South Indian Match Manufacturers Association, writes:—

From the year 1924 to 1934, match manufacture in South India was purely a cottage industry. During this pre-Excise duty period, in Sattur and Sivakasi, the chief centres of South Indian cottage match industry, fifty per cent of the match work was being done in their houses by no less than 80 per cent of the population. But to-day every match manufacturer in South India has set up a regular factory. Most of them have no light and air and have not been brought under factory law, though they should be so controlled for obvious reasons. Whether the Indian Factory Act amending bill to amend Section 5 recently passed and will operate in the case of the South Indian cottage match factories, is to be seen. It will be no exaggeration, if it can be said that the workers in these small factories have no sufficient breathing space as required by law i.e. either 6 feet by 6 feet or 500 c. ft. per head.

THIS SIMPLE TREATMENT RELIEVES prickly heat

● Apply Listerine, full strength, on the affected area. Notice how it soothes and cools at once, removing almost all the aggravating itch. A liberal application several times a day will prevent infection, speed up healing, and help bring the skin back to normal.

Listerine is an effective first aid for many other ailments—insect bites, burns, bruises and cuts. Keep it handy, always ready for emergencies.

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B-56

Itch Cause Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams or pores where tiny germs or parasites can hide and cause your skin to Itch, Crack, Peel, Burn, also Eczema, Ringworm, Pimples, Acne, Crotch-Itch, and Foot Itch. Don't waste time with ordinary methods. You must have a penetrating treatment like the new discovery for stubborn skin troubles called Dr. Nixon's Nixoderm. It goes right in, kills the cause, and stops itch in 7 minutes. In 24 hours, you can see your skin getting clear, soft, and smooth. Nixoderm is guaranteed to heal your skin in 10 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for guaranteed Nixoderm today.

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Pleaders, Teachers AND Summer Vacation!

Here is a chance for smart Teachers and Pleaders to earn sumptuously in Summer Vacation.

Particulars on enquiry

R. NARAYANRAO.

C/o. Post Office, Bombay No. 6.

London Sports Letter

NO "HONEY AND JAM" FOR ENGLAND

Indian Team's Superiority In Bowling

(From Our Sports Correspondent).

LONDON, (By Air Mail)

Another first-class cricket season is due to begin on the first Saturday in May. There are two University trials before that date and the India team play a one day game at Gravesand on April 29, but the resumption of first-class matches clashes only with the last series of Football League fixtures.

The new L.B.W. rule will again be in force and added interest will be attached to the season because during July the M.C.C. committee, guided to a large extent by the recommendations of P. F. Warner, P. A. Perrin, and T. A. Hugson (the Test Selection Committee), have to settle the constitution of the side to tour Australia in the winter. It follows that form in the representative matches will be of great importance.

It is reported from Australia that the Australian Cricket Board of Control "will almost certainly adopt the new L.B.W. rule. Canvas of the Board reveals that adoption will now be favoured." This is welcome news to the M.C.C. since the South Africans played under the rule last summer in England, and the Indian team has agreed to abide by it during the coming season. It is, therefore, right and proper that the new rule should apply in the forthcoming England vs. Australia matches.

COUNTY CAPTAINS.

Looking through the list of county cricket, captains for the coming season, we see that six teams will be under new leadership. P. T. Eckersley, when elected an M.P., resigned the Lancashire captaincy, and his place will be taken by W. H. L. Lister. C. S. Dempster, the New Zealander, is now qualified to lead Leicestershire, and Flt.-Lt. A. H. Holmes succeeds A. Melville as skipper of Sussex. The other new captains are Hon. C. J. Lyttleton (Worcestershire), R. J. Moore, (Hampshire) and, G. B. Cuthbertson (Northamptonshire). The minds of cricketers are fixed very much on the question of captaincy at the moment, as it seems certain that the selectors will find a successor to R. E. S. Wyatt as England's leader.

Perhaps the change will be made against All-India but what is more important are the Tests in Australia next winter. As things are at the moment, England may not look further than Middlesex, where R. W. V. Robins and G. O. Allen will be playing side by side.

AUSSIES' DETERMINATION.

The Australian cricketers, home from South Africa, when the spin bowling of W. J. O' Reilly and C. V. Grimmett helped to give them an unbeaten record, have no more first-class games until the M. C. C. team arrive there in October. The Australians have declared that they want to be supreme in Empire cricket and they are anxious to defeat England for the second time in succession, after beating the South Africans who beat England last season. Incidentally, the Australians thrive on comparatively little cricket, intensive while it lasts. They do not encourage all-the-year-round play at home and abroad, which has increasingly been thrust upon England's leading players in recent years.

CRY FOR BOWLERS.

English cricket has not covered itself with glory these past few years and the cry goes up again for bowlers and yet more bowlers, —fast, medium, slow, googley, anything you like—but above all bowlers, who can keep a length over long periods. It is an old cry that will be more insistent than ever this season, for at the end of it, England has to send out another team to Australia on the all-important quest for the Ashes. The stage is now set for another trial of strength and it is not going to be all "honey and jam" for England in the coming season. For it is admitted that the Indian team has many attractive players. It is pointed out by many cricket critics that the 'all out to win" spirit of the Indians last season gained them many admirers before and it will do so again; it is possible that they are a stronger combination this time. However, some believe that the Indian team is well equipped in bowling, whereas there are many who take the contrary view, in the belief that the batting strength of the Indians is superior to that of the bowling.

CEYLON STEPS IN.

An interesting suggestion has come from Colombo, where the Governor, Sir Edward Stubbs is a cricket enthusiast. I am told that the Governor thinks that Ceylon, which has produced several fine cricketers, who have played for either Oxford or Cambridge, should send teams to England to meet the weaker counties. It is a mistake, he says, to wait until a team has reached Test match standard. Ceylon evidently believes in starting the touring habit early, for a team of boys, with their masters, have just left for Australia, where they will play against Australian schools.

The citizens of the metropolis have at least heaved a sigh of relief over the acceptance by the Municipality of the Kanhan Water Supply scheme, recommended by Sir M. Visweswarayya. An application will now be made to the Local Government for a loan of Rs. 24 lakhs to finance the scheme.

Kill Kidney Trouble Quick

Thousands of sufferers from Kidney trouble and Bladder weakness have stopped Getting Up Nights, Leg Pains, Nervousness, Stiffness, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Lumbago, Burning, Itching, Smarting, Acidity and Loss of Vigour by a Doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Siss-tex). Gently soothes, tones, cleans, and heals, raw sore kidneys. In 15 minutes Cystex starts purifying your blood. Brings new health, youth and vitality in 48 hours. Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. Get Cystex at all chemists, or Muller Maclean, Bombay.

INDIGESTION CURED WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED.

If you had had years of Functional Indigestion, and could find nothing to do you any good, would you not think it marvellous if a few doses of the last medicine you tried completely cured your suffering?

Yet this is what happened to one man who wrote to us. Read his own words :—

"Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is the only medicine which has relieved me. I have suffered from Functional Indigestion for years and sampled every indigestion mixture available, but with no satisfactory results. I commenced taking Maclean Brand Stomach Powder a few weeks ago, and the effect has been marvellous. I have at last discovered a cure for my trouble to terminate completely years of suffering."

If you suffer from indigestion or stomach trouble of any sort remember that you can get just the same relief as Mr. N——, but be sure to ask your chemist for the genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, bearing a red seal. The signature "ALEX C. MACLEAN" is on seal, carton and label. If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris, Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Also sold in Tablet Form

Lady Brabourne presents the Aga Khan Cup to Kher Singh Gil, the Captain of the Customs Athletic Club.

JOGESHWARI SCHOOL'S PROGRESS

Harijan Boy Stands First In One Standard

The summer gathering of the Jogeshwari English School was held at Saraswati Baug yesterday, under the presidentship of Mr. Govindrao Fenani when the present and old students of the school mustered strong at the Club Hall. Some residents were also present.

The Headmaster of the school Mr. Patkar gave an account of the school's progress and read out the results which were nearly 100 per cent. showing how particular attention was given to each pupil.

One Mahar boy (untouchable) stood first at the examination in one of the standards.

Mr. V. V. Divekar, Matriculation examiner expressed his great appreciation of the school and gave some of his interesting experiences as a teacher.

Mr. A. S. Nadkarni advised the boys told them how to spend their vacation. Master Vinayak Kulkarni thankrd the guests on behalf of the school.

The president in his speech made a valuable suggection that the students of the school should be medically examined once a year, and the suggestion was acceptable to the Committee.

The function ended with the serving of tea etc

SWASTIK LEAGUE VOLUNTEER CORPS

The seventh annual camp of the Swastik League Volunteer Corps was held at Lonavla, from Thursday the 9th, to Monday the 13th instant, 91 persons, including the G.O.C., 6 officers and 84 other ranks forming the party. They left the Victoria Terminus on the 9th and reached Lonavla Station on the 10th—that day being Good Friday. On arrival, the party marched to the Bungalow of Mr. M. R. Jayakar, the Head Quarters of the Camp.

In the afternoon Mr. M. R. Jayakar, the President of the League, inspected the Camp and witnessed a Volley Ball match, which was played in his presence. He expressed satisfaction at the sportsmanship displayed by all the campers and the spirit of comradeship and happiness which prevailed amongst them.

Monday the 13th instant was the last day of the Camp. In the morning, there was Lathi Drill, which formed the main item of the programme. The afternoon was spent in playing Volley Ball matches and other entertainment.

The dispersal of the Camp took place at 10 p.m., when the G.O.C. summarised the events of the Camp and thanked all those who were responsible for making the Camp a success. The party entrained at Lonavla at 11 p.m. and arrived at Bombay.

145 STRIKES IN 1935

114,217 Workers Involved In Industrial Disputes During Year

The Department of Industries and Labour Government of India publish statistics which show that the total number of strikes during the year 1935 (including 2 strikes in progress on the 31st December 1934) was 145 and the total number of workers involved was 114,217, as compared with 159 strikes involving 220,808 workers during 1934.

The total number of working days lost during the year was 973,457 as compared with 4,775.559 during 1934. The figures of number of workers involved and number of working days lost are the lowest yet recorded during the 15 years for which statistics of industrial disputes have been maintained by the Government of India.

The strikes which involved the largest loss of working days were (1) the strike in the Kesoram Cotton Mill, Garden Reach, Calcutta, in which 5,000 workers were involved with a loss of 119,000 working days and (2) the strike in the Ahmedabad textile mills which involved 23,000 workers with a loss of over 93,000 working days.

In all, cotton textile mills account for 38.6 per cent. of the strikes, 66.3 per cent. of the workers involved and 58.7 per cent. of the loss of working days.

In 93 of the strikes, or 64 per cent. the chief demand related to wages or bonuses. The number of strikes in which the workmen successful in gaining any concessions was approximately 38.3 per cent. of the total number of strikes ended during the year.

Labanas And Harijans Initiated Into Sikhism

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

Amidst great enthusiasm over 107 persons, a majority of whom were Labanas and Harijans, were initiated into the Sikh fold and given "Amrit" on the Baisakhi day, the birthday of Khalsa.

A big Diwan was held both in the morning and evening and a free kitchen was started on a large scale. After the impressive baptismal ceremony, the converts were vested with "kirpans" and all the other "Kakas" free of cost. —United Press.

CITY AND SUBURBAN PROBABLES

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 20.

The following are the City and Suburban probables:—

Finalist (Harry Wragg), Guinea Cap (Sam Wragg), His Reverence (Burns), Pampas Grass (Jones), High-Lander (Perryman), Quai D. Orsay II (Steve Donoghue), Young Native (Gordon Richards), British Quota (Beary), O. Grady (Sibbritt), Pegasus (Lowry), Light Tackle (K. Robertson), Pricket (W. Rickaby), Game Chicken (Couch), Norman Herald (D. Smith), Ripponter (Fred Fox), the Old Pretender (Richardson), West Highland (Bennyworth).

No jockeys for Good Deal, Penny Hill and Pegomas.

Classifying the case as one of misadventure, the Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due to nephthalnic poisoning on a child, named Vasudev Tulsidas, who expired in the B.J. Hospital on April 19 last.

Evidence showed that the child swallowed nephthalnic pills while playing in their room at Kalbadevi.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday

A novel form of cheating in respect of cigarette coupons alleged to be spurious, has been detected by the City Police. One arrest has been made in this connection and as the police suspect that a gang are at work to defraud Gift Exchange depots, elaborate inquiries are in progress.

It appears that an Irani restaurant keeper in the Fort purchased about 104 Players Cigarette coupons from a lad for Re. 1 about a fortnight ago. He later presented these coupons at the Gift Exchange Depot at Crawford Market and there these coupons were detected to be counterfeits.

The Irani told his story of how he came into possession of the coupons and a watch was kept for the lad.

Yesterday the boy again went to the same shop and offered some coupons for sale. The Irani immediately reported the matter to the police and the boy was taken in custody at the Esplanade Police Station.

An application was made to the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day to have the boy remanded to the custody of the Children's Home pending further inquiries.

The application was granted by the Magistrate.

A horse harnessed to a victoria and wheeled by the owner to Suklaji Street on Saturday last, shied and bolted at the blowing of a lorry-horn, with the result that it knocked down an old pedestrian walking in the centre of the road on April 18 last.

Evidence showed that the horse threw off the coachman, pranced and ducked, knocked down Dawood Nathoo (80) walking with stick and crashed into another gharry going in the same direction. Then it came to a stop.

But then, people had collected and were shouting. Some of them seized the horse.

Dawood Nathoo succumbed to the injuries.

The Coroner's Jury gave an accidental death verdict, to-day, on the death of the old man..

A verdict of death due to shock following extensive burns accidentally sustained from a Primus Stove was returned by the Coroner's jury, to-day, on the death of Nawajbai (54) who died in the J. J. Hospital on April 17 last.

The City Coroner recorded a verdict of "death due to fracture of skull following an accidental fall from the 4th floor of a building at the junction of Kalbadevi and Picket Roads," touching the death of Mathuradas Mohandas on April 17 last.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

6-36 p.m. Music Training for Beginners by P.K. Mullick.
7-6 p.m. Vocal Music—(Bengali.) Sreematy Ashalata Roy—Folk Songs.
7-21 p.m. Kumari Seuli Sarkar.
7-36 p.m. Sreematy Bina Chowdhury.
7-51 p.m. SB. News Bulletins in English.
8-6 p.m. SB Light Bengali Songs. Sreematy Uttara Devi.
8-21 p.m. Kumari Amiya Sarkar.
8-36 p.m. Kumari Latika Mitra.
8-51 p.m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali.)
9-6 p.m. A Choral and Orchestral Concert from the Studio. Arranged and Directed by the Rev. T. H. Croxall, Mus. Bac.
10-6 p.m. SB Weather Reports, 2nd News Bulletin, Market Prices Jute and Gunny Cosing Rates. (In English.)
10-21 p.m. SB Dance Music (Recorded), from the Studio.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

TUESDAY: APRIL 21.

Two of the following frequencies will be used:

GSG 17,79 Mc/s (16.86 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m), GSE 11.86 Mc/s (25.29 m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Talk: "Foreign Affairs." Sir Frederick Whyte, K.C.S.I., LL.D.
7-45 p.m. Jack Wilson and his Versatile Five.
8-30 p.m. Music of the Sea. The B.B.C. Empire Orchestra; leader, Daniel Melsa; conductor, Eric Fogg. Appleton Moore (Baritone)
9-25 p.m. The News and Announcements.
9-45 p.m. The London Ziguner Orchestra, directed by Ernest Leggett.

Bombay Programme

TUESDAY: 21ST APRIL.

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s. 31.36 metres, 9565 kc|s.

12 noon. Selection of Indian music.
1 p.m. Available market rates. European lunch-hour selections.
2 p.m. Relay from Rotary Club, if available.
5-30 p.m. Relay of music from Capitol Cinema.
6-30 p.m. A programme of selected Indian Gramophone records.
7-30 p.m. Selections from famous Talkies, 1930 to 1935.
8 p.m. Letter by air mail. From Evelyn Russell, London.
8-10 p.m. Musical interlude.
8-30 p.m. Overture 1812, Tschaikowsky.
8-45 p.m. Mrs. N. Fox. Song with Piano.
9-5 p.m. News in English.
9-20 p.m. News in Hindi.
9-30 p.m. SB. Light classical music. Bai Vastalabai Kumtekar.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.136 metres, 882 kc|s.

TUESDAY: 21ST APRIL.

1 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra. Aswari.
1-10 p.m. Radha Bai of Delhi. Ghazals.
1-30 p.m. F.H. Qureshi. Bhabijan Ne Radio Kharida.
1-45 p.m. Vilayat Khan of Delhi. Thumri.
2 p.m. Ramzan Khan of Delhi. Khyal—Allayya Bilawal.
2-10 p.m. Radha Bai of Delhi. Ghazals.
5-30 p.m. Ghulam Sabir. Sarangi —Multani.
5-40 p.m. Ramzan Khan of Delhi. Khyal—Mian ki Todi.
5-50 p.m. Vilayat Khan of Delhi. Thumri—Pilo. "Mori Ungali Pakar ke Marori."
6 p.m. Radha Bai of Delhi. Ghazals.
5-10 p.m. Vilayat Khan of Delhi. Ghazals. "Be Dard Benke Dard ki Manzil me Ai The."
6-20 p.m. Hyder Hussain. Sitar—Saz Giri.
6-30 p.m. Radha Bai of Delhi. "Her Ek Bat Peh Kehte ho Tum keh Tu kia Hai." (Ghalib).
6-40 p.m. Ramzan Khan. Khyal—Marva.
6-50 p.m. Sardar Husain and P.S. Mukerjee. Violin and Viola—Get Kidara.
7 p.m. Vilayat Khan. "Dard men Dam to Zara lene do." "Dard ka Dil ko Maza lene do."
7-15 p.m. P.S. Mukerjee. Sarod—Bhopali.
7-20 p.m. Gopal Singh Bhatti, P.C.S. "Bihtar zindagi Basar Karne wali Majlisen."
7-30 p.m. Bhai Ghulam. Dilruba—Khammaj.
7-35 p.m. Radha Bai of Delhi. "Masjid ke zir Sala Khrabat Chahiye."
7-45 p.m. Vilayat Khan of Delhi. "Hale dil un se kahin kehte hain,
"Hamin Sunte hain hamin kehte hain."
8 p.m. I.H. Qureshi. "Iran ki Amarten."
8-15 p.m. Ramzan Khan. Thumri —Kilat Kamod.
8-25 p.m. Master Ferhad. Clarionet —Kamod.
8-30 p.m. Vilayat Khan (Ghalib). "Koi ummid bar nahian ati," "Kisi ko de ke dil koi Nawa senje Fughan ho kion."
9 p.m. Radha bai. Ghazals.
9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. Hockey in Delhi. Mr. T. P. Gateley.
10 p.m. New Records. Introduced by L.P.C. Grant, O.B.E.

Calcutta Programme

Tuesday, April 21.

VUC 370,4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109, kc/s.

12-36 p.m. S.B. A Studio Programme by Messrs. Taylor's Gramophone Saloon.
("H.M.V." Recording.)
Coldstream Guards Band.
"The Gondoliers."—Selection.
The Vagabond Lover.
"As Long as Our Hearts are Young."
"Just a Vagabond Lover".
Jack Hylton's Orchestra
"Schoolboy Howlers"—Comedy Foxtrot
Heifetz and the London Philharmonic Orchestra
"Introduction and Rondo."
"Capriccioso"
Strand Theatre Orchestra.
"1066 and all That."—Vocal Selection
Renara—(Pianist.)
"Two for To-night"
Marek Weber's Orchestra.
"Wine Women and Song."—Waltz.
"Moonlight on the Aister."—Waltz.
Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (If any.)
1-36 p.m. Kathakata by Pt. Amulya Krishna Bhattacharya.
2-6 p.m. Musical Selections (Recorded.)
2-36 p.m. Talk by Bishnu Sarma—"Luxury and Necessity."
5-36 p.m. Talk by Sreematy Suhasini Devi—"An Indian Fable."
5-51 p.m. Talk by Mejddi:
(a) Adventures of a Head-hunter.
(b) Land of the Incas.

(Continued in Col. 5.)

LA CONCORDE

The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., Ltd., of Paris

ANNOUNCES WITH PLEASURE, THE APPOINTMENT OF

Messrs. Hooseinbhoy Abdoolabhoy Lalljee & Co.

Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort BOMBAY.

As their Managing Agents For Transacting:—

FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR, ACCIDENT and WAR RISK Covering at SPECIAL RATES

Funds have been deposited with the well-known Banks for meeting claims, which will be adjusted, settled and paid in India or elsewhere as may be arranged.

Pots, Pans or Paintwork—

it makes no difference to VIM

DOOR: "I feel as though I'll never be clean again. My paintwork's filthy!"
KETTLE: "I'm stained and dirty, too—but wait for the next picture, when Vim's through with us."
DOOR: "Look—I'm like new again! Mr. Vim certainly knows how to clean."
KETTLE: "What about me? Not a spot or a scratch!"
Just shake a little Vim on to a damp cloth, and rub—that's all! Vim cleans all surfaces without damage; no hard work, no trouble. Get a canister of Vim to-day!
Vim cleans pots and pans, tiles, enamelware, woodwork, cutlery, glassware.
VIM

Be sure you get genuine VIM

V X 328-50 MADE FOR LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 30, 1992
Muslim: Mohurrum 28, 1355
Parsi: Avan 18, 1305
Sunrise: 6h. 16m
Sunset: 6h. 57m.
Hightide: 11-50; 23-45
Lowtide: 5-12; 17-46

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Bombay Presidency Released Prisoners' Aid Society, 20th annual general meeting, Municipal Corporation Hall, 6-0 p.m.

Progressive Groups' meeting, the Governor and Lady Brabourne will be guests, Taj Mahal Hotel, 6-15 p.m.

Wednesday, April 22

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Sheriff's meeting to mourn the death of Sir Dinshaw Wacha, Town Hall, 6-0 p.m.

Thursday, April 23.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m. Special meeting, 4-40 p.m.

Friday, April 24.

I. Com. and B. Com. Examination results, University Buildings, 2-0 p.m.

Saturday, April 25,

S. S. 'Maloja' with homeward mails sails at 1-0 p.m.

Monday, April 27.

Bombay European Relief Association, annual general meeting, Committee Room, Secretariat, 6-0 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CENTRAL—"Last of the Pagans." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Paddy O'Day". Time as usual.

EXCELSIOR—"King of the Damned" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"Jane-Alam" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

HIND MATA—"Sairandhree" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KOHINOOR—"Dharmatma" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Rajput-Ramani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

LAXMI—"Vijayachee Lagne" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Gulam Daku" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PATHE—"Last Days of Pompeii". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PALACE—"Clive of India" Time as usual.

EDWARD—The "Phantom Empire" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"G-Men" Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.

REGAL—"Moscow Nights" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA—"The Goose and the Gander" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Mata Hari" Daily at 6-30 and 10-0 p.m.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay received the Chief of Kurundwad (Jr.) at Government House on Monday.

Miss Hamilton arrived at Government House on Monday.

The Governor of Bombay presided at the annual general meeting of the St. John Ambulance Association at Government House on Monday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Mayebashi Maru' left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 19th April and is expected to arrive here on or about the 16th May.

Steamer 'Clan Macphee' left Liverpool on Friday evening, April 17.

THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY
AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
POSITIVELY FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTOR
CONRAD VEIDT
IN A MIGHTY PENAL DRAMA
"KING OF THE DAMNED"
One of the most exciting films ever put on the Screen
with
NOAH BEERY, HELEN VINSON
And thousands of others.
A Gaumont-British Picture

CAPITOL
Daily 2 Performances
AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CHIANG WEI
NON STOP REVUE
Bewitching
SHANGHAI GIRLS
in songs and dances
also
Prof. LIAN TIAN
in
NEW and GREATER ILLUSIONS
Prices: Rs. 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9

POSTAL NOTICES

Parcels for Germany direct per s. s. 'Stormfels' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6 p.m. on Friday the 24th instant.

Mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. 'Narkunda' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 23rd instant.

Mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 4 p.m. on Thursday the 23rd instant.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s.s. 'Quiloa' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 23rd instant.

Superscribed mails for Jedda (Hedjaz) per s.s. 'Jehangir' via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 21st instant.

RAMAKRISHNA CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS AT KHAR

In connection with the centenary celebrations, there will be dramatic performance in Gujarati to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m., by the boys of Santa Cruz, and physical culture demonstrations by the boys and girls of Lokamanya Seva Sangh Kumari Krishnabai Limaye Vyayamshala of Vile Parle tomorrow (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME AT PATHE

Pathe will be showing "Last Days of Pompeii" from to-day and until Thursday. The Picture needs no introduction. It is undoubtedly one of the most spectacular pictures recently made and is worth seeing several times.

BABY AND HEALTH WEEK ASSOCIATION

The eleventh annual general meeting of the Association will be held at the Civil Secretariat, Bombay on Wednesday April 29, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) under the presidentship of Her Excellency Lady Brabourne.

DADABHAI NAOROJI MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION

The adjourned annual and special general meetings of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association, will be held on Saturday 25th instant at 11 a.m. at Messrs. N. Powell and Co., Lamington Road, Bombay.

REGAL
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HARRY BAUR
PENELOPE DUDLEY WARD
LAWRENCE OLIVIER
in United Artistes'
MOSCOW NIGHTS
The Glamorous Revelry Of
Moscow Night Life!
WILD—GLITTERING
Orgies of Song and Dance!
Also Latest
"SILLY SYMPHONY"
entitled
"COOKIE CARNIVAL"
ALSO THE
"BOAT RACE"
watch CAMBRIDGE win it for the 13th time in succession!

AIR MAILS TO HONG KONG

New Service To Operate From April 23 In Bombay

At present air mail articles (letters, postcards and packets) posted in this country for Hong Kong and China are despatched from Calcutta, Akyab and Rangoon by the French (Air France) service to Hanoi (French Indo-China), whence they are transmitted by the surface route to destinations. Air mail articles for Japan are sent by the Indian Trans-Continental Airways' service to Singapore for onward transmission by the surface route to destinations.

Imperial Airways, Limited, have now introduced a weekly air mail service from Penang to Hong Kong. This service connects at Penang with one of the twice-weekly services of the England-India-Malaya air mail service in both directions and operates according to the following time-table:—

Northbound.—Penang dep. Monday; Hong Kong arr. Tuesday.

Southbound.— Hong Kong dep. Friday; Penang arr. Saturday.

From April 23.

Air mail correspondence (i.e., letters, postcards and packets) for Hong Kong China and Japan will be accepted at all post offices in India for transmission by air to Hong Kong by the new service operating in connection with the Indian Trans-Continental Airways' service. The first despatch will be sent by the eastbound aeroplane of the Indian Trans-Continental Airways leaving Karachi on April 23 and Calcutta and Rangoon on April 25. Air mail correspondence for China and Japan will be sent from Hong Kong by surface transport to destinations. The use of the French (Air France) service to the East will be restricted to the despatch from Calcutta, Akyab and Rangoon of air mail articles for French Indo-China only

The rates of air mail fees applicable to air mail correspondence from India for Hong Kong, China and Japan are 4 annas per half ounce, in addition to ordinary postage, for letters and packets and 4 annas inclusive of ordinary postage, per postcard. The superscription on such correspondence will be India-Hong Kong.

Suspension of Bombay-Trivandrum Service.

The Bombay-Trivandrum weekly air mail service will cease operation with the northbound flight leaving Trivandrum on Monday the 20th April 1936. The last southbound flight will leave Bombay for Trivandrum on Wednesday the 15th of April 1936. The service will be re-opened after the monsoon, on a date which will be notified later. Air mails for and from places served by this service will be diverted to the Karachi-Madras Air Service.

THE B. E. S. & T. COMPANY LTD.

The B. E. S. and T. Co.'s gross receipts for March last were: Electric supply Rs. 8,07,951.

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) Rs. 6,18,690.

JAMIAT SHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN

The fourth annual general meeting of the Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen will take place on Thursday the 30th instant at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Jamiat's Hall.

A. I. T. U. CONGRESS SESSION

A meeting of the members of the Reception Committee and of sympathisers will be held in the office of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Indira Building, Poibavdi, Parel) to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m.

BHULESHWAR CONGRESS

A meeting of the members of the Managing Council of Bhuleshwar Congress Committee will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee Office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road.

ENGLISH MAILS

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Narkunda' with the mails from London of 9th instant arrived at Aden at 6 a.m. on the 19th idem and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Thursday the 23rd instant.

The 'Narkunda' will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 11 p.m. the same day.

DHARIWAL KNITTING YARN COMPETITION

Owing to the popularity of this competition and on account of repeated requests from Burma and other places far afield the closing date of this competition has been extended to May 31st.

VILE PARLE'S REPRESENTATION

Public Protest Against Municipality's Decision

The following resolutions were passed at a largely attended public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle held under the auspices of the Lokmanya Seva Sangh, the Property Holders' Association at the Residents' Association at the Tilak Mandir on Sunday last when Mr. T. M. Pardhy presided, and Messrs. G. B. Deo, C. P. Killawala and others spoke:—

"This public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle strongly protests against the decision of the Municipality to allot equal number of seats to the extended area viz. Andheri, etc., in spite of the fact that the old area of the Municipality viz. Vile Parle has larger population than the extended area.

In arriving at this decision secured by the casting vote of the President, the Municipal Board have ignored the basic principle of representation on population basis or the basis of franchise roll per ward.

This public meeting resolves that the Collector of Bombay Suburban District and the Commissioner Northern Division be requested not to accord their statutory sanction to the Municipality's above proposal before further investigation of the matter.

"This public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle strongly protests against the exorbitant charges levied by the Bombay Suburban Electric Supply Ltd., for electric energy consumed by the Municipality for street lighting and by the residents for domestic purposes and requests the Company to reduce their present rates.

If the Company do not show adequate response to this public protest and fail to reduce their charges for street-lighting and for other purposes, this meeting recommends to the house owners that they should discontinue their connections as a protest."

Citizens' Address To Ex-Mayor Nariman

The citizens of Bombay will pay tribute to their popular ex-Mayor Mr. K. F. Nariman in appreciation of his services to the city by presenting an Address from the city at a public meeting to be held at the Town Hall on Thursday 23rd instant at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.).

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will preside and prominent citizens will address the meeting.

Music And Treatment Of Diseases

(From A Correspondent.)

On Saturday last Dr. M. S. Mehrahomoeopath—in a lecture on the subject showed how music was connected with medicine and astrology and several other sciences.

Dr. Mehr is writing a book on this subject which is to be out shortly.

GUJARAT SOCIETY

A special meeting of the Committee of the Gujarat Society will be held today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. in the Chamber of Sjt. Ambalal Parikh Advocate, at Jambulwadi, Kalbadevi Road, when amongst other things, the questions of publicly congratulating Messrs. Mohanlal Desai, Advocate and Behram N. Karanjia on their being elected as Chairmen of the Standing Committee and the Works Committee of the Bombay Corporation respectively, as also to sympathise with the very just stand taken by the Bombay Taxi drivers for four anna mileage.

MALARIA MOSQUITOS IN BOMBAY

The Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, writes to say that Anopheles Stephensi, (the Malaria-carrying mosquitos) were detected at Nesbit Road, (Channel and Fountain) during the week ending April 11.

St. JOHN AMBULANCE

Governor Urges Training Of Nursing Divisions

H. E. the Governor of Bombay in the course of his speech at the annual general meeting of the St. John Ambulance Association, Bombay Provincial Centre, on Monday said:—

The competitions this year were undoubtedly a success, and have, I hope, added zest to the work of the Association. I could have wished that local competitors had been more prominent among the prize winners, and I hope that the results have fired their determination to come to the front next time. I would like to congratulate the Parsi Nursing Division Bombay "A" Team and the Parsi Cadet Division Bombay "A" Team on being second in the Countess of Willingdon Ambulance Challenge Bowl and the Chetwode Ambulance Challenge Shield respectively.

I am glad to see that the number of members enrolled, classes organised and certificates issued shows a steady increase during the past four years, but the number of certificates is still very small relative to the population of the Presidency, and is far below that for Bengal and the Punjab.

The report shows that the activities of the Association have been carried on steadily throughout the year. The Quetta Earthquake seemed likely to call for a considerable amount of work from Bombay, but, though the response was ready, the decision not to send injured so far away prevented any actual assistance from being rendered.

Last year I commended to your attention the scheme for V. A. D. training for members of the Ambulance Nursing Divisions. This would be most valuable in forming a nucleus of voluntary trained nurses available for duty in our local hospitals in case of emergency. I am sorry that this scheme has not made much headway.

The share which this Association received from the Silver Jubilee Memorial Fund is Rs. 16,000.

While referring to the Brigade I should like to express my sympathy with those Divisions which have difficulty in finding suitable parade grounds and headquarters for their weekly meetings. The ideal arrangement would be a central ground on which the Ambulance Corps could meet as a corps more regularly than in the past. This would make combined drill possible.

I have pleasure in announcing that I have decided to make the following nominations as Vice-Presidents for the coming year:—

Dr. Miss Meherbai Todiwalla; Sir Kikabhai Premchand; Sir Phiroze Sethna; Sir Hormusji Mehta; Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha; Sir Ness Wadia; Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram; Sir Cowasji Jehangir; Messrs. V. N. Chandavarkar; Behram Karanjia and Sultan Chinoy; and Dr. D'Monte.

In conclusion, I would like to congratulate the Centre on the steady all-round progress which has been made. In particular I must mention the Chairman, Mr. Wiles, Dr. Clayton, the Hon. Secretary, who have worked untiringly for the Association.

HARIJAN BOY TOPS LIST

The Summer Gathering of the Jogeshwari English School was held at Saraswati Baug on the 19th instant under the presidentship of Mr. Govindrao Fenani when the present and past students of the school mustered strong at the Club Hall.

The Head-master of the school Mr. Patkar gave an account of the school's progress and read out the results which were nearly 100 per cent. showing how particular attention was given to each pupil.

One Harijan boy stood first at the examination in one of the standards.

The president in his speech made a valuable suggestion that the students of the school should be medically examined once a year. The function ended with light refreshments.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Tribute To Nariman

The Bombay Municipal Corporation paid its tribute to the service rendered by the Sjt Mayor, Mr. Nariman. As Sir Phiroze, Sethna said Mr. Narimans' name would be included in the list of Bombay's six best and greatest Mayors. The citizens of Bombay will pay their tribute to Mr. Nariman in a public meeting in the Town Hall at 6-15 p.m. on Thursday. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will preside. There is no doubt the Town Hall will be overcrowded on that day

Bombay And Congress

The Lucknow session of the Indian National Congress has decided upon increasing the number of members of All-India Congress Committee from the city of Bombay from two to four. Even the number of delegates from the city are to be increased. At the last elections some of those who had been sitting members of the A.I.C.C. did not find themselves in it because Bombay's quota was reduced from seven to two. The amendments to the Constitution would certainly help some well-known Congressmen in the city to get into the B. P. C. C. The General Secretary of the Congress has already addressed letters to the Provincial Congress Committees to immediately implement the amendmnts passed at Lucknow and before long Bombay would be having Congress elections.

Honouring Wacha's Memory

TO-MORROW'S TOWN HALL MEETING

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay convened by the Sheriff to place on record the loss sustained by the country owing to the death of Sir Dinshaw Wacha will be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 22nd instant at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

The following resolutions will be placed before the meeting.

RESOLUTION NO. 1.

That Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad be appointed as Chairman of the meeting.

Proposed by: Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Kt.

Seconded by: Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I.

Chairman's Address.

Reading of letters and messages.

RESOLUTION NO. 2.

This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the death of Sir Dinshaw Wacha in February last. In him the country has lost a genuine patriot who devoted his life in selfless work for his country without fear or favour for more than half a century.

He was one of the founders of the Indian National Congress, served it as General Secretary for 17 years and as its President in 1901, and by his intense devotion to its work for more than 30 years, raised its status and prestige as a national institution for the regeneration of his country. He was closely associated with the work of leading institutions in the city like the Bombay Presidency Association, the Bombay Mill-owners' Association and the Indian Merchants' Chamber, and by his vast knowledge, and steady industry materially contributed towards the solution of the political, economic and financial problems of the country. As a member of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay for 30 years and its President in 1901, he was closely identified with the civic life of Bombay in all its aspects. Being deeply versed in all questions of public administration, he rendered valuable service as a member of the Legislatures, both provincial and central.

His simple and strenuous life, consecrated to the service of his country, and his staunch and abiding faith in its glorious destiny will prove a shining example and a stimulating inspiration to his countrymen, who are united in mourning his loss.

Resolved that a copy of the above resolution be forwarded by the Chairman of this meeting to the family of the deceased.

Proposed by: The Hon. Sir Phiroze C. Sethna, Kt., O.B.E.

Seconded by: Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta (Mayor of Bombay).

Supported by: Mr. Francis Low, Sir Govindrao B. Pradhan, Kt., Mr. Meyer Nissim, Mr. D. G. Dalvi Mr. Husseinbhoy A. Lalji, M.L.A.

RESOLUTION NO. 3.

This Public Meeting resolves to perpetuate the memory of the late Sir Dinshaw Wacha by raising a suitable memorial and hereby appoints a Committee of the following gentlemen (to be named at the meeting) with power to co-opt, to collect funds for the purpose and to take all necessary steps to implement this resolution.

Proposed by: Mr. K.F. Nariman.

Seconded by: Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., C.I.E.

Supported by: Mr. A. D. Shroff, Mr. B. N. Gokhale, Mr. A. G. Gray.

RESOLUTION NO. 4

That a vote of thanks be accorded to the Sheriff for his having kindly convened this meeting.

Proposed by: Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar.

Seconded by: Mr. S. A. Brelvi.

RESOLUTION NO. 5

That a vote of thanks be accorded to Sir Chimanlal Setalvad for having presided over this meeting.

Proposed by: Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri.

Seconded by: Mr. S. D. Saklatvala.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

On Saturday the Aryan Education Society's English School at Khar held its annual social gathering and prize distribution at which Mr. M. S. Jayakar, Collector of Bombay and Suburban District, presided.

In the course of the report which was read by the Superintendent, Mr. N. L. Ghangurde, it was stated that great progress had been made by the school.

Mr. Ghangurde referred to the inspection report of the Bombay Educational Department which expressed general satisfaction with the institution. He said that the Society's Council intended to develop the school into a full-fledged High School.

In his speech the Collector said: "that your Society should have opened this school with such high ideals here in Khar, which is a model suburb, ought to be a source of great satisfaction to many a parent in this locality". He then spoke on the various developments that have taken place in Khar and said that the water problem is receiving proper attention from the authorities concerned.

The C. K. P. Club hall where the function was held was crowded and the school children gave a variety entertainment.

ANNUAL PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

Yesterday I met the Principal of St. Andrews High School who told me that the school final examinations had nearly concluded and the school was to hold its annual prize distribution on Sunday next at the school hall at 6. p.m. and that the Hon. Sir Robert D. Bell, Home Member, Government of Bombay, will preside.

Very soon the Schools in the city and the suburbs will be closing for their May vacations and the school going population will be worried to spend their holidays, which reminds me that I ought to tell you that the Seth Anandilal Poddar High School at Santa Cruz is having a summer holiday camp at Juhu which is to be conducted on modern lines—I am sure it will provoke a good response.

THE CHINESE ENTERTAINERS

At The Capitol

The Chinese entertainers, the Chiang-Wei-Revue to call it by its appropriate name, have been drawing popular attention. For one thing it is a non-stop revue. For another, the best of the reasons, it is thoughtfully varied.

There is breath taking magical feats, acrobatic turns. And, song hits and clever dancing.

The Chiang-Wei-Revue is good entertainment for a light evening.

AHMED SAEED'S LECTURE

Maulana Ahmed Saeed Secretary, Jamiat-ul-Ulema-e-Hind, will deliver a public lecture at Hoossaini Baug, Madanpura, to-day (Tuesday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Pathe Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1936

PLIGHT OF VILLAGES

The new Viceroy's love for agriculture is well-known and in his broadcast address delivered on Saturday he earnestly appealed to the District Officers "to strive their utmost to know their villages," to get into closer touch with the villagers and study their wants, reminding them that "the Tent is mightier than the Pen." The ring of sincerity in the appeal is unmistakable. But even if the advice really induces the District Officers to tour round the villages, it will not make much difference in the administration of the villages. There are ever so many barriers between the Officers and the villagers. Indeed, it could not be otherwise in the present circumstances. Many of the Officers are still non-Indians for all the talk of Indianisation. They are, after all, birds of passage and ignorant of the ways and language of the people. Even Indian Officers succumb to the irresponsive bureaucratic system. Nay, the kinder among the Indian Officers are often afraid of appearing to be in close touch with the people lest they should be suspected of political leanings. The whole thing is unnatural, the inevitable result of the unnatural subjection of one country to another. The position cannot be appreciably better under the so-called provincial autonomy of the new Constitution, as the Officers' responsibility to the Minister is considerably circumscribed by the safeguards in their favour and their relations with the Governor, who possesses dictatorial powers.

Overhaul The System

Let us suppose, however, that District Officers do study their villagers. Is it suggested that they will then make fresh discoveries unknown all these years? The major ills of the villages are patent to the most casual observer, at any rate to the disinterested Indian observer. They are, to mention but a few, the crushing incidence of the land tax, the consequent exaction of high rents from the tenants by the landlords, the alarming indebtedness of the peasants, the deterioration of land for want of investment in manures, neglect of education and sanitation, and a whole brood of evils arising from poverty, illiteracy and insanitation. Every District Officer knows this, if he has a heart and observing eyes, the higher authorities, too, know this. These are the very grievances set-forth at the various peasants' conferences that are now-a-days being held all over the country. But substantial relief to the villagers means less revenue to Government, which does not quite suit the officers' clamour for high salaries and allowances. Thus the grievances remain practically unredressed and will rtmain so even if more is spent on the Officers' tours and tent life unless the whole system is over-haulted.

Viceroy's Duty

Provincial reports of the Agricultural Departments fail to bring out the real state of things in the villages. The Bombay Report, for instance, for the year 1934-35, just issued, has little or nothing to say about the steady deterioration of the land, the growing indebtedness of the agriculturists, the enormous unemployment among them and such other evils that dominate the agriculturists' lives. Agriculture being the main occupation in the Presidency, as in the country as a whole, one would expect there would be at least one agricultural school in every district to teach improved methods of cultivation to the villagers. But the report shows that in addition to the Agricultural College at Poona, there are but two agricultural schools in the Presidency. Very little is being done by way of promoting village industries. The report refers to a number of schemes to improve agriculture, but many of them seem to be mere paper schemes, presumably for want of funds. By failing to invest liberally in the improvement of agriculture Government are following a suicidal policy of starving the goose that lays the golden egg. The Viceroy will do well to study once again the most urgent wants of the villages in consultation with leaders like Mahatma Gandhi, who knows the Indian villages better than any other man in India.

Disgusted

According to our London correspondent, certain members of Parliament are indignant at what one of them aptly calls the persecution of Mr. Subhas Bose. They are said to be disgusted with the surveillance to which Mr. Bose was subjected by the authorities even on board the S.S. "Conte-Verde" when it neared Port Said. Our correspondent refers to the report that when the ship reached Port Said the police seized Mr. Bose's passport, kept a watch on his movements and gave the passport to the purser and not to Mr. Bose. It is said to be likely that an explanation will be demanded in the Commons on Monday next of the treatment meted out to Mr. Bose. We do not think much will come of the debate in the Commons, but it is necessary that questionable methods should not go entirely unchallenged.

It will be remembered that some days ago an Independent Labour Party's deputation, headed by Mr. James Maxton, M. P., met Mr. R. A. Butler, the Under-Secretary of State for India, about Mr. Bose's detention without trial. Mr. Butler gave the stereotyped explanation that Government were satisfied with the evidence against Mr. Bose but that if they were to bring him to a court of law the sources of information about revolutionary organisations would soon be dried up. If such a plea were valid it would mean the extinction of law courts or their retention only on the sufferance of the executive. It is a sign of what President Jawaharlal calls the growing fascist mentality of the authorities in India.

Commendable Lead

Addressing a gathering at Lyalpur, Maulana Ataullah Shah Bukhari, the well-known Ahrar leader, appealed to the Musalmans to participate in the National movement and to use khaddar. The speech is a welcome sign of the Ahrar Party's intention to work among Musalmans for Nationalism and the Congress. Maulana Bukhari's lead cannot be too highly commended, especially in view of the disappointing response to circumstances and fundamental obligations by the Muslim League. Musalmans ought to realise that real patriotic duty lies not in defending the Communal Award—which confers absolutely no benefit on the mass of Muslims—and quarrelling with the Congress but in joining the latter in the struggle to achieve freedom for India. And just as service of the National cause is the duty of Musalmans, so is broad-minded tolerance the National duty of patriotic Hindus. In this connection we commend to them the spirit of sympathy and tolerance towards minorities displayed by His Majesty the King of Afghanistan who has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 14,000 for the repair of Hindu temples in his kingdom.

SIR DINSHA WACHA

Some Reminiscences

(By M. B. Kolaskar).

In this article I shall confine myself mainly to such reminiscences of the late Sir Dinsha Wacha as are connected with the Indian National Congress. One such relates to the Madras session in the year when Mr. Webb, the Irish M. P., prsided. Mr. Erdley Norton, the great and versatile Barrister-at-Law of Madras, was one of the great philo-Indians of the day and was then the Madras Member of the Imperial Council and his caustic oratory and wit had estranged many a European in the country. He was always in hot water in society over his piccadillos. A petition for divorce was presented by a Mysore or Coorg planter, with Norton as the co-respondent. On hearing of which, Norton resigned his seat in Council and returned to Madras. He was a "persona grata "with Madrasis and was elected as delegate to the Congress from several important towns. But his opponents opened a counter-propaganda to have him driven out of the Congress. A Puritanist Party was formed at Madras led by a professor, Naidoo, I believe, was his name, and Sir Subramania Iyer, who later on acted as the Chief Justice of High Court, Madras. They found some support from Bengal, especially from one Revd. Mr. Bannerji, and one Miss Muller, an English lady visitor to India, who were determined to make the Congress a farce, unless Norton was expelled.

Wacha Intervenes ...

Mr. J. Ghosal, the Congress Secretary, was an extremely passive man and he appealed to Sir Dinsha, then Mr. Wacha, to come to his rescue in smoothing matters and Wacha willingly accepted the proposal. He saw the leaders of the groups and he found that the leaders changed their arguments and ways from hour to hour. Mr. Webb also tried his best with no result and he requested Ranade for help in the impasse. But before that Wacha was already with Ranade, confessed that his straightforward efforts were a failure with the pre-determined 'so-called' Puritans and induced Ranade to go with him to several camps. I was with them.

We first went to the Madras Camp and no sooner did Dinsha meet the leaders than he request ed them to be reasonable and follow Ranade's advice and leave alone a person's private affairs in public concerns of high import. But these self-opinioned leaders had no courtesy even to hear what Ranade had to say and they started clamouring for the expulsion of Norton. Sir Dinsha lost his patience and temper and told the lot that the Congress would be held, without expelling Norton. All got suddenly quiet and Ranade got up and simply said that he was entirely with "Dinsha" and we three walked out of the place.

In Bengal Camp

Almost similar scene was enacted in the Bengal Camp, the Rev. Mr. Bannerji, saying the Blessing of God and Holy Spirit would not be where a bad man like Norton was admitted, etc. I don't know what possessed Sir Dinsha to shout at the top of his voice, "O, Priest, search thy heart" and the worthy member of the cloth collapsed forthwith and sat down dumb-founded. After a couple of minutes or so, the priest minutes or so, the priest got up and complained whether it was right, for Sir Dinsha to insult the cloth. Dinsha retorted at once that "you are a disgrace to the Cloth," while Ranade requested Mr. Bannerji to compose his feelings and then to pray for light from the high. We left. On the way Wacha was rather morose and silent, expecting both the camps to combine to make the sitting of the Congress a failure—the very idea of which he could not bear until Ranade told him that he (Wacha) had done the right thing with such a lot of unreasonable men. And there would be no disturbance at the meeting. The result was on the opening of the session, Miss Muller stalked up the platform and proposed Norton's expulsion in a poor speech hardly audible to those who sat on the third row behind her at the back of the platform and she found "no seconder." She looked bewildered and gazed at her henchmen, said "What, no seconder?" and almost collapsed, slowly walking down from the platform. Norton was there. Wacha triumphed by having a smooth and even temper throughout the sittings.

(To Be Continued).

Congress, A Joint Anti-Imperialist Front

Some Reflections On The Lucknow Session

By CONGRESSMAN.

The Lucknow session, known as the Golden Jubilee session of the Congress, has completed its deliberations. The President for the year, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, has also selected his Cabinet. Those leaders and delegates who had foregathered there to discuss and decide the destinies of the Congress movement for the Independence of the country have dispersed to their respective places. The first flare of excitement and reactions to the decisions have given place to maturer and calmer reflection. Now, therefore, one can sit and discuss those decisions in their application to the situation in the country

"Congress Of Conflicts"

In his address to the All-India Congress Committee immediately after the plenary session Pandit Jawaharlal made one of the frankest speeches. "This Congress has been a Congress of conflicts," he said. If anything this Golden Jubilee session will long be remembered as another and more important landmark in the long history of the Indian National Congress. The clash of ideas has never before been more pronounced, more boldly expressed. Personalities were never at a lower discount. The Congress has crossed over from the Individual to the Cause, the Cause of Indian Independence. To acknowledge this is to acknowledge much. No more will the Congress movement depend on individuals to work miracles. Hereafter it will be the Cause and the Principles governing that Cause that will be the beacon of light and leadership.

Whatever the defects of the resolutions passed, it is safe to say that the Congress has cast away its old moorings. And it has put on new sails also. Congress has, that is to say, launched on its rough career afresh with new sails and a prouder aim. To this new Congress my greetings. To the daring helsman my obedience and a nation's good wishes.

A Unique Address

Now to get back to Lucknow. The foremost thing that comes to one's mind is the presidential address.

Every action is historically conditioned. The world conditions today are cataclysmic. They only have a place who grasp their significance and act in the correct way. It is that which Jawaharlal has propounded in what must be termed a unique presidential address, the like of which has seldom come from a Congress President. I do not wonder that the address came something like a blow, a shock to some "old colleagues."

All sound actions are based on sound theory. Without theory there cannot be action. And action without a sound theoretical basis is at best only a momentary excitement and must end when the excitement cools down or exhausts the actor. They alone are fitted for purposive leadership and sustained activity who have a full understanding of the movement of society from epoch to epoch and the social conflicts which form the history of human society.

Conscious Of Limitations

Jawaharlal's presidential address shows rare grasp of these factors. As an intellectual he has before his mind's eye the whole picture of the world in chaos, the currents and under-currents that work for the next stage of social evolution and how India and her struggle for freedom can fit in with the scheme of things that are shaping. While he has the clear vision of the path which has to be trod if India should progress towards a happy future, he takes account of the practical difficulties too. That is why he is prepared to accommodate himself to the material he has at hand. It is the bad workman who always quarrels with his tools. Pandit Jawaharlal does not.

With the limitations apparent in the situation of the country, he is only too well aware. That is why he does not force the Socialist issue to the breaking point. That is why he has raised the cry of joint anti-imperialist front, purely a democratic movement. While a purely Socialist platform is the platform of class war, a purely anti-imperialist platform minimises the class conflicts by concentration on broad democratic issues affecting all strata of Society. It, however, has to be understood that the vital forces of anti-imperialist struggle are provided by the exploited classes. Anti-imperialist front, therefore, must mean the conscious organisation of these classes. Those forces which stand in opposition to such organisation and its growth have no place in the front.

The President's Lead

That is why Jawaharlal emphasises that the Congress cannot contemplate any alliance with those who opposed the national struggle in the past and others who have nothing in common with the Congress objective of Purna Swaraj—the political and economic freedom of the starving millions, that is to say. That is the road he wants us to travel immediately and those who are in the struggle consciously must lead the country along that road; for, to depart from that road is to walk over to the other one on which are arrayed the forces of reaction. That is Jawaharlal's lead.

Frankly Speaking

TROUBLE IN PALESTINE.

Arab-Jewish riots have again started in Palestine. This is not the first time that such clashes have occurred between the Arabs on the one hand and the Jews or the authorities on the other, resulting in baton charges and even in firing. A state of alarm has been declared, according to a Cairo message, and a Jerusalem report all but confirms it. The disturbances, developing into grave violence are, of course, regrettable. But they are not unexpected. Whatever the immediate provocation for this outburst, the fundamental cause of the Arab discontent is one, namely, the indefensible injustice that has been done to them by the Balfour Declaration. No Arab can possibly reconcile himself to becoming, in his own country, the slave of imported immigrants or to his country passing on to them. But this is what the Balfour Declaration means and so long as its principle remains discontent will continue.

WELCOME HOME.

The public will heartily associate itself with the well-deserved welcome that was extended to the gallant Indian airmen Messrs N. F. Dalal, K. D. Pochkhanawala and Manmohan Singh the other day. They have displayed undaunted courage and determination, during their flights over uncharted wildernesses of Africa, in a degree of which any nation would be proud. As Mr. Jamnadas Mehta very truly observed, they have brought honour to their country by their splendid achievement despite so many trials and tribulations. We are proud to welcome these young men who have put their motherland on the aerial map of the world. And we sincerely hope that patriotic Indians—if not the Government—will enable them to achieve further and greater triumphs for their country.

DR. DESHMUKH'S BILL.

The Bill regarding the rights of Hindu women to property, which was introduced by Dr. Deshmukh in the Legislative Assembly and is now circulated for public opinion will, we trust, be heartily welcomed throughout the country. It is a step in the right direction and it is to be hoped that not only will it become law in due time, but that it will be the harbinger of further much-needed reform. The economic position of Hindu women under the present law is extremely unsatisfactory and it is evident that Indian women are smarting under this injustice. Only recently the Lucknow Women's Conference raised the banner of economic independence. Dr. Deshmukh's Bill is calculated only to remove the most glaring anomalies and as a matter of fact some of the Indian States have already given a liberal lead in this respect. We have no doubt, therefore, that the principle of the Bill will receive widespread, public support.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

Constituted as it is, popular causes seldom get support in the Council of State. Thus it only vindicated its past reputation—in fact, its 'raison d'etre'—when it rejected Lala Jagdish Prasad's resolution urging the establishment of a separate civil medical service in India independently of the "Indian Medical Service," which was primarily a military service. There is a general feeling in the country against the I.M.S. system and particularly against its monopolization by British doctors. The Congress and the U. P. Council, as the mover pointed out, are among the important organizations that have often demanded that an end be put to this system which is out-of-date. What the country needs is a nation-wide system of civil medical service staffed by Indian doctors, whose services should be available to the poorest in India. The top-heavy I.M.S. is of no use in a country the greater part of whose population lives in the villages.

ABSURD OBJECTION

As for the plea put forward by Government Spokesmen in defence of the British predominance in the Medical Service, it is utterly unconvincing. Both Major General Sprawson and Sir Jagadish Prasad said that British medical men were essential for the treatment of British officers and their families. Besides involving an absurd racial taboo, this argument creates a vicious circle. We are first saddled with British officers in the Civil and Military services and then we are asked to pay fat salaries to British medical men to treat these Officers and their families. Anyway, the resolution did not urge the scrapping of the I.M.S.—though that too would have been quite a reasonable demand. It only urged the constitution of a civil medical service for the needs of the thirty-three crores of Indian civil population. And by rejecting it Government have only given another proof of their being irresponsive to the needs and wishes of the people.

Cinema Tickets

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of April 13th your staff correspondent has drawn attention to ramp of seeing tickets by outsiders at increased rates this is an evil, in which the theatrewalla participates, and should be stopped. But I want to draw attention to another nuisance which is getting common to Indian films exhibitors that when a film is a draw they begin to charge children full rates, which otherwise they do not and they do not reserve high class seats in advance, as foreign films running theatres are doing. This is purely a 'swadeshi' evil and unless it checked, it will hurt the swadeshi enterprise. When patronage is asked for swadeshi enterprise, the film exhibitor is expected to practise it first himself. I trust this evil will be arrested at an early stage.—Yours, etc.

L. R. TAIRSEE.
April, 14.

Best Omnibus Service

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

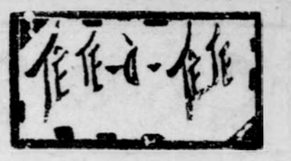
Sir,—I have seen a notification by the B. E. S. T. Co., regarding the alterations and additions in bus services from 1st April.

An additional omnibus service "Route G" has been introduced between Crawford Market and Tardeo tram terminus (via Bombay Central, New Nagpada, J. J. Hospital and Mahomedally Road). These buses have very often been noticed running practically empty, and considering the route selected for this service it is doubtful whether it would pay the Company to run this service.

It is highly desirable that the four important stations, Dadar Tram Terminus, Bombay Central, Byculla, and Grant Road, be connected by a bus service. At present there is no direct bus service between, these stations, and the facilities afforded to the public by such a bus service, and the increased traffic, are obvious and advantageous both to the public and the Company.

I hope the B. E. S. T. Co., will kindly give this matter their prompt attention.—Yours, etc.

F. K. B.



WITHOUT COMMENT.

NEW DELHI, April 19.

It is understood that Pundit Malaviya, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, has sent a telegram of welcome to Lord Linlithgow, the new Viceroy, expressing hope that during his Viceroyalty better relations will be established.—United Press.

* * * *

Addressing the District officials, Lord Linlithgow said: "For you, in your own generation, it remains abundantly true that the Tent is mightier than the Pen."

And to carry the Viceregal analogy further—the Viceregal Lodge is stronger than the Press!

* * * *

Don't say the analogy is inelegant or the paradox crude. Literary artists may turn up their respective noses, but they cannot deny the truth of either.

* * * *

Congress M.L.A.'s have decided to carry on a campaign of educative propaganda about their work etc. in the country.

We wish them success. But they can't beat the wireless, we are afraid.

* * * *

The "Mai Bap" Speaks.

To emphasize his intention of remaining strictly neutral in dealing with the different communities, His Excellency referred to the impartiality that he observes with his children.

A very apt analogy, no doubt!

* * * *

"Among my children," he said, "I have no favourite."

Nor will he have, we are quite sure, any favourites among the Indian communities—not even collectively.

* * * *

Apropos of Bombay Muslim Leaguers' praise of Lord Willingdon and the new Reforms, "A Muslim," asks: "Will Mr. Jinnah also throw light on this strange performance of his colleagues of the Muslim League?"

Mr. Jinnah won't, at least he mustn't for (1) It would be cruel and unwarranted injustice to light to throw it on that "strange performance" and (2) It might constitute a troublesome, in fact, indefinitely tiresome, precedent.

* * * *

The Irish representative at the recent Naval Conference did not sign the treaty because, since Ireland possesses only one vessel, to do so "would be too ironical an act."

"Our" Mr. Butler, however, was quite unburdened with any sense of irony or humour. In fact he even made an eloquent speech on behalf of India as a Naval Power.

* * * *

AUTONOMY IS THEIR GOAL.

Kapurthala State Peoples' Demand.

—Headline.

We hope it doesn't turn into gaol.

* * * *

On the eve of his departure Lord Willingdon wrote in a letter to the U. P. Game Preservation Association that "the varied and beautiful heritage of wild life with which northern India has been endowed, constitutes an asset which if it is ever lost can never be replaced."

Indians, of course, are not wild animals.

* * * *

According to a Press report published by Bori Bunder, "a crowd of 900 people gathered on the Marina in Madras' to hear the new Viceroy's broacast."

Where had the rest taken themselves off to? Marina, our Madrasi colleague tells us, is always crowded with thousands of people on non-Viceregal broadcast days!

* * * *

"Sleep," says a writer, "is fundamentally work.'

Now we understand why some friends of our suffer from insomnia.

* * * *

Why We Yawn

—Magazine article headline.

Another boring tale.

In Legislative Assembly

Yamin Khan Steals Congress Thunder

Denounces Government Policy Regarding Duty On Wheat As "Most Crooked"

ANEY AND BHULABHAI PITTED AGAINST EACH OTHER

(From Our Own Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 20.

Despite sparse attendance several surprises were sprung on the Assembly to-day. Sir Yamin Khan who is one of Government's strongest supporters in the House appeared in a different role to-day,—stealing the thunder of the Congress benches and speaking with unexpected vehemence on the Wheat Bill.

The Meerut Knight attacked Government's policy as "most crooked" and said that it was driving the peasant to Socialism. Government Policy, he declared, was forcing the hands even of those who were most loyal. Sir Yamin Khan's vigorous denunciation was received with thunderous applause from the Congress Benches.

HIGH COURTS BILL

The debate on the High Courts Bill disclosed a strange spectacle of Mr. Aney and Mr. Desai being pitted against each other. While the former demanded circulation of the Bill and raised doubts on the legality and equity of its provisions the latter in a trenchant speech supported the Bill and objected to dilatory tactics. At the voting time, however Mr. Desai and several Congress members remained neutral. Only 29 voted for Mr. Aney's motion.

PRIVILEGES AND RIGHTS.

Just towards the close of the proceedings Mr. Satyamurthi raised an important point of order with a view to seek the chair's protection against, what he called the trick which Government wanted to play upon the House to deprive it of its privileges. His complaint was that by allowing the Wheat Bill to lapse on the 31st March last and bringing it forward as a new measure now with a reduced duty, Government had by subterfuge, deprived, the members of their rights. If the Bill had been brought, before the 31st March members could have brought amendments retaining the last year's duty without the previous sanction of the Governor General. But as it was introduced now they were obliged to seek the Governor-General's sanction for the amendment. Mr. Satyamurti argued ably, but the President's ruling went against him.

Official bills were discussed today in the Legislative Assembly, the most contentious being a bill intended to establish the validity of certain proceedings in the high courts.

Sir N. N. Sircar answering Mr. S. Satyamurthi said that it was impossible to make a forecast as to the probable date of the inauguration of the Federation, as stated already it was expected in a few months time that a revised draft of the Instrument of Accession would be available for communication through local political authorities concerned to the Indian States individually with a view to detailed negotiations when their comments had been received.

FUTURE OF BERAR.

Mr. Satyamurthi asked in a supplementary question whether there were any negotiations proceeding with regard to Berar and whether they would affect the political situation in Berar and whether the people of Berar would be consulted prior to any change.

Sir N. N. Sircar said that he wanted notice.

Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyengar had given notice of several questions on the appointments of medical officers in Delhi and New Delhi, but he was not present to put them. The questions on the list were, however, answered in 25 minutes.

Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyengar, who had returned then, cited the practice in the House of Commons where within the stipulated question time any questions not previously put could be answered.

The President agreed to this course pending an examination of the practice in the House of Commons (cheers).

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Sir N. N. Sircar speaking on the Decrees and Order Validating Bill referred to two judgments passed on 26th August and 11th September last year by the Court of the Judicial Commissioner, Central Provinces, holding that certain decrees passed by the Bombay High Court in the exercise of jurisdiction which that Court conceived it possessed, under Clause 12 of its Letters Patent, were made without jurisdiction. Hence Clause 12 of the letters Patent of the Bombay High Court which is identical in terms with clause 12 of the Madras and Clause 10 of the Calcutta High Courts had been variously interpreted by the several high courts and the question amending it was under consideration Meanwhile, the Bill was intended to obviate the inconvenience to parties which would result, if decrees passed by one High Court proved infructuous in another Court holding a different interpretation.

Continuing Sir N. N. Sircar said that a dilatory motion like the one for reference to a Select Committee would be harmful.

CIRCULATE IT.

Mr. Aney moved that the Bill be circulated for eliciting opinion by 31st July. He said that by doing so the House would be able to know the views of the judgment debtor who also would be mainly affected by the Bill. For, in some cases, he would be called upon to cover a distance of three to four hundred miles to defend himself

NOT SO HARMLESS.

Mr. G. D. Gupta opposing the Bill said that it was not altogether a harmless Bill. Why should the House pass a legislation which had the support of only one High Court, namely the Bombay High Court?

Lala Shamlal feared, if the Bill were passed, some unscrupulous persons in the City of Bombay would get fraudulent decrees to arrest persons living outside Bombay Presidency.

Mr. Kazmi said that it was not such a cursory matter as could be decided immediately. They must get the views of the general public.

The House rose for lunch.

Sirdar Sant Singh said that even the Privy Council was against the view of the Bombay High Court regarding the question of jurisdiction. The business of the Legislature should be to discourage wrong interpretation of law.

BHULABHAI'S VIEW.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai expressing his personal opinion said that in equity and in the interests of commercial stability, the House could not but take the view of the Bombay High Court. By stopping the passage of the Bill, they would not be facilitating the business of sellers of cotton in the Central Provinces through Bombay. Mr. Desai was cheered from the official benches.

MR. ANEY'S AMENDMENT LOST.

Sir N. N. Sircar did not reply and two official members proposed closure of the debate to which the House agreed.

Mr. Aney's motion for circulation was put and rejected by 53 votes to 29. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and several Congressites remained neutral.

The motion for consideration of the Bill was passed.

Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyengar moved that Clause Two of the bill be omitted.

This motion too was rejected and the Bill was passed without any further debate.

WHEAT DUTY.

Debate was resumed on the Tariff Bill relating to the wheat duty. Sardar Mangal Singh continuing his unfinished speech alleged that Government had reduced the duty for the sake of the millers of Bombay and Calcutta. He wished for the sake of wheat growers, Government might fix one duty for a number of years.

WARNING TO GOVT.

Sir Muhamed Yamin Khan, after describing the plight of the agriculturists, warned the Government that peasants would be driven into the arms of the Socialists and Government would be wiped off in a few years if the present low prices were allowed to remain for the sake of protecting interests represented by Mr. Morgan.

KISAN DEMANDS.

Prof. Ranga doubted if the previous speaker was a genuine believer in the 'Kisan' cause and thought that the speech was made for election purposes. The 'Kisans' ' demands were not for Socialism, but for a minimum standard of living which the prices of their produce should ensure to them.

He wanted extension of the duty to rice and paddy which he said were being exported in large quantities.

COMMERCE MEMBER'S REPLY.

Sir Mohamed Zafrullah replying to the debate said that it was erroneously believed by some members that reduction of the duty would lower the prices of Indian wheat. All that an import duty would do was to keep out foreign wheat which might be offered at lower prices than Indian wheat. If that would not be achieved by the proposed duty, he assured the House, Government would take further action in the matter. The motion for consideration was passed.

AMENDMENT RULED OUT.

When consideration of the Bill clause by clause was taken up, Mr. Govinddas wanted to move an amendment to restore the duty to the level of last year. The President said that previous sanction of the Governor-General was necessary for the amendment.

Mr. Satyamurti argued that such sanction was not necessary as the amendment was proposed merely to restore the duty which was in force till 31st March. As Government had played the trick of letting that Act expire before bringing this mater up, he appealed to the Chair to protect the privileges of the House against Government's trick.

A FRESH DUTY.

Sir Mohamed Zafrullah said that Mr. Satyamurti's position would have been tenable if Government had proposed reduction of the existing duty, but the Bill imposed a fresh duty.

The President upheld the Commerce Member's objection and ruled the various amendments proposing increase in the burden of taxation out of order.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

HUNT FOR "LAL DHANDHORA"

Police Raid House Of Amritsar Labour Leader

AMRITSAR, April 19.

The house of Sardar Mangal Singh, a labour leader and a deportee from Jamshedpur in village Borah Kalan district, Amritsar, was searched by the police under Criminal Law Amendment Act in quest of "Lal Dhandhora No. 3." Nothing incriminating is said to have been found except that the police took away some literature and pamphlets. An adjoining shop was also searched but nothing objectionable was found there.—United Press.

Rudradatt Bharadwaj Released

ALLAHABAD, April 20.

Mr. Rudradatt Bharadwaj, a young Law graduate of the Allahabad University, who had been convicted and sentenced to two years imprisonment in Ahmedabad in July, 1934, under section 124-A for a seditious speech in connection with the textile strike was released to-day.

Mr. Bharadwaj was the General Secretary of the B.B. & C.I. Railway Employees' Union at Bombay at the time of his conviction. —United Press.

"NO CONFIDENCE" IN D. L. B. CHAIRMAN

(From Our Correspondent)

BAREILLY, April 20.

"No confidence" motion against Rai Bahadur Dhakanlal, Chairman District Board, was adopted after two hours discussion. Elaborate police precautions were taken and, Mr. Dedly, Collector was present.

BUXA DETENTION CAMP TO GO

Sequel To Training Scheme For Inmates

CALCUTTA, April 20.

The Associated Press understands that the Buxa Detention Camp will be closed down in the near future and that no detenus will henceforth be sent there. The Camp was started at the end of 1930.

The proposed abolition is believed to be a sequel to the progress of the scheme of training the detenus in agriculture and industries in which a large number of the young men are already employed. —A. P.

It is understood that the Nagpur University authorities have extended compulsory physical education for the Intermediate students to colleges outside Nagpur also.

DUMPING DOES NOT PAY

Japan To Pursue New Foreign Trade Policy

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

CAIRO, April 20.

"Japan will shortly pursue a new foreign trade policy as she has realised that the cut-throat dumping methods have eventually reacted against her own trade," stated Dr. Kasama, the Japanese representative, in Japanese-Egyptian trade negotiations, rejecting the Egyptian proposals to abolish conditionally the 40 per cent surtax on Japanese goods. Dr. Kasama pointed out that Japan might shortly raise the prices of her goods which would result in no dumping and no necessity to pay surtax. This would mean less volume of trade for Japan which, however, was balanced by the increased home export prices.

Dr. Kasama notified the Egyptian Government that Japan was ready to cut her Egyptian exports to an extent equivalent to the value of Japan's cotton purchases from Egypt constituting approximately 25 per cent reduction in Japan's exports to Egypt last year.

SIND'S FINANCES

Governor To Control Department

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

Rules for the control of expenditure out of the revenues of Sind, gazetted to-day provide for a Finance Department which will be controlled by the Governor. There will be a Finance Secretary immediately subordinate to the Governor.

The main functions of the Dept. are to take charge of the account relating to provincial loans, be responsible for the safety and proper employment of the Famine Relief Fund, examine and report on all proposals for increase or reduction of taxation, deal with borrowing by local Government, prepare statement of estimated revenue and expenditure which is laid before the Advisory council for general discussion in each year and advice departments responsible for the collection of revenue regarding the progress of collection and the methods of collection employed.—A.P.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON FISHERMEN

Sequel To Faction Fight In Sylhet Village

SYLHET, April 20.

Police opened fire upon a mob consisting of fishermen when the latter refused to obey their order to disperse and in their turn attacked the police party. Several men on either side were injured.

The disturbance was a sequel to a quarrel between two young men, both Muslims, belonging fishermen and mat-maker classes in a village in the interior of the district.

Following a quarrel the fishermen determined to avenge themselves and assembled in large numbers armed with lathis and other weapons. Ultimately, however, the mob dispersed and peace was restored.

A large number of arrests has been made in this connection.—A. P.

LATEST CALLOVERS

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 20.

Following is the callover on City and Suburban:—

4/1 Rippontor.
11/1 Highlander.
17/2 Finalist.
9/1 Pampasgrass.
100/6 His Reverence.
20/1 Light Tackle.
25/1 the Old Pretender (All taken and offered).

ON 2000 GUINEAS.

Following is the callover on Two-thousand Guineas:—

6/1 Daytona.
13/2 Alijer taken and offered.
13/2 Balhissar offered; 7/1 taken.
100/7 Boswell taken and offered.
100/6 Wyndham offered; 18/1 taken.
20/1 Rhodes Scholar offered; 25/1 taken.
25/1 Payup taken and offered.

ON DERBY.

Following is the call over on Derby:—

13/2 Balahissar offered; 7/1 taken.
13/1 Abjer.
100/7 Stmagnus and Daytona taken and offered.
18/1 Boswell offered; 20/1 taken.
20/1 Rhodes Scholar offered; 22/1 taken.
28/1 Raeburn taken and offered.

NO MEETING IN CIVIC CHAWL

Commissioner Disallows Use By Workers' Union

BOMBAY, April 20.

Walpakhady locality was agog this evening with excitement as a result of the Municipal Commissioner's efforts to prevent a workers' meeting which was organised by the Municipal Workers' Union with the object of supporting the strike of the Bhangis at Broach.

When Srimati Maniben Kara, Mr. Indulal Yagnik and other leaders of the Union went to the Walpakhady Municipal chawls, they were shown an order of the Municipal Commissioner disallowing the holding of the meeting in the chawl compound.

Shrimati Maniben Kara and Mr. Indulal Yagnik, however, circumvented the ban by addressing a most successful meeting on the public road outside the chawls. The meeting adopted a resolution pledging the local workers' support to the Broach strikers and exhorting all not to allow a single worker to proceed to Broach to help the authorities in breaking the strike.

During the course of the meeting the Municipal officials, however, called a police officer who could not prevent the meeting being conducted.—United Press.

LATE Dr. JOE PERREIRA

Bandra School Board's Tribute

An ordinary meeting of the School Board of the Bandra Municipality was held at the office of the School Board on Monday at 7 p. m., when at the outset Mr. J. P. D'mello, a member, moved a resolution on the sad and untimely death of Dr. Joe Perreira, L. M. & S., who as municipal councillor of Bandra over a decade had rendered valuable services. The resolution was seconded by Mr. M.B. Savant and supported by Mr. Yusuf Peerbhoy and unanimously passed, all members standing.

The School Board then adjourned to Monday next without transacting any business, in memory of the deceased.

FRESH LEASE FOR FRONTIER COUNCIL

PESHAWAR, (By Mail).

An extraordinary issue of the Frontier Government Gazette notifies that His Excellency the Governor has extended the term of the N. W. F. P. Legislative Council up to 31st March 1937, the special circumstances in which His Excellency has thought fit to extend the term of the Council being the impending constitutional developments.—A. P.

INDIAN TEAM REACHES TILBURY

Engine Trouble Delays Arrival

LONDON, April 20.

Members of the Indian Cricket Team disembarked at Tilbury this afternoon eight hours late owing to engine trouble.—Reuter's Special.

GOLD MINE TRAGEDY

(SPECIAL CABLE)

MOOSE RIVER. (Nova Scotia) April 20.

Mr. Magill who is reported to have been entombed in a gold mine is dead. The survivor sent an emergency message saying that there are only ten hours to live, unless rescued as flood waters are rising rapidly.

ROOSEVELT'S MISSION FOR CANADA

(SPECIAL CABLE)

NEW YORK, April 20.

President Roosevelt may visit Canada in the summer in order to advance the "good neighbour policy" according to the Washington correspondent of the "Herald Tribune".

The President will stay with the Governor-General.

Mining Boards First Labour Member

JHARIA, (By Mail)

It is reported that Mr. K. N. Sen Gupta, President of the Indian Colliery Labour Union, has been appointed by the Bihar Government as a member of the Mining Board to serve the interest of the miners.

This is perhaps the first time when a labour representative has been appointed to the Mining Board

Ethiopians To "Fight To Death"

INVADERS ONLY 80 MILES ... FROM CAPITAL

Emperor's Fresh Call To Arms Under Penalty Of Flogging And Fine

ADDIS ABABA, April 20.

With the invaders reported to be only eighty miles from the Capital, the Ethiopians are preparing to make a last and desperate stand to defend the city. The citizens' patriotism remains undaunted.

Yesterday a great crowd assembled on the racecourse to hear a proclamation ordering every able-bodied male member of the population to collect arms, ammunition and food, and to be ready to take marching orders under the penalty of a flogging and fine.

Five thousand people have declared their intention of fighting to the death.—Reuter.

DETERMINED TO FIGHT TO END

With the intention of treating the capital as an open town and thus avoid Italian bombing, the Abyssinians together with further recruits hurrying from the Western Provinces will join the Emperor and the Crown Prince in a final stand in the mountains south of Dessie. Though the Emperor's whereabouts are still unknown, he is declared to be determined to fight to the end, and a still accompanied by the most important section of his army.

From Dessie the Italians are apparently moving in two columns one making towards Awash on the railway, and the other is already near Akober approaching the mountains in Northern Shoa whither under cover of rain and cloud which covered the heights the Crown Prince is known to have made an orderly retreat from Dessie.

Even should the Italians occupy Addis Ababa it is believed that the Emperor will retreat to the mountains still further west from which to harass the long line of Italian communication occasioned by their rapid advance.—Reuter.

MORE ITALIAN TROOPS FOR EAST AFRICA

NAPLES, April 20.

Six troop ships left for East Africa yesterday carrying 173 officers and nearly 5,000 men.—Reuter.

Curfew Order In Palestine Towns

Jew Businessmen Flee From Jaffa

JERUSALEM: April 19.

An Order-in-Council has been published, empowering the High Commissioner to implement the emergency regulations.

A British engineer and his wife and child were stoned in Jaffa. All the three are slightly injured.

Jewish sources now report that nine persons are dead in the disturbances and 39 injured, of which 11 seriously.

Curfew order was enforced in Jaffa and Telaviv at 7 p.m. All is quiet in both towns.

According to Jewish sources, three Jews were killed and a score injured in Jaffa. It is rumoured that there were several fatalities amongst the Arabs.

The Jewish businessmen in Jaffa are trying to escape to Telaviv. Telephone lines to Jaffa are in the hands of the Government and all transport to Jaffa and Haifa has ceased.

The Government reports that the situation is well in hand and military is standing by, but hitherto there is no occasion to call on them.

A cable from Paris says:—

It is reported from Cairo that four Jews and two Arabs were killed in the clashes in Haifa, where a British officer was seriously wounded.—Reuter.

"BURDEN MADE EASIER" FOR VICEROY

LONDON, April 20.

The "Daily Telegraph" says Lord Linlithgow assumes a burden made easier by the establishment of a civil order and sound finance under Lord Willingdon, but one that is fraught with problems peculiar to the regime of transition.

His first message to India's huge electorate bespoke of a complete impartiality between the communities and parties in India. The effect of broadcasting upon the Indian village life and the present isolation of the Indian cultivator should be revolutionary.—Reuter.

EX-PRIME MINISTER IN MOTOR COLLISION

SYDNEY, April 20.

Mr. William Hughes, the wartime Prime Minister, motoring with his wife Dame Mary, was involved in a head-on collision near Albury. Mr. Hughes was jammed behind the wheel, and unable to steer the car went over an embankment.

Both escaped with slight injuries and shock.—Reuter.

Glasgow Firm To Build New Troop Ship

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON April 20

It is learned that Messrs Barclay, Curle and Company, Glasgow, have been commissioned to build a 11,000 ton passenger troops ship sister to "Dilwara," for the British India Steam Navigation company.

It is announced that his Majesty the King has granted his patronage to the Marylebone Cricket Club.

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A LOOK ROUND THE WORLD

America Arms At Terrific Speed

NAVY DOCTRINE: TRAGIC CONSEQUENCES: IN HOLLAND: SOVIET POPULATION AND POWER: EUROPE-AFRICA TUNNEL

WASHINGTON, (By Air Mail).

"The coming year's bill for American Wars, past and future, real and imaginary, hypothetical and projected, in a nation that by solemn international treaty engagement has bound itself never again to resort to war as 'an instrument of national policy' will be dol. 4,684 000,000 according to a tabulation compiled from official sources by Representative Fred Biermann, of Iowa..an average outlay of dol. 181 from every American family of five," writes Constantine Brown in "The Washington Star."

NAVY DOCTRINE.

"The doctrine of the American Navy Department, "Three new American ships for each ship built by Japan," is now fully endorsed by the President and the Congress.'

"Also for land as well as sea armaments we press on with war appropriations of unprecedented size.

"And notwithstanding the President's assertion of a diminution of 'that selfish purpose of personal gain, at our neighbour's loss,' the export figures mount on American oil shipped abroad to be used by Italian aviators in their mission of 'civilising' Ethiopia by dropping bombs on defenceless villages and Red Cross hospitals.

TRAGIC CONSEQUENCES.

"Ignoring the tragic consequences of our continuing war trade and discounting the inevitable repercussions of our policy of plunging ahead with an increasingly provocative super-preparedness programme, the utterances of our policy-makers continue on a note of moral superiority. We stand in the international temple-thanking the Lord that we are not as other nations. If there is not in all this, as the President says there should not be, the 'rejoicing of the Pharisee,' is there not at least some suggestion of smug unctuousness?

Holland

On a percentage basis, the Netherlands has to-day the greatest number of unemployed in Western Europe. More than 400,000 live with their families on the support of the State and the communities, writes the "Neues Wiener Tagblatt."

Thus it was not surprising that toward the end of 1934 Government set about reserving certain professions for its own workers.

Originally 22 occupations were declared blocked. In recent months the number has slowly increased to 80, and sometime ago the Minister for Social Affairs declared that a further rise was anticipated.

Private Enterprise Control

All middle-class enterprise is likely to come under State control.

The new policy of State economy is constantly limiting the economic liberty of the individual.

The various measures enacted in this sense in the last few years are of a social as well as an economic nature and are designed to do justice to the wishes of the political parties as well as to those of economic groups.

Outwardly this interference by the State is visible in a great increase of central economic bureaus. It is making itself felt in all fields of political and economic life.

The idea of professional organisation is further expressed by the system of shop-councils. These are meant to reduce the social interests of employers and employees to their lowest common denominator. These councils limit the freedom of the employer in social questions.

Economic independence in questions of production, distribution and the price are also severely limited through "officially encouraged" cartels which are more or less compulsory.

Restriction Of Political Liberty

Political liberty, too, has been subjected to certain limitations. The Government has proceeded against agitation from the Left and Right with sharp measures, unfamiliar in the Netherlands, such as prohibitions against wearing uniforms, holding processions and distributing literature, confiscation of presses found to have printed opposition newspapers, limitation on free speech, political meetings, etc. There is a talk of introducing advance censorship of newspapers and magazines.

Soviet Population

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail).

According to the President of State Planning Commission, the population of the Soviet Union will reach 300 millions within 35 years. The present population is about 170 millions.

Greatest Industrial Power In Europe

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail).

That Russia has now reached the first place in Europe for industrial production was the announcement made at the fifteenth anniversary of the establishment of State planning in the Soviet Union, held here recently.

It was declared that under planned economy the U. S. S. R. has raised its share of world production from 4.9 per cent. in 1928 to 20 per cent. in 1935.

Health Pass-Port For All Germans

BERLIN, (By Air Mail).

A health pass-port for every German citizen is the latest Nazi proposal following a similar action taken by the Italian Government sometime ago. This pass-port, it is claimed would not only be of great value to the conscription authorities but would plan to keep men in a fit condition.

Europe-Africa Tunnel

MADRID, (By Air Mail).

It is understood that the Spanish Minister of communication will soon order a survey of the sea-bed between Gibraltar and the African coast as preliminary to the construction of the Europe-Africa tunnel, which has been under consideration for a long time. The official commission for the supervision of the Europe-Africa Plan discussed the scheme of Senor Jevenois a few days ago and have found it interesting both from the commercial as well as technical point of view. They have accordingly recommended that the work should be started at the earliest possibility.

BHARATIYA SAHITYA PARISHAD

Task Before Preliminary Conference

BOMBAY, April 20.

The preliminary session of the Bharateeya Sahitya Parishad will be held at Nagpur on April 24 and 25 on the eve of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan. The object of the Conference will be to bring about mutual understanding and co-operation among the literatures of the various languages in India and also to help in the advancement of the literatures of these various language.

The Preliminary Conference will consider (1) advisability of organising and establishing a Bharateeya Sahitya Parishad, (2) organisation of a Provisional Committee to bring such a Parishad into existence and formulate the aims and objects and draw up the constitution, (3) lines on which activities of the Parishad could be carried on and such other matters as may be necessary to give practical shape to the idea of the Bharateeya Sahitya Parishad.—A. P.

TAY GARNET IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, April 20.

Mr. Tay Garnet, the Hollywood motion picture director and producer has arrived in Bombay in his yacht the "Athene" which was built in 1899 as an America Cup defender. He is accompanied by his wife., formerly Helga Moray and by his staff.

The object of Mr. Tay Garnet's tour is to obtain genuine backgrounds of Eastern scenes and life against which the caste in Hollywood can act instead of against false ones. Incidentally it may prove cheaper to photograph genuine scenery even at the expense of having to visit the spot with the necessary staff and accessories than building up scenery in Hollywood. Another advantage of genuine scenery is that the visitor to the cinema who has been to the places depicted is not subjected to the trial of watching an imitation of a scene with which he is familar.

The films which Mr. Garnet is obtaining the background for are "Trade Winds" and "Singapore Bound."—A. P.

SHARMA'S FAST TERMINATES

SANGLI, April 20.

Pandit Ramchandra Sharma's 21 days fast as a protest against animal sacrifice in Aptoryam Yaga at Sangli terminated last evening. He took a small quantity of orange juice. He was then taken in procession round the city.

It may be recalled that he has lost 36 pounds in weight during his fast. His weight now is 102 pounds.—A. P.

Police S. I. Murder Case

AMRITSAR, April 19.

Sixty-five witnesses in all have so far been examined in the police sub-inspector murder case against Sardar Balwant Singh B.A., and 32 other accused under section 302 I.P.C. in the court of Lala Izzat Rai, Sessions Judge.—United Press.

PUBLIC SUPPORT TO TAXI DRIVERS

Police Chief's "No" To City Mayor Regretted

A resolution expressing sympathy with the taxi-drivers and owners, who have closed down their trade for the last 20 days, and appealing to the citizens to contribute their mite for the relief of those on "strike," was unanimously passed at a largely attended public meeting, held on Monday night, at Tambakanta, Bhuleshwar, under the auspices of the C Ward District Congress Committee.

Mr. S. K. Patil, presiding over the meeting, said that the sympathies of the Congressmen in the City, as well as other members of the public were entirely with the taxi-drivers and owners, who were on "strike," because their cause was just and righteous. One could not understand the present attitude of the Police Commissioner, when there was no clash of interests as between the taxi-drivers and owners on the one hand and the public on the other. It was regrettable that the Commissioner should have turned down the proposal of the Mayor of the Bombay Corporation for negotiations.

Mr. Patil appealed to the public to support the taxi-drivers and owners, financially. Amidst cheers, he declared that he would spare no pains in securing as much support, from the public organisations, as possible just as he had approached them in the past, for any public cause.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi was glad that the drivers and owners had maintained solidarity among their ranks,, for, every one irrespective of community, was equally affected by the present dispute.

UNDESIRABLE.

Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla observed that this was the first meeting, where the citizens had actively co-operated with the taxi-drivers and owners, and had promised them support, signifying thereby their approval of the course adopted by the drivers and owners. He referred to the suggestion of the Police that the drivers and owners could ply the taxis at a 4-anna tariff, after getting the meters adjusted to a 6-anna tariff. Such a proposal, he said, was based on an imperfect conception of the undesirable developments which might follow. Such a suggestion, if carried out, would lead to confusion in trade, and if any dispute arose, only the fare as registered by the taxi-meter would be recognised in a court of law. A few such instances were sufficient to render the taxi unpopular, and the trade would be adversely affected. Who could say, he asked, that such a confusion would not lead to unhealthy practices by someone or other? That state of affairs was not desirable and a legal rate should be fixed so that it would remain stable and would not be altered in such a fashion as suggested by the Police Commissioner.

CONGRESS MUST LEAD.

Mr. Jhabwalla felt that the Congress should take the lead along with other organisations in the city, in supporting the cause of the drivers and owners, and the Bombay Taxi-Drivers' and Owners' Day should be observed on Thursday next.

He also pointed out once again, that no organisation, except the Council of Action, was authorised to arrive at any settlement with the Police Commissioner, while the help and support of such organisations were earnestly welcomed.

Mf. Liaqat Hussein, thanked the Congress leaders for their support of the cause of the drivers and owners. He considered it unfortunate that the Police Commissioner should have rejected their figures which were based on actual experience over a long period.

The resolution was then moved and passed.

TAXI-STRIKE TO CONTINUE

Council Of Action's Unanimous Stand

The Hon. Gen. Secretary of the Bombay Taxi-Drivers' Union has issued the following statement on behalf of the Council of Action on Monday:—

In the latest communique issued by the Council of Action states that every morning meetings of the Council of Action are held to take decisions on the day to day work and review the position and actively carry out the programme of the day and device of programme for the future. The Council are unanimous that the struggle should go on undeterred and offer has been made to the Commissioner of Police to explain to him with the help of experts the reasonableness of the taximen's demand of four annas.

There is distress among the taximen who are standing courageously against heavy odds, and such men deserve public sympathy and help. The office of the Union is always open for receiving any help that any organization or individual might be pleased to make towards a just and reasonable cause.

It is hoped that the joint alliance of the Bombay Corporation and other leading bodies will carry weight upon the unbending will of the Police Commissioner.

The public can help by scrupulously avoiding any patronage whatsoever to the blacklegs plying at present for hire while the really struggling people are doing their bit towards their cause.

PROBLEMS OF BROADCASTING

Govt.'s Technical Adviser On Need Of Cheaper Sets

NEW DELHI, April 20.

Mr. Kirke, Technical Adviser, who toured India to examine the problems relating to Broadcasting explained to press representatives his impressions which indicate that within the financial resources at present available the development should be on the lines of setting up small power stations amidst dense population rather than increasing the power of existing transmitters like Bombay and Calcutta. However, the scheme also embraces the idea of an All-India station with 100 or 500 kilowat, as finances permit, which would serve all-India programmes. There would also be opened a small research department in Delhi to test out technical problems including those relating to short and long waves.

Mr. Kirke, however, expressed the opinion that unless a cheap set costing not more than Rs. 50 to 100 was on the market big progress was difficult. He thought that some manufacturers would be shortly taking this matter up and might open works in India.

Mr. Kirke's report would also deal with rural broadcasting and would be submitted to Government within a week or two after which he returns home.—A. P.

LATE MR. T. N. MALVI

Unveiling Ceremony Of Marble Bust At Morar Baug

(From A Correspondent).

A large and representative gathering was present at Morar Baug, C. P. Tank, on Sunday evening to witness the unveiling ceremony of the life size bust of the late Mr. T. N. Malvi. The bust was presented by the T. N. Malvi Memorial Committee to the Dasha Porwad Bania community of Bombay of which the late Mr. T. N. Malvi was a member.

Mr. Hiralal N. Mehta, Joint Hon. Secretary of the T. N. Malvi Memorial Committee read the report and pointed out that Rs. 16,826 had so far been collected and further contributions were expected.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad Kt., performing the unveiling ceremony dwelt on the services the late Mr. T. N. Malvi had rendered to the Sarvajanik Education Society and to other institutions.

The marble bust is executed by Mr. V. V. Wagh.

After a hearty vote of thanks proposed by Mr. M. P. Amin, and seconded by Mr. C. M. Tijoriwala the proceedings came to a close.

Prize For Essay On Women's Independence

The Secretary of the Progressive League of India announces a cash prize of Rs. 25 to be awarded for the best essay on "The need of Economic Independence of Indian Woman."

Essays, written neatly or typed, in Hindi or English, and containing not more than 3,000 words, must reach the office of the League at 191 R. Cavel Street, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2, not later than June 15, 1936. The result of the competition will be out by July 10, 1936.

The decision of the Committee appointed by the League for examining the essays will be final and legaly binding.

I. E. Society's School Prize Distribution

The first annual social gathering of the primary school conducted by the Indian Education Society, Dadar, was celebrated under the presidentship of Mr. V. D. Ghate on the King George English School grounds on Sunday last. Prominent amongst those present were Mr. D. R. Patvardhan, Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, Profs. K. R. Kanitkar, Awati, Tawade, Ranade, Rudlikar and others. The students of the school entertained the guests with an attractive programme of songs, dramatic performances and Indian dances.

The President congratulated the organizers of the school on the success that they achieved in a year. He felt that so long as the public Educational Institutions remain indifferent to the new methods in education it was the duty of parents to encourage private enterprises in the direction of the ideal methods. Mrs. Ghate, B.A., B.T. distributed the prizes to the students.

Mr. S. K. Bole, then thanked the guests and the function came to an end with a song.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Muslim Leaguers' Volte Face"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was glad to read the letter of "A Muslim" in your columns, drawing public attention to the curious anomaly of certain Muslim Leaguers who had only recently passed resolutions condemning the New Constitution and repressive laws, contradicting themselves when they presented Addresses to Lord Willingdon and Lord Linlithgow. This action, on their part, however deplorable is characteristic of the element they represent. But what I would like to know is What is this Muslim Committee? Will some of its members enlighten the public about this organization? I should also like to know from those members of this Committee's deputation: if they were so keen on expressing the Musalmans loyalty to the old and new Viceroy's, why did they not move a resolution to that effect in the Muslim League and lead a deputation on behalf of that organization?

Another issue which this incident raises relates to the A. I. Muslim League itself. How far is the League entitled to represent the Muslims? Mr. Jinnah confessed it is not representative but Sir Wazir Hasan said it was. Whom is one to believe? (The fact that 90 per cent of Indian Musalmans have never heard of the League, of Mr. Jinnah of Sir Wazir Hasan or of Sir Currimbhai, but does not matter, of course! It would, besides be discourteous to rule that in.) But the fact that the League is setting up candidates in the coming elections means that it claims a representative character. A report from Delhi says:

"This combination of commercial magnates, landed aristocracy, and intelligentsia and the left wingers, of the Muslim League, under the leadership of Mr. Jinnah will be a tremendous force in Muslim politics, a force to be reckoned with."

May one know who are the Left-wingers? Even the mild nationalist Muslims of the Unity Board have not joined the League, much less others more politically advanced. Is Mr. Jinnah a left-winger? Is Sir Wazir Hasan a socialist or has Sir Mohamed Yaqub developed Communistic tendencies?

The Leaguers may like to call Maulana Ahmed Saeed of the Jamial-ul-Ulema as a "left-winger."

The League is, at best, a group of some moderates, along with many reactionaries and communalists. If the League claims to (or wants to) represent Musalmans, let it come out with some definite statement of its policy on which its members are "really" united. Then we will examine its claims and its programme—Yours, etc.,

ANOTHER MUSLIM

Bombay Coastal Services

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"The Ratnagar Steam Navigation Co." which came into existence recently, has broken the monopoly of coastal passenger traffic on the Goa Line. With the arrival at Bombay of their new ships "The Ramdas" and "St. Anthony," the Cooperative Steam Navigation and Trading Company have decided to extend their Steamer Service also on the Goa line. The passenger traffic on this coast being barely sufficient for two steamers daily, it behoves the Management of both the "Ratnagar" and "Co-operative" Companies to join hands and pool their resources in a common effort There is no lack of sympathy and support of the travelling public for both the new concerns as is amply evident from the response the s.s. Ratnagiri is meeting. Let them be warned betimes that co-operation and, not suicidal competition, is the need of the hour, not only in this matter but in all activities of our National life.—Yours, etc.,

A. D. R.

Ratnagiri, April 1.

Appeal To Mayor

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Can any one with a grain of sense left in him, fail to understand the object of the Police Authorities' concern, to force the Taxi owners to accept a higher rate of tariff than the owners wish to have?

The present Motor Vehicle Tax is evidently having its repercussion and the Government may perhaps, very soon realise that the goose laying the golden eggs was at last slain.

All the motorists in particular and the public in general should realise that it is in their own best interests, that they should take interest and support the Taxi owners' demand for a four anna scale.

The scale suggested by the Police Commissioner will not bring the service of the Taxis within reach of the middle class people. It may at best benefit the fat tourists and those of the local high placed public who can well afford the last tariff of annas eight, and it would be in the interest of Taxi owners to ask for the old eight annas scale than accept the suggested six annas.

The four annas scale will at once enable the Taxis to open a wide and extensive field of operations around the city., and make a perfect success of their present defunct trade. The middle class people with their family members will be the best patrons of this trade and not a few amongst the present day motor owners would be delighted to get rid of the white elephant on their hands and yet own a car at their beck and call. In short, the four annas scale will revolutionise the Taxi trade.

I earnestly appeal to our worthy Mayor, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta to call a public meeting immediately and take up the cause of these poor taxi men and start a fund to enable these valiant men to hold out until the end. As a sympathiser, I shall be glad to offer my mite of Rs. 25/, if the Mayor starts the fund.

The motoring public should realise, that the success of the present Taxi strike will have far reaching consequences on the future of the Motor Taxation and the Government will soon realise that they have over-reached themselves.—Yours etc.,

T 4690

Vacancy In Punjab Council To Be Filled Up

LAHORE, April 19.

The South-West Punjab (Muslim) Constituency has been called upon on elect a person to fill the vacancy, caused by the death of Khan Bahadur Makhudum Sayyid Rajan Baksha Shah, on or before June 1, 1936. April 21, has been fixed for the nomination of candidates April 22 for scrutiny of nominations and May 23 on which a poll shall, if necessary, be taken.—United Press.

Find Of Ancient Idol

BARISAL, April 20.

A fine stone image of Maha Vishnu has been unearthed from a pond attached to the house of a Mohamedan at Morakathi under P. S. Wasirpur, while some labourers were digging the pond. The image seems to be of a very old type, several centuries old, deserving of antiquarian interest.

A dispute having arisen among the local people about the ownership of the image, the Wazirpur police intervened and removed it to the thana.—United Press.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Dr. T. A. Ellis

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute, but write Muller MacLean, Bombay,

BRYTOL

METAL POLISH

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For

ALL METALWARES

&

UTENSILS

Imparts lasting lustre at Minimum Cost & Labour

THE LILY CHEMICAL WORKS,
Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

Men Wanted In Baroda And Kashmir Caught

BOMBAY: Monday.

Two sensational arrests for murders committed in Kashmir State and Baroda State, were effected by the City Police yesterday.

A woman and her child aged about 8 years, were found brutally done to death in Kashmir State and the perpetrator of the crime absconded. A full description of the wanted man was flashed to all police stations.

In Baroda State a Muslim was the victim of a fatal stab-wound, inflicted during the course of an argument over some monetary dealings. The culprit left the man dying on the road and absconded.

Found In Irani Shop

The Bombay Police, who had received information about the persons involved in the crimes kept a sharp look-out for them in the City.

Acting on information received that a person answering to the description of the man wanted for the murder committed in Baroda State at Fatan, was in the employ of an Irani restaurant at Girgaum Road, the Princess Street Police went to the hotel and effected the arrest on Sunday.

The accused Dhosa Mian Jamaluddin (18) was taken into custody and was later identified by a policeman of Patan as the wanted man. It appears that this man had some altercation with one Mohamedbhai Naombhai about some money dealings and is then alleged to have stabbed him. He is said to have left the man dying on the road and absconded.

He successfully eveded arrest and got himself employed in an Irani restaurant about four months ago.

In the course of their investigations the police learnt that a person answering to the description in their possession was seen moving about in the Girgaum locality and they finally tracked him down to the hotel and arrested him.

The accused has been remanded in custody for a day to enable the police to have him extradited to Baroda State.

Brutal Crimes in Kashmir.

The second arrest was effected by the Esplanade Police in connection with the murders committed in Kashmir State. These brutal crimes, it is alleged, were committed owing to some family feud. A mother and her son were found murdered in cold blood.

One Amirchand Ramsingh (35) who was suspected of having committed the crime was found to have absconded and details of the man were sent to Bombay.

During the Viceregal visit to Bombay, the police combed the whole city for any undesirables and kept a sharp look out for all new arrivals. The accused in question came to their notice and when taken to the police station it was found that he answered to the description of the man wanted in Kashmir State and was thereupon detained.

As further inquiries are in progress the police obtained a remand of the accused in custody for a fortnight.

Mr. Pochkhanawala, Sardar Manmohan Singh and Mr. Dalal, the three Indian airmen (garlanded) who left South Africa recently, were welcomed back home by the Mayor of Bombay (centre) and others on their arrival at Juhu on Sunday evening.

CORPORATION'S TRIBUTE TO NARIMAN

(Continued from Page 12)

gun by Mr. Nariman would be taken up by the Corporation. One of the cleanest battles of Mr. Nariman was in regard to motor registration. Unhappily the fruit of his victory was taken away by legislation.

The resolution was carried unanimously and amidst acclamation.

CLEAR THE SLUMS.

Mr. Nariman in reply thanked the Municipal Commissioner for what little he was able to do for the City. He urged the councillors to carry on the sanitary rounds and thus come in closer contact with the poor. He confessed he shed tears when he saw the harrowing conditions in which the poor lived. It was impossible to remove the slums in the City but they could reduce the slum area as far as they could. The Mayor of Calcutta had to resign owing to squabbles, the Mayor of Madras had to go for litigation and the Mayor of Karachi had no "vote of confidence." He was glad and happy to say that during his regime not a single incident occurred which should bring the slightest discredit to the organisation he belonged.

In conclusion he paid his tribute to the municipal staff, and particularly the Secretary's staff, for assisting him in the discharge of his duties.

Take SANATOGEN—then you will not feel so tired

What Sanatogen has done for thousands of others it will do for you. Your listlessness, your lack of energy to perform your daily task, or even to enjoy your leisure hours, is caused by underfeeding of the nerve and brain cells. Sanatogen will feed these nerve-cells by putting into your body the very elements that create energy.

Thus, in a natural way, strength will replace weakness and you will no longer feel fagged out and irritated. Nerve troubles will disappear, and in a short time, you will feel and look a healthier, happier being.

"There is no preparation as powerful to restore vitality", writes a well-known physician, and his words certainly show that Sanatogen is worthy of your consideration.

Sanatogen is sure to give splendid results. Decide now to become strong and healthy again. Buy a package of Sanatogen from your Chemist or Bazar Dealer to-day.

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic Food

Now also obtainable in half size packing at about half price.

Of all Chemists and Bazars.

GOWD SARASWAT SABHA

Unification Of Konkani Speaking Communities

The first annual general meeting of the Gowd Saraswat Brahmin Sabha, Bombay was held on Sunday in Laxmi Bagh, New Bhatwadi, when a large number of members as well as guests, including several ladies, were present.

Mr. Prabhu, who presided, reviewing the activities of the Sabha during the past year, said that from the point of view of membership as well as finances, the position was gratifying, since they had in all 206 members, including 24 patrons and 24 life-members on the roll. Since the close of the official year they had enrolled several more patrons and life-members. As resolved at the inauguration of the Sabha, they did not embark on any ambitious schemes during the initial year, but concentrated their activities in strengthening the foundations of the Sabha and arranging social gatherings with a view to promote fellow-feeling among the members of the community in Bombay and the suburbs. The Sabha had also opened a reading room, where indoor games could also be played. A sewing class for ladies had also been opened, which was attended by about a score of ladies thrice a week.

Mr. Prabhu regretted that though the Sabha was open to all members of the Gowd Saraswat community speaking the Konkani language, whether they came from the two Kanaras, or other Karnatak districts, or Kerala, Mysore, or Goa, irrespective of sectarian differences, a section of the community from North Kanara had held aloof. This was all the more regrettable since there were no barriers regarding inter-dining or inter-marriage between this section and the others. Instead of dividing communities still further, their endeavour should be to foster inter-communal unity so that by the elimination of petty distinctions the unity and solidarity of the Indian nation as a whole may be achieved.

The annual report with the statement of accounts being adopted, Mr. G. S. Gudal, referring to the activities of the sewing class for women started under the auspices of the Sabha, thanked Mrs. Shantabai Desai on behalf of the Sabha, for her voluntary services. A silver flower vase had been presented to Mrs. Desai as a token of the Sabha's appreciation of her services. Mr. Gudal in conclusion pointed out that out of the 24 women students of the sewing class, 16 belonged to the Smartha section of North Kanara, which showed that unlike their menfolk, the ladies did not suffer from any spirit of narrow communalism.

After the election of new members of the Managing Committee in place of those retiring by rotation, a programme of music, comic feats, etc. was gone through and light refreshments were served before the gathering dispersed.

Sapru Report And U. P. Legal Profession

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, April 20

The Allahabad High Court has been asked by the Local Government to submit its views on the Sapru Unemployment Committee report, especially the recommendations dealing with the Legal profession. In compliance with that, the High Court has invited opinions of the various High Court Bar Associations and the Civil Courts subordinate to the High Court.

It is understood after considering those opinions it will forward its own views to the Government.

The Mayor of Karachi, Kazi Kuda Bux will be "at home" to H. E. the Governor of Sind, on 23rd April in the Gandhi Garden. —United Press.

Ahmedabad Letter

UNIVERSITY FOR GUJARAT?

Education Society Busy Collecting Funds

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, April 19.

At the Municipal meeting held on Wednesday last the additional estimate of the low level bridge over Sabarmati which is being constructed near Vadaj was sanctioned by the Municipality and this bridge will be completed before the rainy season.

NATIONAL WEEK.

Monday last was the last day of the National Week and a meeting was held in the evening under the presidentship of Dr. Hariprasad Desai.

Niru Desai addressed the meeting and after expaining the object of celebrating the National Week asked the audience to take Swadeshi vow. Dr. Hariprasad continuing, explained the necessity of organising peasants and labourers.

JAIN PROTEST.

The Jains of the city have been excited over the question of the rat-killing department maintained by the municipality.

Some Jain members led by Mr. Manilal Chaturbhai strongly opposed the killing of rats by maintaining a municipal department for the purpose now when there is no danger of plague in the city. The Municipality however in spite of this opposition sanctioned the staff and the question has now been taken up by the Jiva Daya Mandal and other Jains in the city and they have announced that a public meeting will be held on Tuesday, the 21st instant to protest agains the resolution of the Municipal Board.

Mr. S. A. Dange is coming down here to preside over the Labourers' Conference on the 3rd of May. Shrimati Ushabai Dange will accompany him. The conference was to be held on the 1st of May but as the mills will not be closed on that day the 3rd of May is fixed for the conference and a meeting of workers will be held on the 1st of May.

VISION OF GUJARAT UNIVERSITY.

The Ahmedabad Correspondent of a Bombay paper visualises a Gujarat University when the commerce college comes into existence in June next and the scheme of the engineering college for which Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai is prepared to give a handsome donation is adopted by the Government. The Ahmedabad Education Society has found good support and has been able to fulfil the conditions laid down by the University. It has collected more than two lakhs of rupees for starting its commerce college and has rented a building for the college and one for the hostel. The Syndicate Committee which came down for inspection on Saturday last seemed to be satisfied with the buildings and found that all the suggestions made by the Committee in its report were faithfully carried out. The Syndicate will consider the report of its committee and there is every reason to hope that the Ahmedabad Education Society will start the Hargovandas Lakhmichand College of Commerce in June.

The resignation of Dr. Miss Jayaben Khandwala from the Chinai Maternity Home has been a topic of conversation in several circles. She was at the head of the Maternity Home for these four years.

It is said that some members of the Committee of Management wanted to put in a word of appreciation for Dr. Miss Khandwala while accepting the resignation but Mr. Thakor objected to it. In the end a "via media" was found by the chairman and the resolution was passed "nem con."

A verdict of death due to asphyxiation resulting from accidental drowning in sea at Mahim was recorded by the City Coroner to-day, on the body of Madhukar Narayan Powar, a college student, who died on April 18 last.

JAIN TOURISTS BACK HOME

AHMEDABAD, April 20.

In honour of the successful and peaceful completion of the 64 days' pilgrimage tour to the Jain Holy Shrines of India by train, a meeting was held on Sunday night in Vidyashala Hall under the auspices of the Youngmen's Jain Society. Mr. Keshavlal Moholal Bhai Sanghvi presided. On behalf of the Youngmen's Jain Society, an address in a silver frame was presented to Mr. Chimanlal Kadia, the chief organiser of the special train. Mr. Kadia thanked the Society for the honour and read accounts of expenses up to 19th incurred during the pilgrimage.

After presents were given to the staff for the services rendered during the tour the meeting dispersed.—United Press.

Bihar Govt's Subsidy To Poor Students

RANCHI, April 18.

With a view to assisting poor but promising students to attend college courses, the Government of Bihar in the Ministry of Education have promised Rs. 6,000 on an experimental basis for three years from the year 1936-37. The allotments from the fund will be made by the Director of Public Instruction after receiving applications from the Heads of Colleges. The Director of Public Instruction will report to the Government each year the progress as made by the subsidised students.—United Press.

Central Advisory Council For Railway

NEW DELHI, April 20.

Babu Baijnath Bajoria, Mr. Kuladhar Chillah, Mr. Bipin Behari Varma, Sir Henry Gidney, Mr. Surya Kumar Som, and Mr. H. M. Abdulla, have been declared elected to the Central Advisory Council for Railways from the Assembly.—United Press.

Karimganj Murder Mystery

KISHOREGANJ, April 20.

Mozafar Bepari, President of the Karimganj Union Board was murdered at about 8 p.m. on Saturday last by some unknown persons while he was on his way back to his house from Karimganj Bazar.

It might be remembered that almost all the members of his family met with watery grave in a "Howar" last year, while the unfortunate Bepari was returning home, in a boat from Itma Darga, after having finished the first rice-taking ceremony of his son at that place.

Several persons have been arrested in connection with this murder and remanded in custody. —United Press.

Judgment In Mahuva Assault Case

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, April 20.

Judgment of the Mahuva indecent assault case was delivered by Mr. Bhaskerrao, Chief Justice, this morning. The Court was packed to its full capacity the accused Ratilal Tarachand was sentenced to three months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 in default three months more.

The hearing of the contempt of court case in connection with the above Mahuva case takes place on the 30th. Atmaram Bhatt to whom notice is served to-day.

Madras Congratulates Linlithgow

OOTACAMUND, April 20.

On receipt of a telegram from the Government of India regarding Lord Linlithgows's assumption of office, the Madras Government telegraphed to the Government of India "Madras Government request their congratulations be conveyed to His Excellency the Marquess of Linlithgow on his accession to the office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India."—A. P.

HARIJAN UPLIFT WORK IN MONTGOMERY

MONTGOMERY, April 19.

The local Municipal Committee whose President is Lala Nand Lal, is launching a scheme of Harijan uplift work.

In this connection several quarters have been constructed specially for Harijans and a well has been also constructed for them. The Harijan children are also to receive education in schools and there is no hindrance in their way. The health officer is also asked to see the sick Harijans free of charges at their places and get for them medicines free from the Civil Hospital. A proposal of constructing a temple near their quarters is under discussion.—United Press.

Petrol Rate-War At Allahabad

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, April 20

The petrol rate-war which Allahabad was having for some time past, on account of the opening of the Russian Petrol Agency has entered its second stage. When the Russian Petrol agent first reduced the petrol price, considerable alarm was caused among other dealers but when they could not hold on any longer they gave way and most reluctantly reduced their prices. Since then, efforts were made to that no further reduction in price may take place, but all the attempts proved abortive when the Russian petrol Agency announced further reduction by bringing the petrol price at Re. 1-5-0 per gallon. The other brand dealers showed in difference, but, due to the growing patronage received by Russian Petrol they reduced their rates also accordingly. The Russian Petrol Agent has hopes of further reducing the petrol price and is confident after some time of capturing the entire petrol market.

WARNING

AGAINST UNRELIABLE PREPARATIONS

UNFORTUNATELY owing to no special law governing the import and sale of medicines in India, hundreds of unreliable preparations made by firms of no standing are being offered to the public with all possible claims, specially for lost Vitality and Rejuvenation. It is daily getting difficult for laymen to make the correct selection and avoid the use of all such preparations which are liable to do more harm than good.

IN the interest of your Health and for the sake of sure and prompt results we beg to advise you to use only Okasa which is the most reliable and well-known Gland-Hormon Tonic for the treatment of Lost Vitality, Neurasthenia, Nerve Weakness, Debility and general rundown conditions of Health. Okasa is the discovery of the well-known Scientist, Prof: Dr. Lahusen of Germany and is used with the greatest confidence in all the civilized countries of the world. In recognition of its marvellous efficacy, Okasa has obtained highest International Awards which no other Gland preparation so far has received. Proofs and statistics can be given whenever required.

OWING to the great success of this well-known preparation many attempts are being made in and outside India to imitate this product under various names. Since all the chemical processes employed in preparing Okasa are protected by International and German Federal States Patent, an imitation of this product is impossible. We request you to use Okasa just for 2 weeks. The results will be beyond your expectations. You will feel years younger, far more healthy, strong and active than before.

O.K. 188.

FLIT
the insecticide that always kills!
Don't risk your health and comfort by accepting worthless "insecticides" or imitations that masquerade under the name of Flit. Remember—there is only one Flit. Flit is sold only in the yellow tin with the soldier and black band—sealed to prevent fraudulent refilling. Will not stain. You can absolutely rely on Flit to kill all household insects.
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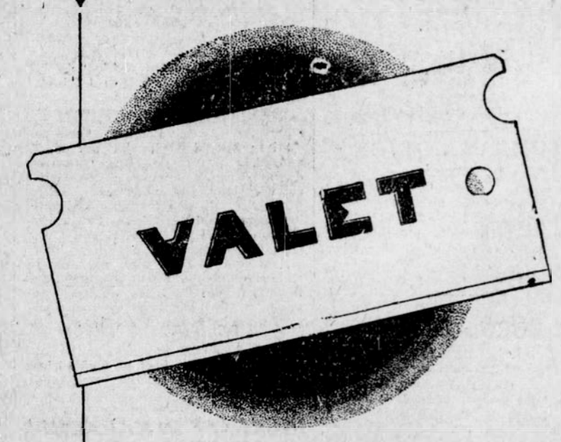

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V.P.8

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 2 POINTS DOWN

Weather Favourable In East But Dry In West

GOLD STEADY BUT SILVER WEAK ...

Wheat Firm And Other Commodities Steady

BOMBAY, April 20

On Monday cross rates ruled quiet with small changes.

NEW YORK COTTON QUIET

New York cotton attracted little interest to-day. Weather was favourable in the east but dry in the west. The tone was quiet.

SILVER WEAK

London gold was steady but silver was weak.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat ruled firm. Other commodities were steady.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST

The London Stock Exchange was generally quiet and uninteresting with operators holding back. Giltedged securities were in fair request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1936

New York, April 20

Previous closing	11.14
To-day's opening	11.11
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	11.12
Difference	—02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1936

Liverpool, April 20

Previous closing	6.03
To-day's opening	6.04
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	6.00
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May	Rs. 204-0
July August	Rs. 205-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 20

Cotton continued to attract very little interest in the absence of any fresh buying with droughty conditions in the western belt offset by favourable weather prospects in the Eastern section. Meanwhile the uncertainty with regard to the disposal of Government holdings checks enterprise and confines movements to a narrow margin.

Trading in July commenced at 11.11 i.e. 3 points lower than previous closing. Prices eased somewhat on lower Liverpool cables and hedge selling influenced by favourable weather reports but sales were taken by trade buying and covering of old crop months with July hovering around the opening level.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.12 with a decline of 2 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 20

The following were the opening ranges:—

May 11.47/11.47
July 11.12/11.11
October 10.48/10.47

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 20

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (6.20) 6.19
American July (6.03) 6.01
Egyptian May (8.79) 8.79
Egyptian July (8.63) 8.62

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 20

Broach cotton for July-August delivery moved around Rs. 204-12 at night. The rate at 11-0 p.m. was Rs. 204-12 with New York futures about 3 points down.

SEA BORNE TRADE AT OKHA

OKHA (Kathiawar) Apr 15

The total import of merchandise at Okha during March 1936 amounted to tons 9,739 valued at Rs. 3,17,093 consisting of G. C. sheets tons 46 valued Rs. 7,574; dry and wet datss tons 19 valued Rs. 1,877; Glass sheets tons 119 valued Rs. 13,366; Kerosene gallons 20,370 valued Rs. 8,702; Irons and Steel tons 230 valued Rs. 25,511; Textiles tons 18 valued Rs. 19,991; Coal tons 8,416 valued Rs. 90,576; gypsum tons 642 valued Rs. 8,232 and machinery, etc., tons 176 valued Rs. 1,41,324. The total export during the same period amounted to tons 11,735 consisting of tons 5,500 cement, tons 6,141 salt and tons 94 magnesium chloride, etc. The No. of steamers that entered the Port was 8.

The total import during the corresponding period amounted to tons 1,938 valued Rs. 3,45,305 consisting of tons 136 galvanised sheets valued Rs. 55,064; dry and wet dates tons 45 valued Rs. 1,990; glass sheets tons 82 valued Rs. 8,444; Iron and steel tons 188 valued Rs. 34,661; Sugar tons 932 valued Rs. 90,120; and machinery etc., tons 356 valued Rs. 1,82,936. The total exports during the same period amounted to tons 8,607 consisting of tons 217 cement, tons 176 seeds, tons 8,118 salt and tons 96 magnesium chloride, etc. The No. of steamers that entered the Port was 16.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 20

Previous closing	4.94 1/4
To-day's opening	4.94 1/8
To-day's closing	4.94

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 20

Previous closing	4.94 1/16
To-day's opening	4.94
To-day's closing	4.94 1/16
Difference	Nil.

FRANC RATE

London, April 20

Previous closing	74.90
To-day's opening	74.93
To-day's closing	74.91
Difference	+01

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 20

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94 and then moved to 4.94 1/16 otherwise movements were narrow and unimportant.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.94 1/16.

Franc opened at 74.93 and then fell to 74.91 thereafter remaining steady.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.91

LONDON SILVER

London, April 20

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	20 7/8d.	20 1/2d.
Forward	20 7/8d.	20 1/2d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 20

Gold per ounce (£7-0-10 1/2) £7-0-10

DISCOUNTS

London, April 20

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, April 20
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8)	1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.65 3/8)	5.65 7/8
New York on Bombay (37.33)	37.35
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 3/4)	0.92 3/4
London on Milan (62.68)	62.68
London on Shanghai (1-2 1/2)	1-2 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32)	1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 20

Silver opened steady at Rs. 52, 52 and 52/1. The market was somewhat depressed in the absence of any particular activity and scattered selling while the fall was further accentuated by easier London cables. Prices closed quiet at Rs. 50/15, 50/14 and 51.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/13, 34/13/3 and 34/13/3. The market remained quiet and featureless due to no important developments abroad and prices continued to move in a very narrow range and closed steady at Rs. 34/13, 34/13 and 34/13.

Silver Vaishakh improved to Rs. 51-4 after touching Rs. 50-11 at night. There was heavy selling by the well-known Indore operator.

INCREASE IN KARACHI'S FOREIGN TRADE

KARACHI, April 18.

The statistics of the Foreign Trade of the port of Karachi for March 1936, issued by the Collector of Customs, show that the total value of imports (merchandise) amounted to Rs. 1.50 crores, an increase of Rs. 18 lakhs and that of exports to Rs. 2.58 crores, an increase of 89 lakhs as compared with the figures for March, 1935. The progressive totals for the twelve months ending 31st March, 1936, show a decrease of Rs. 62 lakhs or 4 per cent, under imports, and an increase of Rs. 1.39 crores or 8 per cent, under exports.

The increase under cotton occurred in shipments to Germany, Japan, the United States of America, the Netherlands, Poland, China and the United Kingdom.—United Press.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 20

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 7s 7/8 and July 7s. The market displayed considerable activity on scattered speculative buying influenced by encouraging outside cables and bullish week shipments.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 20

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.00 3/4. Prices eased on scattered liquidation and lack of outside support influenced by favourable weather in the southwest.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 20

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows

METALS

Tin (£207 buyers £207 1/4 sellers. Steady) £207 1/2 buyers £207 3/4 sellers. Very steady.

Lead (£15 7/8 buyers. No sellers. Quiet) Unquoted. Barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£41 3/8 to £41 5/8) £41 5/8 to £41 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£79) £79

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/8 paid and buyers) 7 5/8 paid and buyers.

Forward (7 7/8 sellers) 7 7/8 paid and sellers

SILVER CABLES

London, April 20

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—"India bought. China sold. Speculators bought and sold. Market quiet."

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4)	0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7 3/4)	1-7 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0)	1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6)	2-6

JUTE.

New Crop April May (£18 3/4 paid and buyers) £18 13/16 sellers

Dunlop April (£22 1/2 sellers) £22 1/2 sellers.

Lightning April (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay April-May (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta April May (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 11/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata April (£10 13/16 sellers) £10 13/16 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal April (£13 13/16 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 20

Wheat	4 7 9
Wheat September	4 8 0
Linseed May	7 5 3
Linseed September	7 9 3

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.
May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, April 20

Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 5 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 5 9
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	payment
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 5 9

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 20

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 67 1/2) dol 67 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39) dol 38 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 68 3/4) dol 69 1/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 130) dol 130 1/8.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, April 20

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts May—			
Opening	7	0	7½
Highest	7	0	7½
Lowest	6	15	7½
Closing	6	15	7½
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	35	14	0
Highest	36	0	0
Lowest	35	13	0
Closing	35	14	6
Castorseed May—			
Opening	39	14	0
Highest	39	14	3
Lowest	39	10	0
Closing	39	11	0
Castorseed September			
Opening	40	12	6
Highest	40	12	6
Lowest	40	8	6
Closing	40	9	0
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	20	9	0
Highest	20	9	0
Lowest	20	6	6
Closing	20	6	6
Cottonseed September—			
Opening	21	8	0
Highest	21	8	0
Lowest	21	5	6
Closing	21	5	6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 18.

May	7s 3/8d.
July	7s 1/2d.
October	7s 3/4d.

Scramble For Eagle Shares On Stock Exchange

FRESH WAVE OF SELLING IN RIOTINTOS

Wheat Firm On Continued Dryness In America

OPENING TONE STEADY IN WALL STREET

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 20

On the Stock Exchange, the scramble for twin eagle shares constituted a good feature. Mexican eagles rose from 15-7 to 18-9 despite sporadic profit taking. Canadian Eagles likewise rose from 12-9 to 15-4. Other leading oils responded although the turnover was smaller while Rubbers and Motor shares met with modest inquiry.

Riotintos fell heavily on a fresh wave of selling. Other Spanish coppers were sympathetically lower. Elsewhere the imminence of the Budget day tended to restrict business.

Wheat was firm on continued dryness in America. Other commodities and exchanges were steady.

Wall Street opened steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 20

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £98.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, April 8, £97 3/4
Thursday, April 9, £97 3/4
Tuesday, April 14, £97 3/4
Wednesday, April 15, £97 7/8
Thursday, April 16, £98
Friday, April 17, £98

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 20
3-30 p.m.

The main interest was centred in oil shares. Otherwise markets generally were quiet and price movements were rather irregular. Giltedged securities were firmer. Rubber shares were steadier to firm. Home industrials in general were rather undecided. Riotinto fell back sharply on Paris selling, but thereafter rallied.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/4) £85 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 3/8) £107 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 5/8) £111 5/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 5/8) £117 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107 1/2) £107 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (21-4 1/2) 21-4 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£5 3/8) £5 3/8

Hydro Electric (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

Musical Industries (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2

Princhin Johnson (46-0) 46-0

Imperial Chemical (39-7 1/2) 39-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (124-10 1/2) 125-10 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£87 3/4) £87 3/4

Dunlop Rubber (39-3) 39-3

University Ordinary (32-4 1/2) 32-0

Ford Motors (33-3) 32-1 1/2 Ex Div

Cable Wires (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

British American Tobacco (123-1 1/2) 123-1 1/2

Camera A (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-7 1/2) 156-3

P and O S N Company Defd (19-10 1/2) 19-10 1/2

Distillers (101-3) 101-3

Bred and Dyers (8-6) 8-6

British Celanese (12-4 1/2) 12-4 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (64-0) 64-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (49-9) 49-9

Fine Cotton Spinners (7-0) 7-0

Western Limited Ordinary (25-7 1/2) 25-7 1/2

Inter Nickels (£49 3/8) £49 3/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-10 1/2) 6-7 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

CAWNPORE SUGAR

Cawnpore, April 17.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Motihari	7	15	0
Chanpatiya	8	0	0
Narkatiya	7	15	0
Marhowrah	8	10	0
New Savan	8	0	0
Pharenda	7	13	6
Ram Kola	7	13	0
Luxmiganj	7	13	6
Padrauna	7	13	6
Pipraich	7	13	0
Diamond	7	15	0
Nawabganj	7	14	6
Pursa	7	13	0
Sidhölia	7	14	0
Majholia	7	15	0
Bhatni	8	0	0
Harinagar	8	2	6
Motipore	8	10	0
Khatkuiyan	7	13	0
Captainganj	7	14	0
Baitalpur	7	15	0
Chitauni	7	15	0
Tamkohi	7	13	0
Harkua	7	14	0

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 18.

May	1.01 3/8c.
July	0.93 7/8c.
September	0.93c.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 20
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98) £98

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£120 1/2) £120 1/2

4 per cent. Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1913/47 (£111 3/4) £112 1/4

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£116) £116

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (20-7 1/2) 21-0
Donaro Tea (45-1 1/2) 45-1 1/2
Empire of India Ceylon (30-0) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (29-9) 29-9
Gula Kelampong (27-6) 27-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (34-3) 34-3

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (58-9) 58-9
Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£16) £14 5/8
East Rand Proprietors (66-3) 66-3
Rand Iman (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 3/8) £14 3/8
Goddar New (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
Moddar New (53-9) 53-9
Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (43-9) 43-9
Union Corporation (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (43-1 1/2) 44-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (94-4 1/2) 96-0
Burma Oil (98-1 1/2) 99-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (15-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2
Shell Transport (93-9) 95-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£34 1/2) £34 3/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£48 3/4) £48 3/4
L M Ford (£23 1/4) £23 3/4
L N E R Defd (£5 5/8) £5 5/8
Southern Dutch (£23 3/4) £23 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£134 3/4) £134 3/4
London Board G Stock (£104 1/2) £104

JUTE SHARES FIRM

Limited Turnover In Coals

CALCUTTA, April 20

Jutes ruled firm following better Hessian market, but eased off slightly as day progressed and only moderate business was put through. In coal there was only limited turnover at easier rates. Teas were practically neglected. In miscellaneous, Bengal Telephone ordy were strongly enquired at better rates and prices advanced upto 20, while the rest were more or less unchanged. Government securities were kept barely steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent Government paper 98/4; Three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 106/11 small lot; Four per cent loan 1960/70 113/11 small lot; Five per cent loan 1939/44 108/12; Five per cent loan 1945/55 119/13 small lot; Five per cent U P Bonds 1944 114/2 small lot; Four per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 108/14 small lot.

Banks: Allahabad pref 139; Central Bank 33; Reserve Bank 126

Railways: Dehri Rohtas 12/12; Burdwan Cutwa 96 small lots; Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 66; Darjeeling Himalayan pref 105; Kalighat Falta 96.

Coals: Equitable 29; Standard 30/8 small lot.

Jutes: Albion 193 small lot; Anglo-India 390; Bally 138; Barnagore 129/8 small lot; Birla 14/4; Champdany 163 small lot; Gourepore 589 small lot; Howrah 50/15; India 279; Kamarhatty 481; Kanknarrah 406/8 small lots; Kinnison 565 small lot; Lansdowne 133 small lot; Megna 24/12; National 23 small lot; Northbrook 40/4; Nuddea 41/8 small lot; Reliance 68 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Benares Electric 15/8; Bengal Telephone ordy 20; Bengal Telephone 14/4; Gaya Electric 10/12; Patna Electric 19/12; Bengal Iron 4/9; Indian Iron and Steel 8/14; India Paper Pulp 172 small lot; Midnapore Zemindary 63/8; Bengal Assam Steamship ordy 221/8.

Sugars: Cawnpore 34/6 small lot; New Savan 13/10; Murree Brewery 231/8; Jutlibari Tea 16.

Debenture: Three and a half per cent 1934/51 Calcutta Municipal 104/4.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, April 20.

B I S N Coy.'s s.s. Gurna of 3228 reg. tons, Capt. R. R. Marsh arrived from Calcutta via Madras and Tuticorin with cargo of coal and general.

Burmah Shell Oil S & D Coy's Oil Tanker s.s. Badarpur of 4949 reg. tons Capt. P. Sharman arrived from Rangoon with cargo of Petroleum and Kerosene.

Anglo-Iranian Oil Coy.'s s.s. British Prestige of 4180 reg. tons, Capt. J. Henderson arrived from Hamble via Bataum and Port Said with cargo of kerosene oil.

B I S N Coy.'s s.s. Gazana of 3191 reg. tons, Capt. B. F. Hall arrived from Calcutta via coatst Ports and Mangalore with cargo of coal and general.

P and O S N Coy.'s s.s. Alipore of 3241 reg. tons, Capt. L. Parfitt arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton and scrap iron.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Tijuca of 3082 reg. tons, Capt. T. Walter arrived from Gothenburg via Oslo, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

The Italian s.s. Cabato of 3146 reg. tons, Capt. F. Oliver arrived from Bunder Cassim in ballast (Agents, Lewis Dreyfus & Co.)

Turner Morrison and Coy.'s s.s. Pasha of 3196 reg. tons, Capt. O. G. R. Jones arrived from Akyab via Coast Ports and Cannanore with rice and general cargo.

Anglo-Iranian Coy.'s Oil Tanker British Sovereign of 2175 reg. tons Capt. J. R. Georgeson arrived from Abadan with cargo of Furnace and Diesel oil.

Mackinnon Mackenzie and Coy.'s s.s. Glasgow Maru of 4227 reg. tons, Capt. S. Yoshitom arrived from Yokohama via Japan Ports Colombo and Calicut in ballast.

Killick Nixon and Coy.'s s.s. City of Canterbury of 5290 reg. tons, Capt. J. Wyper arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool, Marseilles and Port Said with passengers and general cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Sturmfels of 3834 reg. tons, Capt. H. Rathji arrived from New York via Capetown and Karachi with general cargo.

Killick Nixon Coy.'s s.s. City of Baroda of 4499 Capt. L. Nicoll arrived from Karachi with passenger and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: April 20.

Killick Nixon and Coy.'s s.s. Silton Hall of 2810 reg. tons Capt. R. G. Harrison sailed for Calcutta in water ballast.

Turner Morrison and Coy.'s s.s. Pasha of 3196 reg. tons, Capt. O. G. R. Jones sailed for Rangoon in water ballast.

Bombay: April 20.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 20-4-36.

S S Pacific Maru (O.S.K.) for China Japan Ports.

S S Jalajyoti (Sc. S. N. Co.) for Rangoon, Colombo and Tuticorin.

S S Badarpur (B. S. O. S. & D. Co.) for Calcutta and Rangoon.

S S Tijuca (L. E. Ltd) for Madras.

S S British Sovereign (A. I. O. Co.) for Abadan.

EXPORTS.

Bombay: April 20.

S S Duranda for Havre.—46 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Castalla for Barcelona.—150 bales cotton Ralli Bros.; 50 bales cotton N Rajaram & Co.

For Liverpool.—2200 pkts. myrabollums, H Bhagwandas & Co.; 124 bags groundnuts, B Balwant & Co.; 63 bales wool, D Abraham & Sons; 1920 bags myrabollums, J Moolchand & Co.; 91 bales hemp, K J Kapadia & Co.; 36 drums castor oil, A Hargovindas & Co.

For Glasgow.—800 pkts. myrabollums, (crushed) H Bhagwandas & Co.; 78 drums gr: oil Swastik Oil Mills; 20 drums castor oil Swastik Oil Mills; 26 drums castor oil, A Hargovindas & Co..

For Manchester.—102 drums castor oil, A Hargovindas & Co.

For Marseilles.—460 bdls. henna leaves, G Gokulchand; 667 bags castor seed M Bhuta & Co.; 667 bags gr.'nut kernals, M Bhuta & Co.

S S Sturmfels for Hamburg.—75 tons manganese ore, S Syndicate Ltd.; 3501 bags linseed L Dreyfus & Co.

For Antwerp.—1000 tons manganese ore, S Syndicate Ltd.; 2800 bags gr: oil cake, H Rawji & Co.; 2150 bags crushed bones, B Ardeshire & Co.; 800 bales bone meal, B Ardeshire & Co.; 100 bales cotton fly, V P Maskai.

For Rotterdam.—2790 bags gr: oi lcake, H Rawji & Co.

For Bremen.—364 bales cotton, N Rajaram & Co.

For Rotterdam.—200 bags talc. powder, D Abraham & Sons.

For Copenhagen.—60 bales cotton T waste, K P Thacker & Co.

S S Berkenfels for Hamburg.—345 bales cotton, K Devchand & Co.; 127 bales cotton waste, Indian Pro: Exp.; 33 bags gum. S Khetsey & Co.

For Ghent.—125 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Wolfsburg for Ghent..—125 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp.—516 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Alipore for Shanghai.—500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trdg. Co. Ltd.; 1000 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

For Osaka.—200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

For Kobe.—400 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Tr. Co.; 510 bales cotton, T M Kaisha.

S S toyama Maru for Kobe.—50 tons, old iron, A Popatlal & Sons; 200 bales cotton, N Futehally & Co.

For Yokkaichi.—150 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

For Yokohama.—200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

For Osaka.—600 bales Cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

S S Glasgow Maru for Moji.—300 bales cotton, T M Kaisha.

For Yokkaichi.—500 bales cotton, T M Kaisha.

For Osaka.—500 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

For Kobe.—1000 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

S S City of Canterbury for Liverpool.—71 bales cotton T. waste, M. Narotamdas & Co.; 670 bags, gr: oil cake, H V Omerbhoy; 1778 bags linseed, M Bhutta & Co.; 142 bales wool A. J. Calcuttawala; 175 bales hemp, M Nissim; 50 bales cotton T. waste, V P Maskai; 1375 bales cotton, V Bros.

For Glasgow.—1485 bags masoor, Ralli Bros.; 6020 bales linseed Ralli Bros.; 6020 bales linseed, Ralli Bros.; 560 bales gr: oil cake, L Dreyfus.

IMPORTS.

Bombay: April 20.

S S Hokubasan Maru Agents, M B Kaisha from Yokohama, Nagoya Osaka, Kobe and Moji.—269 cases silk yarn,; 31 pkgs. tea; 500 cases beer; 200 cases champagne; 200 drums caustic soda flake; 448 drums caustic soda; 50 bags stearic acid; 389 cases art s. yarn; 192 cases cotton p'goods; 283 bales cotton yarn; 68 bales cotton yarn; 155 cases porcelain ware; 47 cases plywood; 19 cases brass screws; 131 cases glass bangles; 75 cases copper circles; 340 cases brass circles; 87 bales brass rods; 50 casks cement; 62 bales auto tyres.

From Hongkong.—60 pkgs. fire crackers; 50 pkgs. palm leaf fans; 242 pkgs. elect. goods; 1750 pkgs. cassia; 100 pkgs. sugar candy; 59 pkgs. matting.

From Colombo.—3461 bags copra 100 bags cocoanuts.

S S Jalavehar, Agents, Sc. S. N. Co., from Rangoon.—12511 bags rice; 15 bales cotton p'goods.

From Colombo.—20 bales gunnies old.

From Tuticorin, Cochin and Calicut.—513 bales coir yarn; 60 pkgs. hooka shell.

S S Bankura, Agents M M & Co., from Dubai.—22 tins ghee; 373 bags dry dates; 46 pkgs. apparel; 19 bdls. sardines; 8 Nos. E. cylinders.

From Khoramshahr, Bushire and B'Abbas.—10 bdls. wool; 168 bags roots; 227 bags raisins; 15 jottas rose buds.

The Real And The Substitute!

(From A Correspondent)

You will have undoubtedly read in the columns of this paper announcements regarding charming performances of some famous artists of our country at such and such a theatre. To our music-loving readers such performances are important event to which they are always looking forward with intense interest and expectations. But imagine their disappointment if when they actually go to the theatre, they find that the famous artiste who had specially been engaged for the occasion does not appear on the stage and sends only a substitute and the manager of the show has to explain with regret to his audience that the great artiste is unable to appear being suffering from bronchitis threatening tuberculosis!

You might wonder why the artiste did not consult a physician and get cured! No doubt he must have done so. But we fail to argue that physicians often have difficulties in making their patients realise that a cough, slight as it may appear at first, should never be regarded as harmless, unimportant indisposition. "Threatening tuberculosis" may sound rather ominous but it is a well established fact that most respiratory inflamations can be extension in persons of low resistence, actually attack the fine bronchial tube and finally invade the lungs with disastrous results!

That is why every cough is potentially dangerous and must be kept under control in every case. For doing this the ideal medicine that has world-wide reputation is Sirolin "Roche" only a boon to the despaired sufferer from any complication of the lungs; a faithful friend of the young and the old who wish to avail of its help for curing colds and coughs and even early tuberculosis. A leading doctor says:—"My advice is that a patient who shows sigls of early T. B. should immediately resort to Sirolin "Roche," which I know from personal experience can cure these early signs of Phtthisis."

FOREIGN COTTON MARKETS

Bombay Buying Aids Advance

Trade Buying Near Months

Sale Of Loan Cotton

TOTAL HOLDINGS OF POOL COTTON

BOMBAY, April 20.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market opened firm on higher Liverpool advices and advanced further on absence of rain in drought section and trade buying. Bombay buying aided an advance in cotton prices the weekly weather forecast indicates very late showers on Tuesday in the Eastern portion on the West Gulf States.

The New York cotton market opened at a rise of 2 points with July 11.12 but the opening improvement was lost on scattered selling. Later on Bombay and trade buying improved prices and a rise of 5 points was established with July 11.15 which was the highest level for the day. The market closed at a net rise of 7 to one point. Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 11.81c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices were raised by 7 points at 11.62c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with July 6.02. There was scattered liquidation in near positions and Bombay buying in distant months. Later on there was some trade calling and scattered buying in sympathy with unfavourable weather. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 6.61d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East India Cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. At the close May was quoted 5.17, July 5.15 and October 5.13.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton markets were irregular. Sakels closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 3 points and Uppers closed one to five points higher.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

In the absence of any important business prices in the Alexandria cotton market fluctuated irregularly. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 4 points to a rise of one point while Ashmouni futures were unchanged to one point down.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

The moderate advance early in the week was checked by scattered liquidation on reports of clearing weather in the Eastern belt and showers in a number of stations in Texas and Oklahoma, which it was felt might have assisted germination in some sections.

Prices of old crop months were sustained by the continued tight spot situation.

The commodity credit corporation has mailed forms for use in re-possessing the loan cotton and sales of about 5,000 bales of the twelve cent. loan cotton were privately reported in Memphis.

Traders are still awaiting more definite indications regarding the urgency and the extent of the demand for this cotton, the movement of which is expected to result in more hedging and price fixing of futures.

The Pool's holdings of spot cotton are reported to be 219,000 bales and those of futures at 642,000 includnig 200,000 bales of May contracts.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. July Highest (11-42 a.m.)	11.13+05
N. Y. July Lowest (10-6 a.m.)	11.10
Liverpool July Highest	6.03+02
Liverpool July Lowest	6.01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Rains to date insufficient to relieve drought in West. Think purchases of distant positions will prove profitable.

New York.—Forecast of dry weather in the West offset by favourable weather in East. No pressure to sell may.

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, April 20

71 Motiram Vaghji Bhilwara 177 1/4
125 B Mavji Katol 205 3/4
125 Samji Karamshi Akot 6 on
100 Volkart Bros Surat 48 on
135 Arjun Khimji Vambori 2 off
200 Jagan P and Co Miyagaon 7 on
57 Arjun Khimji Dhulia 191
143 Bombay and Co Pandurna 13 on
97 Cotton Agent Sindhurni 6 1/2 off

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, April 20

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	18-4-36.	This year.
Khandesh	604	264,135
Central India	657	238,398
Barsi and Nagar	1,050	141,683
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	32,318
Berar	2,363	287,794
Central Provinces	155	83,043
Total Oomras	4,939	1,047,371
Dholera	3,799	104,785
N W Provinces	...	61,520
Rajputana	306	64,745
Sind-Punjab	724	416,417
Broach	5,674	282,046
Coompta and Dharwar	246	24,527
Westerns Northerns	118	20,434
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	102	9,424
Persian	...	8
American	...	23,106
Egyptian and African	310	148,615
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	462
Total	16,218	2,303,501

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 16th Apri

In full-pressed bales

	18-4-36.	This year.
Europe	1,308	357,114
Japan and China	1,350	860,780
Coast Ports	...	25,321
Up-country by Rail	...	137,478
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	39,796
Total	2,658	1,420,489

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 20.

Bengal Superfine	171/173
Bengal Fine	168/169
Bengal F.G.	165/166
C. P. 1 Fine	204/205
C. P. 2 Fine	199/200
Arvi Fine	200/201
Ellichpur Fine	198/199
Berar Fine	194/195
Khamgaon Fine	195/196
Mulkapur Fine	191/193
Khandesh Fine	191/193
Jalna/Sailu Fine	193/194
Gurwah Sanavad Fine	195/197
Mathia Fine	181/184
Dhollera Fine	203/205
Broach Fine	208/215
Punjab/American	208/218
Sindh-American	208/218
Cambodia	263/268
Compta Good	233/236
Westerns	213/223
Miraj	208/213
Kampala	336/338
Busoga	333/335
Manza	308/313
Jagadia Ankleshwar	238/243
Surat	248/251
Navsari	253/255

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M G—				
Bengal U P ...	174	170	165	162
Punjab ...	174	170	165	162
Rajputana ...	...	...	...	...
Oomra No. 3	199	196	193	190
C P No. 1	213	210	207	204
C P No. 2	205	202	199	196
Broach No. 2 ...	212	209	206	202
Punjab-Ame ...	224	221	218	214
Surat ...	249	246	243	239
Rajpipla ...	244	241	238	234
Navsari ...	256	253	250	246

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

P P Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 18-4-36	6649000	4139000
Receipts yesterday 18-4-36	15000	2000
Exports to date 18-4-36	5279000	3331000
Stock at Ports 17-4-36	1853000	2106000
Stock at Interior Towns 17-4-36	1943000	1447000
Stock at Liverpool 17-4-36	724000	749000
Visible Supply 17-4-36	5179000	4986000
Quantity in sight 17-4-36	11446000	7460000
Quantity out of sight 17-4-36	9973000	7782000

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 20.

	Cwts.
Wheat	1,680
Linseed	38,627
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	42
Gingellyseed	862
Poppyseed	24
Groundnuts	11,354
Castorseed	3,022
Rice	31,802
Myrabollams	190
Cottonseed	17,179
Mowraseed	573
Gram	2,374
Joowar	2,405
Bajree	758
	Tons.
Coal	3,991

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, April 18.

July	2.80
September	2.80
December	2.73+02
January	2.75

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 20.

Following a rise of 4 points in New York cotton futures market, the local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 205 for Broach J/A. delivery and advanced to Rs. 206 on active buying by professional operators and covering by shorts. Later on there was some long liquidation which depressed prices to Rs. 205/8. The tone of the market was firm. Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point but later on was quoted unchanged which influenced scattered liquidation in the local market. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	203 4 0
Broach J/A	204 12 0
Oomra May	188 8 0
Oomra July	187 12 0
Bengal May	162 8 0
Bengal July	159 12 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 18.

Broach A/M. Op. 200 3/4; Highest 203; Lowest 200 3/4; Closing 202 1/4.

Broach J/A. Op. 202 1/4; Highest 204 1/2; Lowest 202 1/4; Closing 204 1/4

Oomra May Op. 188 1/4; Highest 189 1/4; Lowest 188 1/4; Closing 188 1/2.

Oomra July Op. 187; Highest 188 1/4; Lowest 187; Closing 187 1/2

Bengal May Op. 160 1/2; Highest 163; Lowest 160 1/2; Closing 162 1/2.

Bengal July Op. 158 3/4; Highest 160 1/2; Lowest 158 3/4; Closing 159 1/2.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 11 1/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-4-36) Rs. 2 1/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-5-36) Rs. 6 1/4

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

May 130 July 127 Oct. 132 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/8.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 202—Liverpool May 6.20 Rs. 68 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach July/Aug. 204—Liverpool July 6.03 Rs. 58 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 202—New York May 11.46 Rs. 55 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/8.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach July/Aug. 204—New York July 11.14 Rs. 46 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/8.

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, April 20.

	To-day	Total.
Broach A/M.	100	3,050

BOMBAY METALS.

Bombay, April 20

Yellow Metal Sheets	33 4 0
Copper Sheets	39 4 0

Tone:—Firm.

Traders Hold Aloof On N. Y. Stock Exchange

New York, April 17.

"Irregularity seen for most of the days of this week with the daily volume of business small was due to traders holding off and awaiting the outcome of European political moves, while any tendency to advance was usually met by profit-taking. A bright spot of the week's trading was coppers which generally resisted the pressure on the strength of the metal and the recent heavy sales due to a talk of a further advance in the copper price in the nerr future—Reuter."

COTTON SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION

World Cotton production estimate for 1935 to 1936 by Agricultural Department remains unchanged at 26,000,000 bales despite a slight reduction expected in the American output. Estimate of world consumption indicates a record breaking figure of 27,000,000 bales compared with the previous maximum of 25,000,000 bales.

EXCITEMENT IN SILVER

Bombay, April 20.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern State:—

Much excitement over the impending negotiations between China and the U. S. A. Treasury caused heavy speculative buying and prices rose to Rs. 52/7. Later however, London cables reported that the Chinese Government and also, the Continent were heavy sellers and this resulted in a sharp setback. Reuter's cables from London state the Indian speculative position is now estimated from 15 to 20 million ounces and apart from some purchases for shipment to India, it is opined that few genuine buyers are about. Since speculative demand has been met with genuine selling, it is suggested that the bull position may well be vulnerable. Authoritative opinion is sceptical as regards the changes of the Sino-American discussions resulting in the return of China to the silver standard at the present level, considering that the highest price at which she could re-purchase the necessary silver will be 17 1/2d.

RELEASE OF LOAN COTTON.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable from Liverpool:—

Cotton.—"Rain in the South-West insufficient but we favour sales due to the release Government cotton this week."

Wheat.—"Under influence American weather but Liverpool held in check by Canadian offerings."

Copper.—"Due possible further curtailment looks higher possibly in neighbourhood forty pounds."

Rubber.—"Still have favourable opinion."

Summer Time.—Is now in force in Gt. Britain and will commence in America on Sunday next 26th instant.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Heavy Withdrawals Of Gold

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., have issued the following weekly report dated 1st April:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £200,614,555 on the 25th March as compared with £200,613,184 on the previous Wednesday.

Purchases of bar gold announced by the Bank during the week amounted to £235,025.

In the open market about £1,650,000 of bar gold was disposed of at the daily fixing. Business has been active and owing to the general uncertainty the price of gold has been kept at a good premium over gold exchange parities; however, as the dollar appreciated in terms of other gold currencies, the premium over dollar parity lessened considerably and varied during the week from about 3d (the lowest since January last) to 9d; the premium over franc parity varied from about 9d to 1s.

Nervousness regarding the franc has abated somewhat following a reassuring statement made by the French Finance Minister, but there were heavy withdrawals of gold from the Bank of France for Belgium and elsewhere.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from mid-day on the 23rd March to mid-day on the 30th March:—

IMPORTS.

British South Africa	£1,187,746
British India	79,473
Australia	197,538
New Zealand	8,652
Canada	125,000
U. S. A.	37,686
Venezuela	25,521
Nicaragua	8,941
Netherlands	30,256
Belgium	20,306
France	482,167
Switzerland	11,293
Other countries	14,830
	£2,229,409

EXPORTS.

British India	£ 3,375
Netherlands	1,001,846
France	317,505
Norway	11,300
Belgium	1,125
Morocco	2,000
Other countries	803
	£1,337,953

The s.s. "Mooltan" which sailed from Bombay on March 28 carries gold to the value of about £380,000 consigned to London.

The Southern Rhodesian gold output for February 1936 amounted to 62,838 fine ounces, as compared with 66,178 fine ounces for January 1936 and 54,785 fine ounces for February 1935.

SILVER.

The level of 20.3/16d and 20.1/8d. for the respective deliveries to which prices advanced on March 25 was not maintained as buyers did not follow the rise, and, during the week under review, there was a gradual decline, 19.13/16d for both deliveries being quoted yesterday. There was, however, a recovery of 1/8d to 19.15/16d to-day.

Sales on China account were less in evidence but there was a little selling from the Continent and the Indian Bazaars made re-sales, the latter quarter made further purchases for prompt shipment and speculators have also bought and sold.

Conditions have remained quiet and although the outlook remains obscure, the tendency may be steadier at, or slightly below, the present level.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 23rd March to mid-day on the 30th March:

IMPORTS.

British India	£ 14,500
Germany	11,345
Belgium	11,672
France	11,732
Other countries.	2,252
	£ 51,501

EXPORTS.

British India	£144,554
Canada	1,060
Sweden	1,700
France	2,570
Portugal	1,505
Egypt	1,950
Liberia	1,000
Other countries	1,607
	£155,946

IN NEW YORK.

(per ounce .999 fine.)

March 25th—31st inclusive 45 cents.

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from March 26th to April 1st was dollar 4.96 1/4 and the lowest dollar 4.84 1/8.

Statistics for the month of March:—

Bar Silver per oz. std.,

	Cash delivery.
Highest price	20.3/16d.
Lowest price	19.1/16d.
Average	19.6635d.
	Two months' delivery.
Highest price	20.1/8d
Lowest price	18.15/16d.
Average	19.5697d.

BAR GOLD.

	per oz. fine.
Highest price	141s/1.1/2d.
Lowest price	140s/8d.
Average	140s/11.81d.

PIECEGOODS & YARN

Bombay, April 17

PIECEGOODS

Grey, Unbleached—

	Rs. a. p. Per lb.
Longcloth (Standard Quality)	0 9 7
Longcloth (Fine Quality)	0 14 5
Shirtings	0 9 3
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	0 8 10
Leopard Cloth	0 9 3
Dhoties (upto 1/2" nakhi Border)	0 9 8
Dhoties (Calcutta, 5/8" P.B.)	0 14 2
Drills	0 8 3
Domestics	0 8 0
Domestics	0 8 1
Salita	not quoted.
Chadars	not quoted.
White Bleached—	Per piece
Longcloth	9 14 0

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 20.

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D April Dec.	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	271 1/8
Banks selling T T	269 1/8
Banks buying T T	266 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	562
Banks buying T T	572
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 7/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	54 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/2
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 18th instant	4.94
Japan/London 20th instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 20th instant	7.24 3/4
Hongkong/London 20th instant	1/3 15/16
Shanghai/London 20th instant	1/2 1/2
London/Paris 18th instant	74.90
London/Belgium 18th instant	29.19 1/2
London/Switzerland 18th instant	15.15 1/2
London/Berlin 18th instant	12.28
London/Stockholm 18th instant	19.80 1/2
London/New York 18th instant	4.94 1/16
London/Amsterdam 18th instant	7.28 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold 17th instant	£7-0-10
Gold 18th instant	£7-0-10 1/2
Silver London Ready 17th instant	20 3/4

SHARE BAZAR JUBILEE

The local Share Bazar will remain entirely closed on Friday the 24th inst. to celebrate the Golden Jubilee of the Stock Exchange.

18th instant	20 7/8
Silver London Forward	
17th instant	20 13/16
18th instant	20 7/8
Silver New York Ready	
17th instant	45 1/2
18th instant	45
London Discounts 3 mos	
17th instant	9/16 p.c.
18th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos	
17th instant	11/16 p.c.
18th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

BANK OF ENGLAND'S NEW DIRECTORS

LONDON.

Three new Directors of the Bank of England have been elected. The remaining 21 who were elected have all held the post before.

The new Governors are Mr. Dallas Gerald Marcer Bernard, Mr. Laurence John Cadbury and Mr. John Coldbrook Hanbury-Williams.

Mr. Bernard, who is 47 is a Director of Matheson and Co., Ltd., Alliance Assurance Co., Ltd., and British and Chinese Corporation, Ltd. He is also a member of the London Committee of Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Mr. Cadbury is Managing Director of Cadbury Brothers, Ltd., and Chairman of "Daily News", Ltd. He, also, is 47.

Mr. J. C. Hanbury-Williams, who is 41, is the son of Major-General Sir John Hanbury-Williams.

The new Directors have been elected following the retirement of Sir Ernest Harvey (Deputy Governor) and Mr. R. L. Newman and the death of Sir Basil Blackett.

Sir Ernest Harvey's position as Deputy Governor has been filled by the election of Mr. B. G. Catterns, a Director.—Reuter.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, April 20.

Java ready	13 9 6
March shipment	4 5 0
April June shipment	4 4 0
July September shipment	4 4 0
Ready Kesar	13 8 0
Ready Saraya	13 5 6
Spot Java	F.3.90

Drill	8 1 9
Yarn—	Per lb.
4s (All Waste)	not quoted
6½s (All Waste)	not quoted
8½s	0 5 2
10½s	0 5 7
12½s	0 5 11
16s	0 6 9
20s	0 7 6
24s	0 8 1
32s	0 9 8
40s	not quoted.
60s	1 15 10
80s	1 5 0

Bundi Shares Look Up

LOW PRICES ATTRACT BUYING IN STEELS

Cotton Mill Shares Steady

Bombay, April 20.

The local share Bazar was fairly steady with an active enquiry for cement shares. There was very good demand for Bundi shares which recorded a sharp rise. It is believed that on a dividend prospect of about Rs. 2/ these shares are likely to improve further to about Rs. 40/ Indian Cements were also very steady.

During the early part of the session there was some selling in Tata Steel shares which depressed Dfds. to Rs. 518 and ordinary shares were marked down to Rs. 147/4. At these low levels there was fairly active buying which improved Dfds. to Rs. 525 while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 148/4.

Cotton Mill shares were also steady with a moderate enquiry. The undertone of the market was good and sellers were cautious.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, April 20.

100	Ahm. Advance	276 4
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	682 8
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	163 2
100	Central India	219 6
100	Colaba	117 8
100	Coorla	80 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	290 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-2-6
100	Finlay	110 0
100	Gokak	158 2
1000	Hindustan	1,575 0
100	Indore	60 10
100	Khatau	55 0
100	Kohinoor	183 12
250	Laxmi	575 0
100	Madhavji	5 4
250	Madras United	40 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, April 20.

Century 160 163
Bom. Dyeing 682 680 683 682
Kohinoor 183 181 183/12
Central India 219 218 219
New Great 100 101/4
Simplex 61 66 65/10
Swadeshi 157 158 160 159/6
Bundi 36/4 36/8 36/8 36/12 37 36/14
I. Cement 463 462 464
Punjab 24/13 24/15 24/14
Shahabad 482 480 481
Andhra 1560 1557 1562 1560
Tata Hydro 159/11 160
Tata Power 1493 1480 1481 1490 1487 1490
Tram. Ord. 157/3
T. Steel Dfd. 516 518 524 522 525 523/12
T. Steel Ord. 148 147/4 148/4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 170/4
Ballapur 162 161 163/2
B. Steam 272 273/2
B. Burma 391 386 390 387 390

1000	Morarji	700 0
250	Modern	45 0
50	Mysore	85 10
200	New Great	101 4
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	250 0
25	Sassoon Silk	39 8
1000	Sholapur	1950 0
50	Simplex	65 10
100	Swadeshi	159 6
100	Swan	78 12
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1,140 0
1000	Western	652 8
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	105 4
25-50	Central	32 6
500	Imperial	1532 8
125-500	Im. Conty.	380 0
50-100	India	129 0
100	Reserve Bank	130 0
5	Union	5 8
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	36 14
70	Gwalior	118 12
160	Indian	464 6
40	Katni Def.	2145 0
100	Katni Ord.	366 4
75	Okha	261 14
10	Punjab	24 14
100	Shahabad	481 4
70	United	123 8
	INSURANCE.	
10-100	Jupiter	11 12
15-75	New India	41 4
200	Oriental	5050 0
10-100	Vulcan	6 15
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	160 0
1000	Andhra Valley	1560 0
10	Ajmer	13 4
50	Bombay Tram	157 3
100	Bombay Suburban	175 0
10	Broach	11 10
100	Karachi	220 0
100	Poona	225 0
100	Surat	185 0
100	Tata Hydro	160 0
1000	Tata Power	1490 0
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	385 4
100	C. Province	97 4
100	Dhond Baramati	100 0
100	Gujarat	78 12
100	Mandra Bhon	99 8
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Sirajgunje	94 8
500	Tapty Valley	760 0
	MININGS.	
10	Shivrajpur	29 12
30	Tata Steel Def.	523 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	148 4
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
100	Alcock	192 8
50	Belapur Sugar	163 2
250	Bombay Steam	273 2
125	Bombay Burma	390 0
50	Bombay Burma Con	135 0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	6-2-6
50	Bombay Telephone	106 8
100	Indian Bleaching	108 12
100	Indian Radio Def.	496 4
100	Ind. Radio Ord.	483 12
1000	Port Canning	167 8
15	Scindia	15 2
30	Premier Construction	76 8
25	Tata Oil	14 12
	PREFERENCE	
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1437 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	298 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	86 12
5	p.c. Central India	523 12
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7	1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	146 4
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1515 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	191 4
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	170 4
5	1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	9 3
7	p.c. Vishnu	667 6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 20.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98/3
98/2/0
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement 98/0
3 per cent 1941 104/4
3 per cent 1951/54 103/13
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 106/15
4 per cent 1943 110/12
4 per cent 1960/70 113/11
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/8
5 per cent 1939/44 108/12
5 per cent 1940/43 111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/6
TAX-FREE
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan 120/3
4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore 110/6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 122-8
5 1/2 per cent 1968 Mysore 108/14
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).
4 per cent B P T 1947 108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107
5 per cent M Deb 1959 116/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 129/8
3 1/2 per cent B P T 1937 104/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 98/2 and closed at Rs 98/3.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, April 20.

The local silver market opened very steady to-day at Rs. 52 and advanced to Rs. 52/4 on active buying by outsiders. Later on shroffs were reported realising profits on a portion of their low priced purchases and prices declined to Rs. 51/14. The undertone of the market was good and the general feeling is bullish.

The gold market was steady with fair turnover.

Shanghai T.T. on London was quoted to-day 1/2 1/2.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	51 14 0
Vaishakh delivery	51 14 0
Jeth delivery	52 0 0
Ready gold	34 12 9
Vaishakh delivery	34 13 6
Jeth delivery	34 12 9

MONTREAL SILVER

Montreal, April 18.

May	46.50+19
July	47.25+35
September	47.65+75

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 17th April	22,000
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	2,187,283
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,722,078
Increase	465,205

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 18.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power and Light 5 p.c. P.A.	43
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P	35
Consolidated Gas	32
United Light and Power	6
American Tel and Tel.	165
Western Union Telg.	85 1/4
Radio Corp.	12
New York Central	50
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	20
Union Pacific R. R.	120
Bethelehem Steel	55
United States Steel	68 1/4
Imp. Jap. Govt. 6 1/2 p.c. 1954	95
Imp. Jap. Govt. 5 1/2 p.c. 1965	80
Kingdom of Den. 6 p.c. 1942	103
Tokyo Elec. Light 6 p.c. 1953	79
Anaconda Copper Mining	38 1/4
General Motor	67 1/4
Int. Cement	46
St. Oil of N. J.	64
Plymouth Oil	16
Socony	14 1/2
National Dairy	23
Chase Bank	37 1/2
National City Bank	34
Amr. Celanese	26
Sun Life of Canada	525
Int. Nickel of Canada	48 1/2
American Smelting	79
North Amr Com.	27
Canadian Pacific R. R.	13
Com Wealth Aust. 4 1/2 p.c. 1956	101
Can. Nat. Rly. 5 p.c. 1969	116
Can Nat. Rly. 4 1/2 p.c. 1956	113
Kingdom of Nor. 6 p.c. 1944	107

Market outlook somewhat improved. Total Business:—3/4 million.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1936

Subhas Bose's Trial And Govt's Fears

Police Chief's "No" To Mayor's Offer

TAXI STRIKE TO CONTINUE?

Government Loses Rs. 45,000 On Petrol Tax In 20 Days Of Strike ...

BOMBAY: Monday.

"No useful purpose will be served," said the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, turning down the proposal of the Mayor, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, and a number of Municipal Corporators that they should have a conference with the Commissioner, over the taxi-dispute, which has been in progress for the last 20 days, commencing on 1st April, 1936.

The Commissioner had already rejected the figures of the Taxi-drivers' Union, because they would not tally with the figures of "experts".

The offer of the Mayor, to negotiate with a view to bring about a settlement in the dispute, has thus been turned down unceremoniously.

On the side of the taxi-drivers are the sympathies of the Municipal Corporation, as could be gauged from the proceedings of an urgent informal meeting held last Wednesday, of the public, and the Motor Traders' Association, which can speak with authority on matters pertaining to the motor trade.

Thus has the position crystallised after twenty days of the close-down of the trade.

Loss Of Revenue

Some taxis have been registered according to the tariff of 6 annas a mile, but few are seen in the streets, and they are almost empty for a major part of the day. There is also the psychological factor. Few people are willing to step into a "blackleg" taxi, in the present situation.

The petrol trade has been vitally affected, and the loss to the State in Excise duty on petrol has been so far considerable.

Taking the Police Commissioner's estimate of the mileage covered by a taxi, namely 12,000 miles a year of 10 months, the petrol consumed by the 900 and more taxis in the city, during the period of close-down, would yield to the State, an estimated revenue of Rs. 45,000.

The decision of the Police resulting in the present deadlock, has cost the Central Government nearly Rs. 45,000 so far, and this loss will increase, if the situation continues unaltered, and this without taking into account the loss of taxation, if the taxis do not come up for registration.

Public Meetings.

Meanwhile, meetings are being held in several wards of the city. Last night a meeting was held at Tambakanta, Bhuleshwar, and to-night, a meeting is to be held in the G Ward. The A Ward Congress Committee is also to hold a public meeting in a day or two.

The Municipal Corporation is to meet on Thursday, to consider the situation in the city, and will no doubt be in a position to arrive at a decision, in view of the reply of the Commissioner of Police.

BOYCOTT 6-ANNA TAXIS

On behalf of the Council of Action Mr. Jhabvala, the Hon. Secretary of the Taxi Drivers' Union, sends the following communication:—

"The Taxi strike is now on. The Police Commissioner is adamant and does not concede to the reasonable demand of the Taxi drivers for a Four Annas rate. The public of Bombay desire to have a Four Annas rate.

On this issue the taxi drivers are now out for no less than 17 days. In fact these men are fighting the battle of the public and it is up to the public to stand firmly by the Taxi Drivers' demand and to assist them and the Union in the best possible manner.

The assistance which the public of Bombay can immediately give is that they should not encourage black-legging by plying for hire in Taxis which are just now on the streets of Bombay, however few they may be.

Again these black-legs are assisting the Police to-day by foisting the Six anna basis upon the public of Bombay. The whole position is this that those who get their cars passed—and that they are at the worst about 50 or 60 are instrumental in depriving the public of 2 annas per each mile; while those are just now fighting the battle of four annas are suffering on behalf of the public.

The public of Bombay, therefore, are earnestly requested not to patronage any of these black-legs till the question is finally settled which is only a question of time. Any patronage extended to the 6 annas meter means protection of the present agony to the Taxi-men and trouble to the travelling public of Bombay. The Council of Action expects the public of Bombay to do their duty by the taxi men of Bombay.

KARACHI TAXI DRIVERS GO ON STRIKE

Insurance Policies To Cover Third Party Risks Not Favoured

KARACHI April 17

The taxi-drivers' strike which was for some time in the air in the city was on in right earnest yesterday morning. Incidentally, it is for the first time that taxi-drivers many of whom own their own cars are on strike.

The cause which has led to the strike is that the police authorities insisted on their taking insurance policies to cover third party risks, to which the drivers through their Union objected, on the ground that it was a needless burden upon them in these hard times, contending that no taxi has been involved in a serious road accident in the City.

With the exception of a few cars belonging to a taxi company, most of the city's taxis joined in the strike, or at least did not ply and taxi stands were deserted or occupied by gharries which plied a roaring trade.

The taxi-driver's demonstration of the strike took the form of the lining up of the cars on strike at the Idgah Maidan which presented an animated appearance from early morning till ten at night, with over a hundred cars lined up in three long rows and the drivers aimlessly hanging about and discussing among themselves the problems of their trade.

The President of the taxi-driver's Union, Mr. M. H. Gazdar, has addressed a letter to the District Magistrate, Karachi informing him of the resolution of the Union to strike work and requesting him to intervene and redress the grievances of the taxi-drivers and to make it possible for him (Mr. Gazdar) to call on him to place before him the view point of the drivers.

A copy of this letter has been sent to the Chief Secretary to the Government and to the District Superintendent of Police Karachi.

In the evening, the drivers held a meeting in the Idgah, Mr. Jabbar, Secretary of the Union presiding.

Messrs. Khalik, Mr. Abdul Kadar and others made speeches and several resolutions were adopted, including one, appealing to the public and specially the Buyers' and Shippers' Chamber to take up a sympathetic attitude towards the taxidrivers and another, informing the municipal authorities that as the taxi-drivers have stopped work, they would not be able to pay municipal road taxes. —"Sind Observer."

Col. K. V. Kukday, Treasurer of the Nagpur University has been appointed acting Vice-Chancellor during the absence of Dr. Sir Hari Singh Gour who has gone to England.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION WILL BE DRIED UP!

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

In connection with the I. L. P. deputation headed by Mr. James Maxton, M.P., which waited on Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for India, about Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose's detention, the Parliamentary correspondent of the "United Press" understands that in the course of the interview Mr. Butler informed the deputationists that Government had in their possession a pile of evidence against Mr. Bose but they could not bring him into a court for trial because in that case, all the sources of information about revolutionary organizations would soon be dried up.

"UN-BRITISH SYSTEM OF IMPRISONMENT."

It is further understood that Mr. Maxton and his colleagues made it clear to the Under-Secretary that his explanations were unable to satisfy them and they would raise the matter in due course again. Meanwhile, the Independent Labour Party Conference, which is meeting this week-end, will express its indignation at the action of the Government and an intense agitation will be started to rouse the British public against what the party considers to be an un-British system of imprisonment. The campaign will be entrusted to a committee which will have members from all parties and all walks of life.—United Press.

ALIGARH AND SUBHAS BOSE

Dr. Ziauddin Contradicts Report Of "Socialist Party" Resolution

NEW DELHI, April 19.

Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed, Vice-Chancellor of the Aligarh Muslim University has issued the following statement:—

Publicity is given in some papers that a Socialist Radical party exists in the Aligarh Muslim University and it passed a resolution disapproving the repressive policy of the Government as exhibited in the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

No such party exists in the name of Socialist Radical Party and no such resolution was passed. The name of Mohamed Ahmad which is mentioned in some papers as the Secretary of this party is a fictitious one. Mahomed Ahmad is a very common name among the Mussalmans and there are two students of this name in the University, but none of them had any knowledge of such party.

The information given in some papers is absolutely wrong and is coined by an unknown correspondent of some paper.—United Press.

JAWAHARLAL FOR NAGPUR

To Attend Hindi Sammelan Conference

ALLAHABAD, April 20.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will be leaving Allahabad on April 23, for Nagpur to attend the Hindi Sammelan Conference. From Nagpur he will proceed to Wardha for the Working Committee meeting.

Dr. Syed Mahmud, arrived in Allahabad this morning and is expected to remain here for two days. He will be staying with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—United Press.

To Train Congress Volunteers And Workers

ALLAHABAD, April 20.

The Congress leaders are planning to open a Provincial Centre at Allahabad for training Congress volunteers and workers.

The scheme involves a training period of four weeks under the able command of men in the line. —United Press.

FUTURE OF INDIAN ARMY

NAGPUR, April 20.

"For India as a whole and for the future of the army in India a system of sound education aiming at the development of character without over-emphasis of book-learning is what is needed," observes General Sir Robert Cassels, Commander-in-Chief, writing to Doctor Moonje.

His Excellency expressed pleasure at the progress made in the organisation of the Bhonsle Military School and has donated Rs. 100 as an encouragement. He further assures Dr. Moonje that the army authorities may be able to provide him with considerable assistance by way of advice as to the curriculum or by recommending experienced ex-army men as instructors of physical training or even occasionally by training such instructors for the school.

H. H. Maharaja Sir Tukojeerao and Maharanee Sharmisthadevi Holkar donated Rs. 100 each for the school.—A.P.

Doctors And Elections

ALLAHABAD, April 20.

help doctors to register themCongress authorities here have begun widespread campaign to selves under the new Franchise to be voters in the coming Assembly and Council elections.—United Press.

Protest Against Subhas' Arrest

(From A Correspondent).

WUN (By Mail.)

Flag salutations were held at Wun, Yeotmal, Pusad and Darwha in Yeotmal District under the leadership of Mr. Nanasaheb Karandikar President of the District Congress Committee.

Two meeting at Wun and a meeting each Darwda and Pusad were addressed by Mr. Karandiker to protest against the arrest and detention of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Corporation's Tribute To Nariman

WORKED FOR CITY'S POOR

He Maintained Tradition Of Illustrious Mayors, Says Jamnadas Mehta

"The Corporation desire to convey their best thanks to Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman, for the very valuable services rendered by him as the Mayor of Bombay, for the year 1935-36 and place on record their high appreciation of the zeal, ability, courtesy and tact with which he discharged the onerous duties of his office."

In the above words the Bombay Municipal Corporation paid its tribute to the retiring Mayor in which members of different shades of opinion heartily joined.

Executive's Tributes

The Municipal Commissioner too thanked Mr. Nariman for the assistance he gave to the Municipal Executive during the term of his office as Mayor.

Mr. Mardy Jones, (Labour) Member of Parliament was in the Corporation Hall and sat for over two hours listening to the encomiums paid to Mr. Nariman.

Mr. Meyer Nissim moved the above resolution and said Mr. Nariman had performed his duties as Mayor with honour and distinction. The greatest achievements of his Mayoralty were his efforts to better the condition of the poor. As Mayor he carried out his duties with great ability, and impartially and to the satisfaction of all. His scheme for the removal of illiteracy in the City was also an outstanding achievement which no other preceding Mayor had undertaken before.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai seconded the proposition and said Mr. Nariman's work, apart from what he did as Mayor, was well-known to them all. Without a copper in his pocket he fought hard with Government and a public utility institution like the Tramway Company with no motive but to serve the public. It was the late Mr. Ali Mahomed Mirza who stated about Mr. Nariman that he was an acquisition to the Corporation. When he was elected Mayor, there was a doubt in certain quarters as to how he would discharge his duties as a Congressman and also as President of the B.P.C.C. But Mr. Nariman held himself above all parties and politics since he came to the Mayoral Chair and did not give a single occasion for partiality. He also co-operated with the Municipal Executive and achieved more than any other Mayor in the past. Mr. Nariman also refused to receive fees as a member of the Standing Committee as he thought he was there for serving the public.

KEYNOTE OF SUCCESS.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin supported the proposition and said the keynote of the success of Mr. Nariman was clean hands, clean conscience and non-communal feeling. Mr. Nariman was responsible in putting a stop to the corruption in certain departments of the municipality.

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole further supporting the proposition referred to Mr. Nariman's services in the cause of birth-control.

Sir P. C. Sethna associated himself with the previous speakers and said as soon as Mr. Nariman occupied the chair he gave assurance that he would treat all alike. He lived up to that assurance. His work as Mayor was also exemplary. In the last 61 years of the municipal Corporation they had many presidents and mayors. If they were asked to single out only six ablest mayors or presidents, he had not the least doubt that Mr. Nariman's name would be included the list of the six successful mayors or presidents.

Mr. S. K. Patil said the life of Mr. Nariman was an object lesson. He always discharged his duties keeping himself above caucuses, personal conviction or parties. Mr. Nariman would have achieved many things but for the short term of one year which did not leave much for him to work out his plans.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia complimenting Mr. Nariman said "Well done Nariman."

COMPLIMENT TO CONGRESS.

Mr. I. S. Patel thought that the compliment to Mr. Nariman was a compliment to the Congress.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala eulogising Mr. Nariman's successful tenure of Mayoralty pointed out that when Congressmen accept offices they would do constructive work like Mr. Nariman and lead the country on the path of peace and prosperity.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumjee expressed a hope that Mr. Sabawala would join the Congress and learn many good things.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle, Mr. R. F. Munshi, Mr. Cooverji Shah, Mr. M. A. Karanjawala and Mr. Govindlal Shivlal also supported the resolution.

EXECUTIVE'S TRIBUTE.

The Municipal Commissioner on behalf of himself and the municipal staff heartily associated himself with the resolution. It was a great pleasure, he said to work with Mr. Nariman. Mr. Clee, the Acting Commissioner, had also the same opinion. It was stated that the Mayor was muzzled but he could hinder or help the Commissioner and he was glad to say that Mr. Nariman had always been of great assistance to him.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor, paying his tribute to the retiring Mayor said there were many illustrious men in the chair in the past like the late Sir P. M. Mehta, Sir D. E. Wacha, Mr. V. J. Patel and Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, who was still alive, said he was glad Mr. Nariman had maintained their great tradition.

Mr. Nariman had taken up the Herculean task of removing slums and illiteracy and he was glad to say that though it may take some years, a beginning had been made. He hoped the work which was be-

(Continued on Page 9.)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Traitor's Gate*

HOPE, YOU WAIT HERE--
I WON'T-- I WANT TO HELP FIND DICK!—
LET HER COME, COLONEL ---WE'VE NO TIME TO ARGUE!
MEANWHILE---TIGER LEADS HIS MEN INTO THE HIDE-OUT----
WHAT GOOD'S A HIDE-OUT, TIGER? WE GOTTA GET THESE JEWELS OUT OF ENGLAND!
WAIT UNTIL YOU SEE WHAT'S BEHIND THAT DOOR!
A COMPLETE PLANT FOR MELTING DOWN SETTINGS AND CUTTING JEWELS!---IV'E HAD IT READY FOR WEEKS!---
BEFORE THE POLICE CATCH UP WITH US, THE CROWN JEWELS WILL BE A LOT OF SMALL STONES AND MELTED GOLD!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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